The New-York Times.

VOL. XVIII.......NO. 5496. NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 1869. PRICE FOUR CENTS.

CUBAN INDEPENDENCE

Large Meeting at Cooper Institute Last Evening.

Belligerent Rights Demanded for the Cubans.

Rumored Sailing of an Expedition Yesterday.

Last evening, in response to a call signed by Mayor HALL, Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER, WILLIAM C. BRYANT, CHARLES A. DANA, and others, a large assemblage gathered in Cooper Institute, to listen to addresses in favor of aiding the Cubans to throw off the Spanish yoke and organize an independent Government. Outside the hall a couple of speakers' stands were erected, gaily decorated with the Stars and Stripes and the Cuban revolutionary colors. A very loud brass band supplied the music, and any number of rockets and blue lights were displayed. The interior of the hall was decorated with evergreens, wreaths of artificial flowers, the flags of various nations, the revolutionary colors, and portraits of WASHINGTON, GRANT and TAYLOR. The assemblage, though large, was of very amiscellaneous character, the majority of those present certainly not belonging to the intelligent classes.

About 8 P. M. the meeting was called to order and Mr. CHAS. A. DANA was nominated as chairman. Mr. DANA, having taken the chair amid applause, the following resolutions were read by Mr. BUCK:

As citizens of New-York, without distinction of party, we have assembled to make declaration of our opinions in relation to the Cuban revolution for freedom and independence.

The Cubans possess territory, population and resources sufficient to enable them, if independent, to discharge all domestic and international obligations which devolve on every State. For generations they have been a helpless dependency on Spanish monarchs, by whom they have been despoiled of their treasure and denied every vestige of political liberty. Whenever their aspirations for freedom have been awakened by the example of our country, Spain has strangled them in blood. A few months ago the Spaniards revolutionized their own Government, dethroned their Queen, and changed their whole political system. In all this they did not consult or consider the wishes of the Cubans, whom they would still hold as dependents, without any rights, save such as Spanish caprice would concede. Against this the Cuban people have revolted in favor of a Republic, equal political rights, independence in government and freedom for all the population. This patriot revolution, already maintained for many months, will, we believe, result in the establishment of an independent Cuban Republic.

Impelled by these considerations, recognizing our duty to favor the cause of political freedom, and responding to the Cuban appeals for our sympathy, we hereby declare:

First—That we heartily sympathize with the Cuban people in their war for independence, and in the grievances to which they point, we find full justification of their revolution. [Applause.]

Second—We will support the President in recognizing the Cuban revolutionary Government, [applause,] so as to secure to it the rights of a belligerent nation, and to give heart to a brave people who are struggling for republican institutions, and for those principles of freedom, progress and humanity, the establishment of which will make Cuba a worthy sister Republic of the United States. [Applause.]

The Chairman then introduced Hon. JOHN McKEON as the first speaker.

MR. MCKEON'S SPEECH.

Mr. MCKEON said: "The occasion which has called you together is the present revolution in the Island of Cuba, and you are called upon not only to express your sympathy with that movement, but also to point out to our public agents the policy which ought to be adopted by the Government of the United States. I need not tell you that the contest in Cuba is the death-struggle between the representatives of a foreign despotism in Spain and the natives of the Island of Cuba. Not a grievance enumerated in our Declaration of Independence but exists at the present time in Cuba. And now you are asked to declare your sympathy with the Cubans. I cannot be mistaken when I answer that the heart of the American people beats in unison with the patriots of Cuba, and the voices of the American people will be raised in one grand chorus of support for the cause of Cuban liberty and independence. I propose to examine what our duty as a nation is at the present moment; what are our rights under the laws of nations, and then to say to the world, in the language of President ADAMS, in 1826, to Congress, "that the United States must still, as heretofore, take counsel from their duties rather than their fears." In order to show the deep interest the United States have taken in Cuba, it is only necessary to refer to our diplomatic history. We have assumed that the right of self-protection authorized us to pursue a policy in respect to this island which we would scarcely presume to inforce in relation to any other territory. We have uniformly held the doctrine that no power but Spain should hold the island—a doctrine which is an exception to our general policy, which has been that every nation has a right to dispose of its territories as best may suit its interests. The Cuban is peculiarly an American question, says the distinguished Frenchman who has of late years turned his attention to a history of our institutions with great force. Geographically, "Cuba is America. What reason exists why she should not be so politically?" Now, we would ask, what is her geographical position? The island is almost within sight of Florida, between that State and the peninsula of Yucatan. It is within a few hours' transit from our coast. If the island was under Great Britain, or any great maritime Power, she would command the Gulf of Mexico—she would command and be able to blockade the mouth of the Mississippi. The navigable streams of that portion of the Union which empty through the Mississippi into the Gulf of Mexico, amounting to over 30,000 miles, with a teeming and ever-increasing population—all would be at the mercy of a great maritime Power, having Cuba, with its magnificent harbor of Havana. Cuba lies before us, as has been said in one of our diplomatic papers, a "continued source of annoyance and embarrassment." That the island is ultimately lost to Spain no statesman can for a moment doubt. It is only a question of time. Leaving out of view all other considerations, let us look at the resources of Cuba if relieved from the grinding exactions of the mother country. Of Cuba it can be truly said it is the garden of the world. To-day from its prolific soil more valuable products are raised than in any similar portion of the habitable globe. Sugar, coffee, tobacco, yield immense profits. Her agricultural power is scarcely developed. She is rich in mineral deposits. She possesses an immense line of coast, with the safest of harbors. She has within her own haunts resources which will sustain many millions of inhabitants. She has now but a population of less than 2,000,000, but if her industry was released from the law of taxation by which she is robbed for the sole benefit of the Government at Madrid, that population would increase with a rapidity unexampled in the history of the world. The island is crippled also with a tariff which is peculiarly opposed to our interests. A barrel of flour, if grown anywhere but in Spain, supported by foreigners, pays $9 of an import duty, and so in proportion. Again, no accounts are published of public receipts and expenditures. The Captain-General draws a salary, pays the expenses, and sends to Spain the annual balance, amounting to $25,000,000, besides extraordinary drafts on the treasury of Cuba, "such as the expenses, in the few years past, of the war of St. Domingo, the expedition to Cuba, the establishment of Fernando Po, (where patriots could be exiled,) what Cuba had to pay for without any voice as to the policy. I refer to these matters to show what a mine of wealth the island must be, and the question arises, Shall we see this fair land, with all its great improvements, the result of the industry and capital of the native Cubans, destroyed, and the island fall back probably into the impoverished state of Jamaica or the barbarism of San Domingo? I will be asked what do I propose. My answer is plain and unequivocal. Declare belligerent rights to the Cubans. Give their flag a recognition in our ports. For six months the Cubans have kept in the field an army which has not been put down by Spain with her standing army of 20,000 men, reinforced from time to time from Old Spain. The Cubans have in the field about 47,000 men, and all they want is fair play and equality in the estimation of the nations of the world. What objection can there be to this recognition of belligerent rights? Spain herself, when the civil war broke out between the Northern and Southern States of this Union, recognized the belligerent rights of the South within three months after Fort Sumter was fired upon. Even the present Provisional Government of Spain was acknowledged by our Minister within a few hours after it had driven the Bourbon Queen from her throne. Just as soon as the question could be put by our Minister across the telegraph wires and answered by our Government, the recognition of the present Spanish Government was acknowledged. When LOUIS PHILLIPPE was deposed our Minister immediately recognized the Provisional Government of France. When LOUIS NAPOLEON seized the Imperial power our Government at once recognised him. All we desire is, that the President shall recognize the fact that a civil war exists on the Island of Cuba; also avow a determination to remain neutral between the parties, and to allow to each the same rights of asylum, hospitality and intercourse. If a proclamation of the neutrality of the United States during the present war should be published by our Government, the consequence would be that our country would at once be resorted to for the purchase of articles required by both belligerents. We could sell them everything. During the Crimean war we sold ships to Russia, arms to France and England. In all the European wars the belligerents have resorted to this country of late years, for arms and other supplies. The question now presented to us is, simply, Will we sell to the oppressor and refuse to sell to the oppressed? If such should be the policy of any Administration, I am satisfied it would be soon overwhelmed with the indignation of the American people. While we are hesitating as to what course we should pursue, the news reaches us that England is about to give belligerent rights to the Cubans, and that Mexico has already granted them. We have no authentic information, but supposing the news to be true, what cause of offence could such recognition give to Spain, or any other nation? The policy of England at the present time is to put a stop to this war in Cuba, as it is constantly exposing her to demands by the United States. For every violation of our flag on British waters in the West Indies, we have a right to look to Great Britain in the first place for any damage done American commerce, and she is compelled to look to Spain for indemnity. The case of the *General Armstrong*, sunk in the harbor of Fayal during the war of 1812, has settled the principle that a neutral must look to the sovereign within whose territories a wrong may be done to him, provided he does not take the law into his own hands. Moreover, England is fully aware that we will not permit a surveillance of the seas in the vicinity of the West India Islands. Some years since, when it was intimated that England, France and Spain intended to order fleets to cruise in these waters to intercept vessels carrying contraband goods and men, our Government protested against converting those waters into a *mare clausum*, and the project was abandoned. Every day this Cuban war continues the prospect of trouble with foreign Powers increases. The Government at Washington must act, I will admit, with great caution and circumspection. I am not disposed to add to the difficulties of their position. Yet, who will venture to say to them that no paltry policy of prudence and regard to the wishes of any foreign Power will be weighed in the balance by the American people with what is due to our own interests and our own honor as a nation, while we act within the limits of the laws of the civilized world, and known as the law of nations? The people of America recognize the appeal of a people struggling to be free. It comes from the land where rest enshrined, in the old cathedral of Havana, the ashes of COLUMBUS, who gave a new world to Castile and Leon. Americans will not permit it in silence to be dishonored by the thraldom which degrades the great race on whom COLUMBUS conferred undying glory.

LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR WOODFORD'S SPEECH.

The President then introduced Hon. STEWART L. WOODFORD, who said he came to tell them in sober words their relations and duties to freedom of thought, of government and religion. When the news flashed across the ocean that a revolution was begun in Spain, it became manifest that the hour of Spain's difficulty and Cuba's opportunity had come; and the Cubans stretched their hands across the Gulf and said to America, "We wish to become a part of you." Seven months the struggle, begun by farmers' sons and slaves sympathizing with them, has been going on, until it has developed into an organized revolution and *de facto* Government. To-day the news is that the leaders of the revolt are in full communication throughout the island, with their *de facto* President at their head. The parent State has no more rightful control over a colony after it has grown to a capacity of self-government, than a father has over his son after he becomes a man; and all government under such circumstances should come from within, not from without. That Government deserves to be overthrown which does not protect the citizen in the enjoyment of liberty of person, liberty of speech and freedom of religion and the Press. All these are denied to Cubans by the Spanish Government. The wrongs and oppressions which brought King JOHN to his knees are practiced on the Cubans every day. But what chance have they of succeeding? They have every chance. Spain has now one hand tied behind her back, and the latest news indicates that she will soon have enough to do within her own borders. The Cubans, while seeking to lift the foot of Spain from their necks, exhibit their manly sense of justice by lifting their own feet from the necks of the slave. For this noble consistency they are to be approved, as the judgment of mankind approved the act of the martyred LINCOLN when, in order to save the liberty of this nation, he proclaimed the liberty of the black man. But what have we got to do with it, some may say? We have this to do: Our example is a standing temptation to the oppressed everywhere to strike for liberty, and it is our bounden duty to sustain them to the utmost extent that our obligations to the law of nations will permit. The separation of Cuba from Spain is but a question of time. Shall it be after a long and bloody struggle, or shall it be now? We will at least show fair play, will grant them belligerent rights, and then sell powder to the struggling Creole as well as to the Spanish grandee, except that to the former we shall sell it cheaper.

Governor WOODFORD concluded by asserting that Cuba was geographically a part of the United States necessary to round off our territory, and that inasmuch as the Cuban revolutionary Congress has declared that when their independence is accomplished they will apply for admission to the United States, let us tender her the right hand of welcome to liberty, prosperity, justice and equal rights with us.

Rev. Dr. FRENCH then made a few remarks, in which he paid a high tribute to the personal worth of General QUESADA, generalissimo of the insurgent forces, and read a letter from the General speaking hopefully of the prospects of the Cubans for independence.

Mr. FELLOWES followed in a brief speech, after which the meeting adjourned.

OUTSIDE MEETING.

The outside meeting, which was rather sparsely attended, was called to order by ALGERNON S. SULLIVAN, Mr. A. W. ORR acting as Secretary. Speeches were made by Mr. SULLIVAN, J. MCMASTER, Mr. LEVY, Captain J. B. MCLELLAN, C. A. WATERBURY, and Dr. FRENCH.

Rumored Sailing of an Expedition for Cuba.

Yesterday morning General BARLOW, the new United States Marshal, received information from a reliable source that an expedition left this City for Cuba on Monday night.

He telegraphed at once to the Secretary of State to ascertain what course he should pursue in the matter, but he had not received an answer up to 2 o'clock this afternoon.

The vessel is reported to have left one of the docks on the Jersey shore, and the information communicated about it indicates that it was literally a floating arsenal.

The estimated number of men on board the vessel is three hundred, and each was provided with a rifle and uniform. There was also a large quantity of light clothing taken on board, and provisions were taken sufficient to last during a voyage of one month or six weeks.

It is reported that the vessel on which these men sailed is to meet a steamship off the New-Jersey coast, by which they will be landed in Cuba. General THOMAS JORDAN is said to be in command of the men who left this City. Captain BAILEY, late of the United States Army, Colonel WARNE, late of the United States Volunteers, seven French and four English officers on leave of absence, and sixty-two ex-officers of the United States and Confederate Armies are also reported among those enlisted in the enterprise.

The Marshal is now engaged in investigating the whole matter.

The Cuban Meeting Last Night—Note from Mr. G. W. Curtis.

NORTH SHORE, STATEN ISLAND, May 4, 1869.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Whatever my opinion of the Cuban revolution may be, my name is signed without authority to the call published in your issue of to-day, for a meeting at the Cooper Institute this evening. Respectfully yours,

GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS.

Our Government and Cuba.

From the Springfield Republican.

WASHINGTON, Monday, May 3.

A member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee declares that the announced intentions of this Government to recognize the independence of Cuban insurgents is without foundation, and is inspired by a desire to influence the gold market. This Senator, who enjoys the confidence of the President more than almost any other man, declares that the latter is much incensed at the gratuitous use to which his name has been put in connection with this business. Nor is he at all satisfied with the disinterestedness of the alleged agents of the insurgents in this country. He begins to suspect them of being anxious to impose a false state of facts on the Government, and he commits the whole question to Secretary FISH, who is known to be opposed to any hasty action in the premises.

ALBANY.

The Supply Bill—The Gas Bill—Improvement of the Canals—Railroad Across Harlem Bridge—The Tax Commissioners' Bill, &c.

From Our Own Correspondent.

ALBANY, Tuesday, May 4, 1869.

The Senate had the Supply bill under consideration to-day, but did not materially alter it from the shape in which it left the Assembly. A motion to insert an appropriation of $65,000 to purchase Professor HALL's zoological collection was discussed at length, and finally amended so as to instruct the Regents of the University to make the purchase when the new Capitol was finished and ready to receive it, which will not be till several years after the appropriation lapses. The Senate Committee on Municipal Affairs have not reported the Gas bill yet, and there is a growing suspicion that they design to smother it.

THE CANALS—PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION.

The report of the Canal Committee proposing to submit an amendment of the Constitution to the people, providing for the raising by direct tax of $10,000,000 to improve the canals of the State, came up in Committee of the Whole in the Assembly to-day, and excited a lengthy discussion. Judge CAMPBELL opposed the report, and retorted upon the advocates of the measure the argument advanced against his State and Railroad bill—the heavy burden of debt already resting upon the State. While other sections of the State were refused all aid for internal improvements, it was unjust to tax the people $10,000,000 for the canals, which already owed the State $15,000,000.

Mr. LA BAU advocated the report, and said that the money proposed to be raised was to improve property owned by the State, and not for the benefit of railroad monopolies. Mr. BENDER, of Buffalo, agreed with the gentleman from Warren, (Mr. LA BAU.) The Erie Canal, he said, had made the Empire State what it is to-day, and it would be the height of folly for the people to refuse now to protect and improve that which had been the chief source of their prosperity. The great Northwest must always have an outlet for its produce, and the Erie Canal was the best, most natural and cheapest route, and if it were put in good order, as this report contemplates, and a proper reduction was made in the tolls, it would continue to be the only route and could defy all rivalry. Mr. N. B. SMITH objected to the report, because it would increase the indebtedness of the canals and thereby make it necessary to continue the high tolls. What the public needed and what the interests of the State demanded was a reduction of the tolls. The motion to adopt the report was lost for want of a constitutional majority—yaes 59, nays 54.

RAILROAD ACROSS THE NEW HARLEM BRIDGE.

The bill allowing the Third-avenue Railroad to lay a track across the new Harlem bridge came up for a third reading, when Mr. HITCHMAN spoke against it, and Mr. HUSTED, of Westchester, in its favor. Mr. HUSTED said that the bill was introduced solely for the benefit of the poor people of New-York and Westchester County, who were now obliged to walk across the bridge, which, in the night time was a more dangerous place than the Hook or the Five Points. He was surprised that the gentleman from New-York, who had risen to his present position by the votes of the workingmen of New-York, should oppose a measure intended for their benefit.

The bill was lost, all the New-York delegation voting against it except MITCHELL, MCLEOD, NACHTMAN and RICHMOND. A reconsideration was moved and laid on the table.

THE TAX COMMISSIONERS' BILL.

An attempt was made this morning to suspend the regular order, so as to take up the Tax Commissioners' bill; but it failed for want of a two-third vote. The bill is bound to pass, and there is less opposition to it among some Republicans than there was, since it has been given out that Mr. ANDREWS and Mr. DEPEU are to be the two Republicans on the commission. S.

Passage of the Tax Commissioners' Bill—An Exciting Debate.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

ALBANY, Tuesday, May 4.

The Tax Commissioners' bill was forced on, in Committee of the Whole at the Evening Session, ordered to a third reading and passed by a vote of 76 to 47, after one of the most exciting discussions that have been had this session. The opponents of the measure were well aware that everything had been cut and dried and that the passage of the bill was a foregone conclusion, but they were bound that it should not be done without a thorough ventilation, and they took this occasion to give those Republican members who have been playing into the hands of the Democrats all Winter a party lashing which they richly deserved, and which they ought to have got two months ago.

Mr. HUSTED, of Westchester, led off in opposition to the bill, which he said had been decided in a caucus of the Republican members to be a measure in the interest of Tammany Hall, and therefore meriting defeat from a Republican Legislature. He said that no member representing a Republican constituency who voted for the bill ought to be, or would be, returned to the Legislature, and he advised those who had resolved to go over to the Democratic camp to stay there, for they would not hereafter be wanted or tolerated in the Republican ranks.

Mr. HEGEMAN, of Dutchess, protested against representing this bill as a party measure. He said it was recommended by the Citizens' Association, and it was admitted on all hands that some legislation was necessary relative to the Tax Commissioners. With regard to the warning of the gentleman from Westchester, he would trust the chances of his reëlection to his constituents, before whom he was prepared to justify his vote on this bill. He was sent here last Fall by fifty Republican majority from a Democratic district, and he should return next year by 150 majority.

Mr. CALKINS, of Erie, who on several previous occasions has acted with the Democrats against his party, made a lengthy speech in favor of the bill, and said that he was not aware that any platform of the Republican Party prevented him from supporting this measure.

Mr. SELKREG denounced the bill as a Democratic measure, and in answer to the last remark of Mr. CALKINS said that the gentleman from Erie did not violate any platform of the Republican Party when he voted against the Bribery bill yesterday.

Mr. CALKINS—I did not vote against it.

Mr. SELKREG—You voted with those who tried to kill it.

Mr. TRUMAN opposed the bill, because it was agreed in caucus to oppose it, and every man who joined in a caucus was bound, in his opinion, to stand by its decision.

Mr. MCLEOD made an elaborate speech against the bill, and read a remonstrance against it from a large number of leading citizens and tax-payers of New-York, and also protests from every Republican organization in that City. This was MCLEOD's first speech since taking the seat from which HALPIN was ousted, and it indicated marked ability in the new member.

Mr. GLEASON also opposed the bill, and urged the passage of the substitute offered by the minority of the Committee on Cities, which he said fully met the plea. The legislation was necessary with regard to the tax office, while it preserved the rights of the Republican Party.

Mr. JACOBS advocated the bill, and complimented the Republican members who had the independence to "rise above" party and support the measure. Mr. ALLABEN offered an amendment providing for the election of the Tax Commissioners by the people, after the manner in which the Supervisors are elected. He appealed to the Democrats, who, he said, were always prating about the right of the people of New-York to govern themselves and denouncing "commissions," to come up and support his amendment and show themself consistent, but the only response he got was an ungrateful charge of seeking to kill the bill.

After the bill had passed, Mr. HITCHMAN moved a reconsideration, in order to clinch the matter, fearing no doubt that some of the traitors after getting their reward would seek to reverse their action to-morrow morning. There were several Republicans, like Messrs. HIXON, CHASE, CONANT, BENDER and HEGEMAN, who doubtless voted for the bill from conscientious motives, being of the opinion that some action was necessary in view of the impugned legality of the present Board of Tax Commissioners; but the majority of them have too often deserted their party during the present session to warrant such a charitable judgment of their motives. The Democrats are chuckling over their victory in the hotels this evening, and boasting that they have so divided and demoralized the Republican Party on this and other measures that their defeat throughout the State next Fall is sure, and the Legislature of 1870 will be Democratic. It is difficult to see how they are going to better themselves, for they have had everything pretty much their own way in the present Legislature, thanks to the treachery and venality of some ten or a dozen Republican members.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

SENATE....ALBANY, Tuesday, May 4.

REPORTS.

To amend the charter of Clyde. For a new passenger depot for the Harlem Railroad at Forty-second-street. For a new drive from One Hundred and Fifty-sixth-street to the Blind Asylum property. To open a highway from Prospect Park to Coney Island. The Annual Canal Appropriation bill, Messrs. NICHOLS and MATTOON dissenting.

BILLS PASSED.

To legalize the articles of Association of Black River and St. Lawrence Railroad. To incorporate the Veteran Corps of the Washington Grey Cavalry. To facilitate the completion of the Buffalo, Corry and Pittsburg Railroad. To amend the School law of Elmira. To incorporate the Village of West Mount Vernon. To authorize the Comptroller of Brooklyn to issue registered bonds.

Amending the Militia law. To amend the charter of Genesee Annual Conference. To authorize the removal of certain female convicts to the Syracuse Penitentiary. For the appointment of Commissioners to lay out roads in Kings County.

For grading certain streets in Brooklyn. In relation to draining low lands in Niagara County. For a bridge over the Chenango River in the town of Chemung. Relative to the contracts for the construction of the Oneida Lake Canal.

THE SUPPLY BILL.

The Supply bill was amended on motion of Mr. BANKS, giving $250,000 toward the erection of a new capitol. No other important amendments were made, except those reported by the Senate Committee.

The bill was then ordered to a third reading. Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

The Assembly concurred in the Senate amendment to the bill relative to Sheriff's fees in New-York, by a vote of 74 to 27.

Mr. SELKREG submitted the report of the Ways and Means Committee recommending concurrence in the Senate's amendments to the General Appropriation bill. Among the amendments is an appropriation of $275,000 to pay for lands taken for the purposes of the new Capitol.

Mr. BAMLER called up the resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution authorizing the State to borrow $10,000,000 for the enlargement and improvement of the Canals. Discussion on the resolution ensued.

During the discussion on the Canal Enlargement resolution the Governor's Secretary appeared with a veto to the bill, amending the act in relation to a certain highway and certain highway taxes in Hamilton County, passed in 1867, as amended by the law of 1868. The act which the bill proposes to amend directs the Comptroller to pay over certain monies to the Special Commissioners named in the act. Out of these moneys the Commissioners are authorized to retain certain sums as compensation for their services—their accounts to be first audited, allowed and certified by the said Comptroller upon a detailed statement of such services, duly verified by the Commissioners claiming such compensation, and upon such other evidence as the Comptroller may require.

It appears that in 1867 the Commissioner filed with the Comptroller a report of moneys received, their charges and disbursement. The Comptroller refused and still refuses to allow the accounts so rendered. This bill, without making provision for an investigation or reëxamination, directs the Comptroller to pay these claims as presented, and strikes out the provision of the original act for the future auditing of similar accounts.

The Governor submits that it is not a wise policy to take from the Comptroller the power to audit these accounts. There should be responsibility for the expenditure to some supervisory authority. The bill confers extraordinary powers on Special Commissioners. Relating to the tax upon certain towns for roads running wholly through others requires the Commissioners of certain towns to assess a highway tax upon lands owned by non-residents for the benefit of their road. It authorizes the Commissioners to borrow $3,000 on the credit of these highway taxes; but the bill contains no explicit directions for the use thereof. The Special Commissioners seem invested with power to claim all non-resident taxes in the towns named for a period of years to come, and to act with unlimited power to levy tax on non-residents' lands, and to act as overseers in the several towns. At the same time the Commissioners are made responsible to no one.

On account of these extraordinary provisions the bill is retained for revision.

Mr. BERRY moved to table the message. Lost by 45 to 55; the veto was then sustained by 85 to 4.

A resolution to submit the proposition of enlarging the canals to the next Legislature was lost by yeas 59, nays 54.

The acting Speaker, Mr. GLEASON, deciding that it must receive 65 votes.

On motion of Mr. FREAR the vote was reconsidered by which the bill in relation to the Central, Harlem, Hudson and Erie Railroads was lost.

The bill authorizes the classification of the present directors of the Erie Road so that only one-fifth shall go out each year. The bill was then passed by 73 to 40.

Mr. FREAR moved to go into Committee of the Whole on the Tax Commissioners' bill.

Mr. ALLABEN moved to table the motion. Lost by 32 to 65.

At 2 o'clock the Assembly took a recess.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Mr. SELKREG, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported the Annual Tax and the Annual Charity bills, which were made the special order for to-morrow.

The Chair announced the pending question, the resolution of Mr. FREAR to consider the bill in reference to certain railroads.

Mr. FREAR moved the previous question, which was ordered.

A motion to go into Committee of the Whole was carried by a vote of 82 to 27, and Mr. BARSE was called to the chair.

Messrs. HEGEMAN, CALKINS, HARTMAN and others favored, and Messrs. GLEASON, SELKREG, HUSTED, TRUMAN, MCLEOD and others opposed the bill. The discussion was very warm. The Republicans opposing the bill arraigned the others for acting contrary to the decision of the caucus.

After two hours' discussion the Committee reported progress to the House.

Mr. JACOBS moved to disagree with the report, and order the Tax Commissioners' bill to a third reading, which was carried by a vote of 76 to 47.

On motion of Mr. JACOBS the said bill then had its final reading, and was passed. The vote was as follows:

YEAS—Messrs. Akin, Bamlier, Bemus, Bender, Bergen, Bradstreet, Burns, Calkins, Cameron, T. J. Campbell, Carpenter, Cavanagh, Chase, Geo. Clark, H. M. Clark, Conant, Conger, Crane, Cullen, Dyckman, E. Ely, Wm. Ely, C. Ferris, J. Ferris, Flagg, Flynn, Fox, Frear, Galvin, Griffin, Harris, Hartman, Hasbrouck, Hegeman, Hitchman, Hixon, Hodges, Harton, Howard, Hull, Irving, Jacobs, Keegan, Kiernan, Kimball, Lamoree, Lawrence, Lyon, Maddon, McKewer, Miller, P. Mitchell, Mosely, Murphy, Nachtmann, O'Keefe, Patrick, J. B. Pearsall, Plunkett, Porter, C. Ray, H. Ray, Rich, Schoonmaker, Skeels, A. W. Smith, Stevens, D. Stewart, W. H. Stuart, Sturges, Suffern, Tighe, Tilden, Tower, Trainer, Woltman—76.

NAYS—Messrs. Allaben, Andrews, Arms, Avery-Baker, Barker, Barse, Bassett, Berry, Brundage, Butterfield, W. W. Campbell, Cook, Day, Dimmick, Doolittle, Farley, Gifford, Glenn, Gould, Hackett, Haw, kins, Hoyt, Husted, Kendall, Kilham, La Bau, Lasher, McLeod, S. Mitchell, C. Pearsall, Perry, Richardson, Richmond, Root, Selkreg, L. E. Smith, N. B. Smith, Speaker, Summers, Thornton, Truman Tuttle, Walker, Weed, Whitmarsh, Wright—47.

Mr. HITCHMAN moved to reconsider the vote just taken, which was lost.

The Senate amendments of the General Appropriation bill were concurred in.

BILLS PASSED.

Providing for an extension of Bushwick-avenue. Providing for the care and custody of insane criminals. Incorporating the Manhattan Eye and Ear Hospital. Authorizing the Whitehall and Plattsburg Railroad to take increased fare.

Mr. HUSTED made an ineffectual attempt to bring up the Hell Gate Pilot bill, when the Assembly adjourned.

TELEGRAMS.

Death of Prince Menschikoff, Admiral of the Russian Navy.

The Mayor of Cork Stripped of Official Power.

Numerous Skirmishes Between Cubans and Spaniards.

Fillibusters Arming in Vera Cruz and Mexico.

RUSSIA.

Death of the Admiral of the Russian Navy.

ST. PETERSBURG, Tuesday, May 4.

Prince ALEXANDER SERGEEWITSCH MENSCHIKOFF, Admiral of the Russian Navy, died on Monday. He was born in 1789.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Delinquant Mayor of Cork.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 4.

Mr. EDWARD SULLIVAN, member for Mallow, will introduce a bill to prevent the Mayor of Cork from continuing to hold any office connected with the administration of justice in Ireland. In the House of Commons, this evening, Sir JOHN HAY inquired what action the Government had taken in regard to the seizure of the brig *Mary Lowell* by a Spanish man-of-war in British waters. Mr. ARTHUR J. OTWAY, Under Secretary for the Foreign Department, replied that in the present imperfect state of information it was undesirable to make known the nature of the communication which had been exchanged with the Government of Spain on the subject.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 4—Midnight.

In the House of Commons, to-night, while the Irish Church bill was under consideration, Mr. GLADSTONE proposed that the names of Lord MONCK, late Governor-General of Canada; Justice JAMES ANTHONY LAWSON and GEORGE ALEXANDER HAMILTON, L. L. D., be inserted in clause 3 as the Commissioners of Church Temporalities in Ireland, constituted under the act.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 4.

The races at Chester commenced to-day. The leading event was the Chesterfield Stakes of five sovereigns each, with one hundred sovereigns added, for three-year-olds. The following is the result:

Mr. W. Feaster's br. c. George Obaldeston, by Camerino, out of Country Maid	1
Mr. Kennington's b. c. Mysotis, by Heir of Linne, out of Mitraille	2
Mr. Barber's br. c. Hunter, by Commotion, out of Mrs. Harkaway	3

The betting at the start stood 10 to 1 against *Obaldeston*, 2 to 1 against *Mysotis* and *Hunter*. Eight ran.

FRANCE.

Gold Medal to Dr. Hayes, the Arctic Explorer.

PARIS, Tuesday, May 4.

The Geographical Society have decreed a gold medal to Dr. HAYES, of the United States, for his eminent services in the work of Arctic exploration and discovery. To-day the President of the Society, with a deputation of members, waited upon General DIX, the American Minister, and presented the medal, requesting him to transmit it to his distinguished countryman, and accompanied the presentation with an earnest aspiration for continued friendship between France and America. General DIX, in reply, thanked the President for his friendly expressions in regard to his country, and said it was a true pleasure for Americans to see France and the United States working together in traditional friendship for the promotion of discovery, science and general progress.

SPAIN.

A New Ministry Desired by the Cortes.

MADRID, Tuesday, May 4.

The majority of the delegates in the Cortes are in favor of a new Ministry.

ITALY.

Ministerial Endeavors to Improve the Finances.

FLORENCE, Tuesday, May 4.

Both Houses of Parliament have passed a vote of confidence in the Ministry for their endeavors to improve the financial condition of the country.

CUBA.

Suppressed News—Fillibusters Arming at Vera Cruz and in Mexico.

The following message was filed for New-York by the Agent of the Associated Press at Havana on the 26th ult., but was returned to the sender by the telegraph company with the indorsement, "There is not a word of truth in this, and it cannot be transmitted." The authority for the main part of the message was the Havana papers, and the news was published in their leading articles, which had previously passed the rigid censorship:

"General DULCE personally went to Fort Cabanas, released the prisoner CESPEDES, and delivered a speech to the volunteers. The *Voz de Cuba* says that the *Gerona*, commanded by Admiral MALCAMPO, has gone to Vera Cruz, owing to the report of the fitting out of an expedition of fillibusters. The Spanish war vessels *Pizarro* and *Isabel* are cruising off the Mexican coast. Mexico openly favors fillibustering, and it is probable that MALCAMPO will make an example. The *Diario* announces the disappearance of the insurgents between Nuevitas and Puerto Principe."

HAVANA, Tuesday, May 4.

The Cuban journals contain the usual accounts of insignificant skirmishes between the Spanish and Cuban forces.

The steamship *Morro Castle*, Captain ADAMS, arrived this afternoon from New-York.

The New Constitution of Virginia—The Disfranchisement Clause.

RICHMOND, Va., Tuesday, May 4.

Governor WELLS is out in a letter saying that he has never been satisfied that the disfranchisement clause would accomplish the object for which it was framed, and if the majority of the people vote against it all ought to assent to the decision.

He adds: "I believe that whichever sections of the Constitution the President prefers to have stricken out he will submit separately, and the probabilities are that the weight of his name will be such that the provisions so submitted separately will be defeated."

Inauguration of Governor Jewell at Hartford.

HARTFORD, Conn., Tuesday, May 4.

Governor JEWELL will be inducted into office to-morrow, and a large military and civil demonstration is expected. In accordance with ancient custom, the Governor-elect held a reception at the Allyn House this evening, which was very largely attended and passed off finely. Among those present from abroad, was HARVEY JEWELL, Speaker of the House of the Massachusetts Legislature, brother of the Governor-elect. Governor CLAFLIN and Senator HENRY WILSON, of Massachusetts, will be present to-morrow as invited guests.

Legislative caususes were held this evening. The Republicans of the Senate nominated Hon. DAVID GALLUP, of Plainfield, President *pro tem*, and DWIGHT MARCY, of Rockville, Clerk. The Republicans of the House nominated O. H. PLATT, of Meriden, Speaker, J. A. TIBBITTS, of New-London, Clerk, and E. B. BENNETT, of Hartford, Assistant Clerk.

The Democrats of the House nominated ELISHA JOHNSON, of Hartford, Speaker, and W. H. POND, of Milford, and V. C. BEERS, of Cornwall, Clerks. The Democrats of the Senate nominated Hon. LUCIEN W. SPERRY, of New-Haven, President *pro tem.*, and GEORGE G. SUMNER, of Hartford, Clerk. Both Houses being largely Republican, of course the Republican nominees will be elected.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

The Canadian Fisheries—Licenses to United States Fishermen.

OTTAWA, Canada, Tuesday, May 4.

In the House of Commons, Mr. SAVERY moved for the return of the licenses issued to American fishermen during the last year. He held that the treaty as to three miles limit applied to headlands and not to bays, and that while not adopting a prohibitory policy, such a license fee should be imposed as would be some equivalent for the privileges of allowing Americans to fish in Canadian waters. Several members from maritime provinces spoke in support of the motion, stating that a firmer policy should be adopted toward the States, to meet the exactions and restrictions imposed on Canadian trade. Mr. AUGLIN, from Nova Scotia, advocated the total exclusion of foreign fishermen from the fishing grounds. He said in many cases, owing to the encroachments of American fishermen, Nova Scotians had been driven off their own fishing coasts. The motion was adopted.

The Last Tie of the Central Pacific Railroad.

SAN FRANCISCO, Tuesday, May 4.

A railway tie of polished California laurel, mounted on either end with solid silver, accompanied by a spike of solid gold, costing $200, was forwarded from here to-day to the end of the Central Pacific Railroad. It is the last tie, and will be laid by LELAND STANFORD on Saturday next, thus completing the Pacific Railroad.

The Grand Encampment and Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows are in session in this city. The reports indicate an unusual progress of the order during the past year. Committees were appointed to make arrangements for the reception of the delegates of the Grand Lodge of the United States, which is to hold its next annual meeting in San Francisco.

The steamer *Japan* sailed to day for Hong Kong, *via* Yokohama, with $1,334,000 in treasure, of which $458,000 are for Yokohama. $21,000 for Hiogoe, $263,000 for Hong Kong and $192,000 for Shanghae.

Municipal elections were held yesterday at Stockton, California, and Virginia and Gold Hill, Nevada, in all of which the Republicans were successful.

The Nashville Blood Horse Association.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Tuesday, May 4.

The Spring meeting of the Nashville Blood Horse Association commenced to-day. The weather was fine, the track in good condition and the attendance large. The first race—the Green Stake—for three-year-olds that have never run in public prior to the 1st of February, 1869, mile heats, $25 entrance, $200 added by the Association, p. p., closed with eight entries. The following is a summary:

Zeb. Ward's ch. c. Riot, by Rhynodine, dam Cottage Girl, by Ainderby	1	1
A. Buford's ch. f. Coquette, by Lexington, dam Susan Harris, by Revenue	2	3
W. K. Thomas' b. c. Louisville, by Lexington, dam by Boston	5	2
E. H. Ewing's ch. c. by Bill Cheatham, dam Kitty Puryear	4	dis.
A Barnes' b. g. Derringer, by Rogers, dam Sunshine, by Engineer	3	4
Time, 1:48, 1:47¾.		

The second race, for the Association Purse of $250, mile heats, for all ages, was won by Mr. BUFORD's *Marion*, 1, 1, beating Mr. CHEATHAM's *Lizzie Tomlinson*, 2, 4, Mr. WARD's *Rochester*, 3, 2, and Mr. WARWICK's *Transit*, 4, 3. Time, 1:48¼; 1:48.

Death of the Chief Assistant Engineer of the Baltimore Fire Department.

BALTIMORE, Md., Tuesday, May 4.

WM. C. ROSS, Chief Assistant Engineer of the Baltimore City Fire Department, died this morning of injuries received at a fire in McClellan's-alley on the 17th of April. He was impaled on a spear-head of a rod of iron railing by the falling of the wall, and was badly injured about the loins. His sufferings since the injury have been intense. This is the third death which has occurred from injuries received at this fire. All the other injured men are doing well.

At an early hour this morning an unknown man, aged about 55 years, was found in a dying condition in Harrison-street, near Baltimore. There were no means by which he could be identified.

The Case of Thomas Drew—The Right to Take Compulsory Evidence.

BOSTON, Mass., Tuesday, May 4.

THOMAS DREW, who has been in jail since the 17th of last month by order of the State Senate, for contempt in refusing to be sworn by the Legislative Committee, was brought before the Supreme Court to-day on a writ of *habeas corpus*; and his counsel submitted printed argument, taking ground that no Committee of the Legislature had a right to take compulsory evidence. This was replied to by the Attorney-General, and the decision of the Court was reserved until to-morrow.

Extensive Forgery on an Ohio Bank.

BOSTON, Tuesday, May 4.

BENT. DRAKE, *alias* Benton, was arrested in Worcester yesterday and brought to Boston, charged with obtaining $12,500 from the First National Bank at St. Clairsville, Ohio, on a check of E. S. DRAKE & Co., of Pittsburg, by forging the indorsement. The accused will be sent to Ohio for trial on the requisition of the Governor of that State.

A meeting of liquor dealers, held last evening at the Parker House, appointed a committee and took other measures toward organizing a political resistance to the liquor prohibitionists.

Negro Shot in Richmond by a Son of Judge Marshall.

RICHMOND, Va., Tuesday, May 4.

JOSEPH HOLMES, colored, a member of the late Constitutional Convention, was killed at Charlotte Court-house yesterday. A personal difficulty occurred between him and JOHN MARSHALL, son of Judge MARSHALL, of whose family HOLMES was formerly a body servant. Both parties drew pistols and firing commenced, which was participated in by MARSHALL's friends. After being shot HOLMES walked into the Court-house and fell dead.

The American Medical Association Meeting in New-Orleans.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, May 4.

The members of the American Medical Association, who have been arriving for several days, met this morning at the Mechanics' Institute, with a large attendance, and the regular officers at their posts.

A Brutal Wife Murder.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., Tuesday, May 4.

JOHN DORSEY, an Irishman, living in Williamsburg, Mass., murdered his wife, MARY DORSEY, on Saturday night, by beating her brains out with a club. DORSEY was serving out a term in the House of Correction, and was furloughed for Sunday to attend to home affairs. He has been committed to await trial.

Snow-Storm in Western New-York—Injury to the Crops.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Tuesday, May 4.

There was a snow storm here last night, and the hills about this city were covered with snow this morning, so that they were as white as in Winter. Some snow fell to-day, and there have been slight storms elsewhere in this neighborhood. Vegetation in the Susquehanna and Chenango valleys is quite forward, and it is feared that damage will result from the frost.

HAYTI.

Salnave Distressed for Money—The Bombardment of Gonaives and Aux Cayes—Proposed Simultaneous Attack on Port-au-Prince, Gonaives, and Cape Haytien—The Coffee Crop.

By the arrival at this port of the schooner *P. L. Smith*, from Port-au-Prince, and *La Cayenne*, from St. Marc, dates from the former place to the 19th of April, and from the latter to the 20th, have been received. At Port-au-Prince, everything was quiet, but SALNAVE was badly in want of money to carry on his military and naval operations against the insurgents. A part of the crew of the Haytian war steamer *Salnave* had left that vessel in consequence of not having received their wages for some months, and had started for Jamaica. A large number of the crew were Americans. These had applied to the United States Consul for aid in recovering their dues, but were informed that having enlisted under a foreign flag they could not claim protection from the Consulate. The boilers of the *Salnave* were leaking badly, and the vessel was at Port-au-Prince undergoing repairs.

The Government had given notice that it would not accept any of its bonds in payment of duties, and that no bill for goods and supplies furnished the Government would be paid for the present. The steamer *Henry Lloyd Aspinwall*, sent from New-York for sale to SALNAVE, had not been purchased, owing to lack of funds.

The wife of ALEXIS NORD, imprisoned for some time past at Port au-Prince, because her husband commands the Cacos at Cape Haytien, had made her escape in some unaccountable way, and taken refuge in the British Legation. SALNAVE had made a demand upon the Consul-General, Mr. ST. JOHN, through the Minister of Justice, for her, but it had been peremptorily refused.

BOMBARDMENT OF GONAIVES AND AUX CAYES.

The insurgents established in the neighborhood of Gonaives had commenced to shell the town. The Commanding-General had, in consequence of this, written to the Consular agents of foreign Powers at Gonaives, assuring them that he would do all in his power to protect the interests of their respective nationalities, leaving them free at the same time to adopt such particular measures of safety as they might deem advisable. The Secretary of State of General Police had left Port-au-Prince for Gonaives with troops and ammunition to support General CHEVALIER. The steamer *Alexandre Petion* was still before Aux Cayes, but the bombardment had not been renewed. The previous bombardments were directed principally against the forts, both SALNAVE and the American officers doing everything they could to avoid throwing shells direct into the city, their object being to show their strength and power to destroy the town. The insurgents of Aux Cayes, looking upon this forbearance as a sign of weakness, had refused to listen to any terms. SALNAVE had offered a general amnesty to every officer and functionary of Aux Cayes, giving Minister HOLLISTER permission to ship away President DOMINGUE; and the commander of the British war steamer *Jason* offered to convey them fifty miles to sea, but all had been obstinately refused.

THE SIEGE OF JACMEL.

The town of Jacmel still held out against the Government troops, the siege being partial and ineffective. The Committee of Safety of that place had published a notice, in consequence of the late suffering condition of the population having been sensibly ameliorated, that the admission of articles of food duty free would extend only to the 30th of April. American provisions were plentiful, and were selling at remunerative prices. The cultivators of coffee in that part of Hayti were anxiously awaiting the reëstablishment of peace to bring the produce of accumulated crops to market.

INTENTIONS OF THE INSURGENT LEADERS.

From St. Marc comes the news that the insurgent leaders were concentrating their forces preparatory to making a simultaneous attack upon Port-au-Prince, Gonaievs and Cape Haytien. Hitherto the great want has been ammunition, of which they have lately received a large supply. The Salnavists, it is said, were abandoning the Cape as fast as they could get away.

BUSINESS AT ST. MARC.

The entire crop of coffee for this year in the Cape district remained intact in the hands of the Cacos, and was ready to be taken into the town as soon as the gates were opened. Half of the old crop that remained had been disposed of at St. Marc, having been taken thither overland, a distance of from 100 to 120 miles. The crop remaining was estimated at about 100,000 bags, besides which there were immense quantities of logwood awaiting shipment. In the country parts coffee was selling at from $4 to $8, while inside the Cape it was from $14 to $16. The duty imposed by the insurgent Government was one-fourth the value of the coffee, while the duty paid to SALNAVE is one-half. Business was very brisk at St. Marc. There was a large accumulation of cotton there, besides plenty of coffee. Eighteen vessels were in the port taking in cargo, and two of them—large ships—were being loaded by the Government.

The Nissage Government had refused to take the paper money issued by SALNAVE, but was taking the notes of the Geffrard Administration, as well as those issued by the revolutionary Government at Aux Cayes. NISSAGE had proposed to pledge the Custom-house receipts for the loan of a million of dollars in gold, to enable him to buy up the legal paper currency of the country for the purpose of introducing a specie currency in Hayti—a measure which he believes will effectually put a stop to revolutions in that country.

ACCIDENT ON AN AMERICAN STEAMER.

A terrible accident had occurred on board the American steamer *Telegrapho*, in the harbor of St. Marc, while a salute was firing in honor of President NISSAGE, who had just reached the vessel. While the second mate was ramming the gun it went off, and a keg of powder in front of it exploded, blowing the unfortunate man through the awning into the air about thirty feet over a boat hanging on the davits, the ramrod passing completely through the boat, and both sides of the bulwarks opposite the gun being blown out. The mate was rescued from the water, and, with six others who were badly hurt by the explosion, was taken on shore. He and the boatswain were not expected to live, and doubts were entertained of the recovery of the other sufferers.

At St. Marc exchange was at 140.

The Affray in Sing Sing Prison.

From the Poughkeepsie Eagle, May 3.

Last Friday afternoon a keeper named WILLIAM MILLER seeing the men after they had quit work form a group, against the rules of the prison, remonstrated, telling them that talking among themselves could not be tolerated, and ordering each man to his forge. Having obeyed, they allowed a few minutes to elapse, and again defied restraint by reassembling. On being ordered to their posts a second time all left except one man, who persistently refused to move, seeing which the keeper told the stubborn fellow to get his things and come with him. While this was going on MILLER observed one of the convicts go to the door through which he would have to pass with the culprit, and then drop something, which the keeper on going to the spot found to be a short bar of iron. He stooped to pick it up, when one of the number called out in a threatening manner, "Don't touch that!" and in a second afterward MILLER was knocked insensible. Five or six of the convicts then attacked and beat him in a savage style, using iron weapons, which, beside mashing his teeth, cut his head in a terrible manner. An alarm having been at once given, a number of guards arrived in time, perhaps, to save the unfortunate man's life.

EXPLOSIVE OILS.

Analysis of Samples of Illuminating Oils Sold in this City—Valuable Information for the Public.

In accordance with instructions of the Metropolitan Board of Health, Professor CHANDLER, its Analytical Chemist, recently tested several specimens of kerosene oil, which were purchased at various stores in this City, to ascertain whether the ordinance of the Board prohibiting the sale of dangerous illuminating oils is complied with.

The following is a copy of the ordinance:

"No petroleum oil, kerosene oil or other liquid having like composition or qualities as a burning fluid as said oil, shall be kept or offered for sale as a burning fluid, for lamps or any like receptacle, for the purpose of illumination, nor shall such oil or fluid be purchased for use, or be used as a burning fluid for any such lamp or receptacle, or be kept for such use, unless all such oil or fluid shall be of such quality and ingredients that it shall stand and be equal to both the following tests and conditions, to wit:

1. That it shall not take fire or burn at a temperature below 110° Fah.

2. That it shall not evolve an explosive vapor below 100° Fah."

The result of the analysis is presented in the following table, which begins with the most dangerous samples examined:

Number.	Locality.	Gravity, Beaumé.	Vaporizing point. Explosive vapors evolved.	Burning point. Oil takes fire.
1.	No. 25 Canal-street	71	These fluids are benzine or naptha; they all evolve explosive vapors at all ordinary t'mp'atures; they are the most dangerous oils prod'd fm p'trl'm.	
2.	No. 98 Fourth-st., Wmsb'g.	70½		
3.	No. 97 West Houston-st.	70		
4.	No. 2 Pike-street	70		
5.	No. 40 East Broadway	67½		
6.	No. 144 Avenue A	67½		
7.	No. 30 Ludlow-street	62		
8.	No. 12 Greenwich-street	45½	75° F	94° F
9.	No. 174 Essex-street	41	78° F	98° F
10.	No. 516 Grand-street	44	72° F	100° F
11.	No. 793 First-avenue	44	80° F	100° F
12.	No. 70 Bayard-street	44½	87° F	101° F
13.	No. 39 Elm-street	44	86° F	105° F
14.	No. 13 Roosevelt-street	44½	79° F	113° F
15.	No. 64 East Houston-st.	44½	90° F	109° F
16.	No. 55 Rose-street	43½	96° F	120° F
17.	No. 134 Norfolk-street	43½	99° F	114° F
	Safe oil, according to the ordinance of the Board of Health, must not be below		100° F	110° F

According to the letter of the law, not one of the above-mentioned specimens of oil is of the standard quality, as all evolve explosive vapors below 100 degrees Fahrenheit. Two of the samples, however, Nos. 16 and 17, while evolving explosive vapors a little below the standard temperature of 100 degrees Fahrenheit, do not take fire until they are heated several degrees above the standard burning temperature of 110 degrees Fahrenheit. In the opinion of the chemist, these two samples so nearly meet the requirements of the law as to warrant their passing as safe. The other samples, however, are highly dangerous. The first seven are not kerosene oil at all; they are benzine or naptha, the most dangerous portion of the natural petroleum—the portion which is separated and rejected entirely as burning oil by all honest refiners. The addition of as little as two or three per cent. of benzine or naptha is sufficient to render good oil dangerous. This benzine is usually sold under some special name, as "Liquid Gas," "Aurora Oil," etc. It is the most dangerous substance that can be employed in a dwelling, and has been the cause of all the frightful kerosene accidents, either when used by itself or as an impurity in kerosene.

Various processes for rendering benzine, gasoline and naptha non-explosive have been patented, and rights of sale have been disposed of throughout the country. According to Professor CHANDLER, it is impossible by any means whatsoever to render these substances safe. The addition of a few grains of alum, potash, borax, alcohol, gum camphor &c., to a barrel of benzine does not change its dangerous character in the least. The experiment of pouring a little of the fluid into a bottle and applying a burning match, is no proof whatever, for to produce an explosion it is necessary to secure a certain ratio of air to benzine vapor, which it would not be possible to do in a bottle once in fifty times. Every oil that can be lighted with a match is unsafe for use.

The various "patent safety lamps" which are warranted for the use of any oil, (even benzine,) are pronounced by the chemist to be wholly unreliable. Benzine and dangerous kerosene, he insists, are always unsafe, no matter what lamp may be used. One lamp may be a little safer than another, when in perfect order, but lamps will break, the oil will be spilled sometimes, accidents will happen, and the oil or its vapor will be brought in contact with the flame, when, if the oil is not safe, an accident is sure to result. One-half of the number of so-called "safety lamps" are no safer than others, while the remainder are safe only as long as they are in perfect order, and are subject to no carelessness in filling or handling. What is needed to prevent kerosene accidents is safe oil; with it all lamps will be safe.

The samples numbered from eight to fifteen, inclusive, are average specimens of kerosene which are sold at retail. They all contain more or less benzine, and consequently fail to come up to the requirements of the law. They are very dangerous.

The Attorney of the Board will take measures immediately for the punishment of persons who are selling these explosive agents.

Mr. Acton's Retirement from the Police Board.

In retiring from his position as President of the Board of Police Commissioners, Mr. THOS. C. ACTON addressed a letter to his brother Commissioners announcing the fact, and in due time received a complimentary reply from them. We subjoin the entire correspondence:

SAYBROOK, Conn., April 22, 1869.

Messrs. Joseph S. Bosworth, Benjamin F. Manierre and Matthew T. Brennan, Commissioners of Metropolitan Police:

GENTLEMEN: I have forwarded my resignation of the office of Metropolitan Police Commissioner, to be filed at the proper time. Such legislative proceedings will undoubtedly be had as are needful to make my resignation effectual, and to fill the vacancy by an unquestionably legal appointment. I feel confident, therefore, that my strong desire to be relieved from the burden of official labors is to be immediately realized.

In thus taking leave of the intimate official relations which have so long existed between us, regard to my own feelings and ordinary justice to you, require me to transmit to you my earnest thanks for the uniform kindness and consideration you have, under all circumstances, extended to me, and for the generous confidence you have at all times reposed in me during the whole period of our official intercourse.

I have considered the office of Police Commissioner to be a very important trust, and an upright, intelligent, harmonious and vigorous performance of its duties by the Commissioners to be a matter of the utmost concern to the people of the district.

In my retirement I shall retain a deep interest in all that affects the welfare and efficiency of the Department, and shall enjoy the satisfaction of believing that the Board of Police will by earnest and judicious measures of administration deserve and secure the approbation of the public.

I am, very respectfully, yours,
THOS. C. ACTON.

NEW-YORK, May 3, 1869.

Mr. Thomas C. Acton:

DEAR SIR: Your communication of the 22d ult. was delivered to us on the 1st inst.

It is pleasant to be assured at the close of the official relations that have so long subsisted between us, that we have not failed in the kindness and consideration due to you in your trying and responsible position, and that we have reposed in you a generous confidence during the whole period of our official intercourse.

We appreciate the importance to the public of a due performance of the duties of the office which failing health has compelled you to resign. The protection of the persons and property of the people within this Police District will be best secured by an intelligent, conscientious and harmonious coöperation of the Commissioners, and a discreet, honest and vigorous performance by the officers and members of the force of the duties devolved upon them in their respective positions.

We sincerely regret that the endless cares and severe labors of your position in the Department have so seriously impaired your health. We hope and trust that exemption from these cares and labors will aid in restoring you to vigorous health, and that many years of usefulness and happiness may be allotted to you.

It will be as gratifying to us as it possibly can be to you if the Department shall be so administered as to deserve and secure the approbation of the public.

Wishing you improving health, prosperity and contentment, we are, very respectfully and sincerely yours,

(Signed) J. S. BOSWORTH,
BENJAMIN F. MANIERRE,
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN.

Vessel Owners' and Captains' Co-operative Association.

This Association, which was organized in February last, held its first regular meeting yesterday, President VAN BRUNT in the chair.

The object of this Association is the protection and promotion of the rights and interests of all owners and masters of vessels belonging thereto, by procuring and extending information, by making application, from time to time, to Congress and the several State Legislatures, for such legislation as will promote the general welfare, and by the use of all proper means to protect and advance the interests of this and similar Associations.

The Association now comprises 222 members; seventy-four vessels are represented, with a measurement amounting to 15,991 tons; $765 have been received from members and $704 20 from vessels; the aggregate receipts being $1,469 72, and the expenditures have been $296 08, leaving a balance of $1,173 64.

The Committee on Legislation reported that the bill lately before the Legislature providing for the payment by all vessels of one-half pilot fees at Hellgate, whether a pilot's services were engaged or not, had been defeated, and would not in all probability be brought up again.

The Committee on the East River bridge reported that diagrams had been prepared showing that certain classes of vessels passing under the proposed bridge could not do so without lowering their topmasts. The Committee intend to bring this matter before the Secretary of War, when the Bridge Commissioners render their report to that official, and urge on him the necessity of having the height of the bridge increased.

The Association shortly afterward adjourned.

The following are the newly-elected officers of the Association:

President, James A. Van Brunt; First Vice-President, James H. Hoyt; Second Vice-President, Henry N. Squire; Treasurer, Lemuel H. Hopkins; Corresponding Secretary, Daniel M. Terry; Recording Secretary, Thomas S. Sandford.

SECOND-AVENUE RAILROAD.

The Demands of the Drivers Acceded to and their Wages Raised—Running on the Line Resumed.

The drivers upon the Second-avenue Railroad struck again on Monday morning, as stated, on account of a new time-table having been introduced, which, they feared, would entail longer work than the thirteen hours and forty minutes a day, that they had been in the habit of performing. In order to avoid the inconvenience and great loss entailed by the last strike, Mr. QUEEN, the new Vice-President and manager, quickly promised a return to the old time-table, and an improvement of their wages to $2 50 instead of $2 25. A modification of the rejected time-table is however, preparing, and renewed trouble may occur on its presentation. The experiments of the new management in reducing expenses and increasing profits have thus far not been very promising. Over $20,000 was lost to the Company by the first strike, and where the drivers were then obtaining $2 a day they now receive $2 50. It is claimed by the manager that if the men had tried the new time-table on Monday, they would have been satisfied with the change. This, however, they refused to do. Statements current as to the discharge of many of the old hands by Mr. QUEEN are denied by the railroad authorities. The cars are now running without interruption.

Anniversary of the Howard Mission.

The eighth anniversary of the Howard Mission and Home for Little Wanderers was celebrated last night at Steinway Hall. About 100 of the female children that daily attend its quarters in the New-Bowery were ranged in seats upon the platform, while in front of them were seated two dozen little members of the infant school. A fine brass band played in the intervals of the proceedings, and each of the two thousand seats in the hall was occupied. The object of the Mission is to gather up the numerous neglected children, growing up neglected in the streets, to clothe and educate them, and to transfer them as quickly as possible to families who may wish to adopt them, here or elsewhere. It sustains a day school of 500 children, who cannot, from being obliged to work for their parents, attend the public schools at the regular hours required, and opens a Sabbath School for them every Sunday. Since the organization of the Mission, 9,500 children have been received, fed and taught in its schools, hundreds of whom have been placed in good homes in the country. The annual expenditure has averaged $35,000, and has been met entirely by voluntary contributions. It is unsectarian in character, the Board of Trustees representing six sects of Protestantism. One dollar is the estimated expense of a child for a week, and only $52, therefore, for a year. The President of the Society is Dr. J. M. WARD, of Newark; the Vice-President, Mr. A. S. HATCH; the Secretary, Mr. H. BREWSTER; the Treasurer, S. T. HOWARD. These gentlemen, added to Messrs. W. SANFORD, R. R. GRAVES, J. S. HOWELL, and WM. H. SUTTON, constitute the trustees. Mr. A. C. ARNOLD is the Superintendent.

The proceedings last evening consisted of hymns sung by the children, of the reading of the reports of the Secretary and Treasurer, and of addresses by Rev. Dr. TALMADGE, of Brooklyn; Rev. HENRY NORTHROP, of the Twenty-third-street Presbyterian Church, and Mr. OLIVER DYER. A very remarkable voice was displayed by FANNY MCGOWAN, a girl of fourteen. The Secretary's report alluded to the recent resignation of the late Superintendent, Mr. VAN METER, who is now connected with the Baptist Board of Publication; to sundry details of the number of children received at different times, and to the changes of teachers. It stated that in 1867 the lots upon which the Mission stands were leased for eight years, with privilege of purchase for $55,000 within that period, and that the buildings cost $45,000, and were paid for. It also announced that if funds are obtained, workshops will be opened for training children in trades. The Treasurer's report announced the expenditures of the past year at $38,380 38, against receipts of $36,985 23. A similar celebration of the Mission will take place at the Brooklyn Academy of Music on Friday evening of this week, and at the Tabernacle, Jersey City, on the 13th inst. It was arranged to hold one, also, in Newark, 10th inst., but another evening may perhaps be selected. Due notice will be given by advertisement.

Annual Meeting of the New-York Education Society of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

This Society held its annual meeting at the Methodist Episcopal Church in John-street yesterday. The report of the present condition of the treasury shows $777 66 on hand, and the disbursements for the past year have been $1,500. The following officers were elected: Oliver Hunt, President; M. D. C. Crawford, D. D., J. H. Taft, W. V. Cornell and E. G. Andrews, Vice-Presidents; A. S. Hunt and H. B. Ridgeway, Secretaries; Dr. R. S. Foster, D. Curry, S. D. Brown, C. D. Foss, John Parker, C. B. Ling, W. F. Watkins, A. D. Foss, F. Bottoven, A. Longacre, D. Benham, Jr., Orange Judd, C. C. North, Isaac Odell, J. D. Ockerhausen, J. W. Knapp, H. J. Baker, G. G. Reynolds and Frank A. Jaynes, Managers.

Addresses were delivered by Dr. MCCLINTOCK, of the Drew Theological Seminary, and Dr. FOSTER, setting forth the wants of the students preparing for the Ministry, who, for the most part, are poor and dependent on the Conferences for support while at the colleges, of which there are three under the immediate guardianship of the Eastern Conference, viz.: The Dickinson College, Carlisle, Penn.; the Wesleyan University, Middletown, Conn., and the Drew Theological Seminary. Among the young men studying therein, many have neither friends who can assist them pecuniarily nor the means of obtaining clothing and the common necessaries of life. In view of these difficulties this Society was formed in 1863, and by its aid, together with the private donations, bequests and legacies placed in its treasury, indigent students are provided for until they have completed their studies. A resolution was adopted at this meeting to form auxiliary societies, composed of ladies, to assist in the collection of clothes, money and all necessaries.

The Farmers Club.

Yesterday, the 4th inst., at 1 o'clock P. M., the Farmers' Club, of the American Institute, convened at Cooper Institute, and the meeting was called to order by Hon. N. C. ELY. The attendance was quite as large as usual, of both ladies and gentlemen. No papers were read, as is usual, but most of the time was occupied in reading letters of inquiry from correspondents in the country, and answering them.

WM. P. PASSMORE, of Fairville, Penn., in a letter to the Club, gave an account of the poisoning of several fattening swine by eating freely of the leaves of rhubarb, or pie plant, which were fed to them, after the leaves were separated from the stalks. The symptoms of the animals were exactly similar to those of any animals that die from poisoning.

Several interesting letters were read from poultry fanciers, who submitted the results of their efforts in rearing poultry and eggs during the past year. In one instance, each hen was reported to yield $4 20 per annum. In some other instances the average yield was $3 69 to $3 79 each.

Dr. I. P. TRIMBLE brought in a quantity of cherry blossoms, apple blossoms and blossoms of other fruit, to show that the late northeast storm has not injured the fruit. So long as the wind continues to blow, he thought there need be no fear as to the destruction of the blossoms and young fruit.

Several letters were read from farmers in different parts of the country, inquiring where they can go to find a better location than they are now in. South Jersey, round about Bricksburg, Manchester and Tom's River, was designated as the best place near New-York City, as land is cheap, and a good market is at the door.

As a remedy for striped bugs on cucumber vines, a brood of chickens near the vines was recommended. The Chairman stated that he had been accustomed to purchase cheese boxes, for three cents each, and to put one around each hill. Dr. TRIMBLE said the philosophy of repelling bugs by boxes is, the bugs do not see the young plants as they fly along, and thus they fly over the hills.

J. C. THOMPSON, of Staten Island, said that in a large garden or field, chickens and boxes are not a practicable remedy. He has been accustomed to apply a small quantity of the "flour of bone," which repels the bugs and afterward promotes the luxuriant growth of the vines and the squashes, or other vegetables.

J. L. KIRK, of Pittsburg, Penn., sent a small package of ground hay, stating that he has tried the process of grinding fodder, and thinks that hay can be ground to powder for $1 per ton. Several members, speaking simultaneously, affirmed that hay cannot be ground for that price per ton. There was no objection offered against grinding hay, except the great expense.

W. S. PARMELEE, Hillsdale, Mich., forwarded a package of fine looking apples for a name, one of which was a large red apple of unusually great weight. The fruit was referred to E. Williams, of Montclair, N. J., who was requested to report on it at some future period.

L. H. ALBERTSON, Jr., sent a letter to the Club, giving a detailed account of a very small grub, which attacks the kernels of Indian corn soon after they are planted.

The best known remedy is to steep the seed in tepid water over night, and roll it in coal tar and then in gypsum. This preparation of the seed will repel birds, squirrels and grubs without injuring the seed.

Dr. TRIMBLE gave a brief talk about the successful dairies round about Philadelphia. He referred to one dairyman who sold over $500 worth of butter in one season from four cows. His practice in pasturing the cows is to allow them to have access to a variety of grass, as much as they would eat. The milk is usually kept in spring houses, at a temperature of about 55° during the entire Summer.

After a session of two hours the Club adjourned for one week.

Small-Pox at Sea—Correction.

OFFICE OF AGENCY
PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, May 4, 1869.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

In your morning edition of this date you have a paragraph headed "Small-pox at Sea," which is evidently based on a sensational article of the same heading which appeared in the 3 o'clock edition of the *Daily News* of yesterday, in which a statement appeared purporting to come from a steerage passenger on the Pacific Mail steamship *Alaska*, just in from Aspinwall, to the effect that a fearful epidemic of small-pox had raged on board that ship during her homeward voyage, and that seven deaths had occurred from small-pox, &c. This statement is embellished with a florid description of the "consternation among passengers," of a "fearful excitement and indignation when it was ascertained that the victims to this disease were not all thrown overboard, but that after death the bodies were retained on board the ship," &c. In short, a statement calculated to convey the idea that a deadly epidemic had raged on board, and that the officers of the ship had behaved badly in not burying the dead nor respecting the welfare of the living. The statement is simply false—no epidemic having occurred on board the *Alaska*—no deaths having occurred from small-pox, or from any other contagious disease during the voyage.

The only deaths occurring were those of JOHN BECK, a Swede, who died suddenly of disease of the heart, and Dr. KLUGE, late Physician-in-Chief of the Panama Railroad Company, who was in the last stage of tropical dysentery when he came on board the ship, and who died from exhaustion, attendant upon that disease, on the 28th ult. His body was embalmed by the surgeon of the *Alaska* and brought home to his friends.

This latter fact may have afforded the hint to the perpetrator of the *canard*, in manufacturing his horrible story of retention of dead bodies on board.

ALFRED G. GRAY, Captain.
BENJ. R. SWAN, M. D., Surgeon.

Mr. S. D. Kehoe's Arrest—Card from His Accuser.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

Having caused the arrest of Mr. SIM. D. KEHOE (maker of Indian clubs) and another on Saturday last, for robbery, I desire to state that I have since ascertained his entire innocence, and I hope you will insert this in justice to Mr. KEHOE, and to relieve him of any imputation of guilt on account thereof.

He has since been honorably discharged, and justly so, and the party committing the crime held to answer. Respectfully yours,

F. D. SLOCUM,
No. 24 West Ninth-street, New-York.

Mayor's Office.

Yesterday Mr. A. J. TROXELL, of Salem, Va., appeared at the Mayor's Office, and made complaint that a few days ago, while standing near the Fulton Ferry, he was accosted by a person of genteel appearance, who got into conversation with him, and, after ascertaining that he was stopping at the St. Nicholas Hotel, proposed to accompany him part of the way. They had reached West-street, when a person standing in front of the building No. 110 put a paper into his (TROXELL'S) hand, and invited them to walk in. His new made acquaintance immediately suggested that they should accept the invitation and see what was going on. They did so, and were invited by the gentlemanly proprietor to take a turn with the dice-box, paying $1 for each throw and standing the chance of winning gold and silver watches, bracelets, &c. After losing several dollars at this game, three cards were produced and they were invited to bet. Mr. TROXELL'S friend assured him that at this game he was always successful, and he would go out and borrow $100, then return and "make his game." TROXELL, the confiding, said that he had money and would lend it to his new friend. He first lent him $100, which amount was lost; then $80, which was also lost. This was the extent of Mr. TROXELL'S funds, so they left the place, Mr. TROXELL'S friend pretending that they had been swindled. The end of the affair was that Mr. TROXELL finally laid the case before the Mayor, and was fortunate enough, through the assistance of Officer URY, to obtain $130 of his money back.

A poor seamstress made complaint yesterday that Mr. H. REINSTEIN, of No. 82 Warren-street, would not pay her for making some pants, for which he had promised her the munificent sum of ten cents per pair. Mr. REINSTEIN was sent for and compelled to pay the amount due.

Fires Yesterday.

At 1:30 o'clock yesterday morning a fire occurred in the chair manufactory No. 211 West Twenty-eighth-street, owned by C. MARTIN. The premises were damaged to the extent of $1,000; insured for that amount in the Niagara.

At 3 o'clock another fire broke out in HENRY DUMBUSH'S book and shoe store, on the first floor of No. 198 Second-street. The loss was $200 on stock; insured for $5,000.

At 5 o'clock a third fire occurred in the two-story brick building No. 58½ West Twenty-fourth-street. The flames spread with such rapidity that the entire edifice was destroyed. The first floor was occupied by CHARLES KEYSER as a policy shop. Loss $200; no insurance. The second floor was occupied by MICHAEL MCGOVERN as a carpenter shop. Loss $500; no insurance. HENRY PLEISTEIN owns the building. Loss $1,000; no insurance.

Fire Marshal's Report.

Mr. GEO. H. SHELDON, chief clerk in the Metropolitan Fire Marshal's office, announces that during the month of April there were 90 fires and 23 false alarms. Of the fires three were of incendiary origin. Six from lamp explosions, 16 from carelessness of occupant, two from upsetting of lamps, three from spontaneous combustion, five from children playing with matches and one case through incendiarism. No loss was claimed in 33 of these fires. In 12 the loss was less than $100 each. In 25 the loss was between $100 and $1,000. In 13 the loss was between $1,000 and $5,000. In two the loss was between $5,000 and $10,000. In three the loss was between $10,000 and $50,000. In one the loss was under $100,000, and in another the loss was over that amount. The aggregate loss on buildings was $134,340; on stock, $291,735. Total loss during the month, $426,075. Insurance on buildings, $384,497; on stocks, $643,445. Total, $1,027,942. CATHARINE SLOCUM was arrested on the 2d ult. on a charge of setting fire to premises No. 35 Mulberry-street, and she was committed to answer a charge of disorderly conduct by Justice DODGE. On the 29th, WILLIAM GOLDEN was arrested on a charge of setting fire to No. 16 Hamilton-street. He was committed for examination by Justice SHANDLEY.

Coroners' Cases.

An inquest was held yesterday by Coroner KEENAN in the case of CHARLES FITZPATRICK, the young man who died on Friday last in consequence of injuries sustained on the 19th ult., by his being ejected from the barber's shop, No. 29 East Eighteenth-street. JAMES P. MAHER, of No. 352 Third-avenue, testified that his brother-in-law, the deceased, had fallen on the sidewalk when pushed out of the barber's shop, and that he became worse during the night, death ensuing the next day. Officer DUGAL, of the Twenty-ninth Precinct, had found the deceased lying on the sidewalk, and as he was believed to be intoxicated, FITZPATRICK was detained over night, and subsequently committed for intoxication at the Jefferson Market Court. He obtained his release by paying a fine, but made no mention of his being in any way hurt. Sergeant GUNNER, of the Twenty-ninth Precinct, testified that deceased had not been locked up, but was permitted to repose on a sofa. A man, named HARRIS, had informed him that FITZPATRICK had been on a spree for three days. Other evidence was also introduced, but as the jury could not find any criminal intent, they rendered a verdict of accidental death.

Yesterday morning, about 9 o'clock, as DANIEL TROLAN, aged 11 years, was proceeding on his way to school, he was knocked down and run over by car No. 120 of the Seventh-avenue line, at the corner of Seventeenth-street and Seventh-avenue. The boy was instantly killed, so the driver was placed under arrest, the remains being first carried to the Morgue and subsequently to the residence of the parents in Twentieth-street, near Eleventh-avenue. Coroner KEENAN will hold an inquest to-day.

The body of an unknown man, dressed in dark clothing, was found yesterday morning at Pier No. 22 East River. Deceased was about 35 years of age and bald. The remains were taken to the Morgue for identification and inquest.

Coroner SCHIRMER was notified yesterday to hold an inquest at the lodging-house of JOSEPH RICE, No. 29 Centre-street, on the remains of a man supposed to be (from papers found in his possession) J. VAN NESS LYLE, a lawyer having an office at No. 68 Essex-street. It appears that the deceased applied for a room on Monday night, and was discovered yesterday afternoon on the floor quite dead. Dr. CUSHMAN gave an order for the removal of the remains to the Morgue for identification and inquest. Death is supposed to have resulted from natural causes.

Labor Movements.

At a meeting held last night by the members of the Horseshoers' Union, the following officers were elected for the ensuing six months: President, (reëlected,) Wm. McGuire; Vice-President, Cornelius Spelane; Financial Secretary, Wm. Fitzgerald; Recording Secretary, J. Martin; Treasurer, Henry McCann. Twenty-nine members were enrolled on this occasion, and the Society is reported to be in a flourishing condition.

Base Ball.

THE EXCELSIOR CLUB.

The members of this noted Brooklyn Club opened play yesterday for the first time this season, and had a grand muster of players despite the chilly, windy weather. Sides were chosen, and a game of five innings played, OLIVER'S side defeating MOORE'S by a score of 16 to 14.

MUTUAL VS. OLYMPIC.

The match between these clubs at Brooklyn yesterday resulted in favor of the Mutuals, by the score of 38 to 8.

THE ATLANTIC CLUB.

This club will play their return game with the Alphas to-morrow, and on Friday next they go to Philadelphia to play the Keystone Club the same afternoon.

Cricket.

The St. George Club open play to-day at Hudson City, on which occasion a grand game is to be played at 2 P. M., a club dinner closing the proceedings.

A telegram was received by Inspector DILKS, on Monday, from Mr. MICHAEL MORRIS, of Savannah, Geo., requesting the arrest of his son JOHN MORRIS, aged 11 years, who was to arrive at this City by the steamship *San Salvador*. The boy had stolen $100 in money from an uncle, and absconded. Officer HAGGERTY, of the Twenty-sixth Precinct, arrested the boy yesterday, and he is now under lock and key at Police Headquarters, and will be sent home on Saturday. His father requested that his son be sent home in irons, and he would pay the expense. The boy said that he came on to New-York to see the sights.

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS FOR WEDNESDAY.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.

Part I.—Held by Sutherland, J.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
1441—Benham vs. Hay et al.	973—Davis vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.
1039—Cutter vs. Lord.	1045—Gerhard vs. Freygany.
1579—Bridget vs. Reinhard et al.	1097—McMiller vs. Rindskoff.
1643—Windmuller et al. vs. Union Nat'l Bank.	613—Ritter vs. Bovdy.
1501—McCormick vs. Penn. Central R. R. Co.	1037—Baker et al. vs. Fritz.
891—Schmidt vs. Seely et al.	1115—Morton vs. Gladstone, Sr., et al.
1437—Merriam vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.	797—Learned vs. Ryder.
4247—Kirschmann vs. Ledirard et al.	1207—Sharkey vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.
1325—Murphy et al. vs. Haswell.	1239—Henry vs. Barnes.
967—Schwartz vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.	1313—Schwab et al. vs. Merchants' Union Express Co.

Part III.—Held by Cardozo, J.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
4290—Hatch vs. Pugnet.	623—Morrow et al. vs. Lamorre, Sheriff, &c.
742—Henemann et al. vs. Heard et al.	421—Burney vs. Owen.
1382—Vollman vs. Vass et al.	226—Gunn vs. Commissioners of Emigration.
252—Treadwell vs. Beneridge et al.	336—Drake vs. Barstow, President St. Nicholas Bank.
814—Clifton Chemical Works vs. White et al.	821—Newell vs. Parsons.
566—Eckhoff, Administrator, vs. Beckmeyer.	825—Newman vs. Kelly, Sheriff, &c.
34—Bull's Head Bank vs. Van Brunt et al.	204—Hussey et al. vs. Seguine et al.
1392—Soule vs. Haywood.	524—Osborn et al. vs. Michigan Central Railroad Company.
1555—Scully vs. Jardine et al.	679—Wagnon vs. Eneas.
1430—Kennedy, Receiver, vs. Huyck et al.	877—Mott et al. vs. Renshaw.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Held by Ingraham J.—Court opens at 10:30 A. M. Issues of Law and Fact.

Nos.	Nos.
169—Minn. Cent'l R. R. Co. vs. Morgan et al.	179—Knox vs. Dry Dock, East Broadway and Battery R. R. Co.
170—Vanderveer vs. Kent et al.	180—Woodruff et. al. vs. Kelber.
171—Coggeshall, Rec'r vs. Orcutt et al.	181—Fremont vs. Learned et al.
172—Kirkpatrick vs. Fay.	182—Gardner vs. Thomson et al.
173—Kahn vs. Considine et al.	183—Kehoe vs. Bryan et al.
174—Lorillard, Jr., et al. vs. Hicks et al.	184—Sealtzer vs. Sealtzer.
175—Frall vs. Miller.	186—Jones et al. vs. Suydam et al., Ex'rs, &c.
175½—Delavan vs. Duncan.	187—Getz, Trustee, vs. Binsse et al.
176—Goodwin et al. vs. Einstein et al.	188—Lyon et al. vs. Kettner et al.
177—Titus et al. vs. Hamilton et al.	
178—Dinelle vs. Parsons.	

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

Held by Clerke, J.—Court opens at 10 A. M.—Calendar called at 12 M.

Nos.	Nos.
4—Deutsch vs. Murray.	79—Meyer vs. Apfel.
59—Gessler vs. Pielsticker.	89—Wise vs. Groel.
73—Blodgett vs. Vandyke.	99—Lear vs. Lear.
	102—White vs. Pettigrew.

Call, No. 107—Tyson vs. Wyeth.

SUPERIOR COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Held by Jones, J.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
405—Kranshaar et al. vs. Kramer.	503—Warren vs. Abrahams, Ex'r, &c.
2929—Moses vs. Bunker et al.	905—Malburn vs. Abrahams, Ex'r, &c.
889—Mead, Jr., vs. Mead et al.	901—Butterfield vs. Abrahams, Ex'r, &c.
893—Kundpal et al. vs. Curtis et al.	899—Doyle vs. Abrahams, Ex'r, &c.
390½—Chapman vs. Thompson.	897—Lewinskie vs. Abrahams, Ex'r, &c.
879—Emmons vs. Phelan et al.	907—Mohr vs. Schultz et al.
425—East New-York and Jamaica R. R. Co. vs. Elmore.	909—Murchie et al vs. Ludman et al.
	911—McKay et al. vs. O'Brien, Sheriff.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM.

Part I.—Held by Daly, J.—Court opens at 11 A M

Nos.	Nos.
604—Simonson vs. Van Dyke.	607—Ronge et al. vs. Hodges.
140—Phillips vs. Smith.	608—Walker vs. Bell.
1131—Sykes vs. Leonard.	609—Fleck vs. Goofman.
586—Herryman vs. Hitchcock.	610—Orange Co. Milk Ass'n vs. Percy.
507—Green vs. St. Mark's F. Ins. Co.	611—Odricks et al. vs. Mening & Co.
470—Hart vs. Devlin.	612—Illins et al. vs. Kelly, Sheriff.
605—Gershell, Ex'r, vs. Aaron.	613—Lippman et al. vs. Jacobs.
606—Schwartz vs. Rindskopf.	

Part II.—Held by Barrett, J.—Court opens at 11 A M

Nos.	Nos.
575—Wright vs. Weiker.	322—Dickinson vs. Denny.
538—Davis vs. Ducreux.	408—Marlow vs. Home Ins. Co. of New-York.
574—Quinn vs. McGuire.	68—McGinness vs. White.
195—Ponsot vs. Harwood.	521—Twynge vs. Gautner.
368—Harrison et al. vs. Given et al.	499—Mavuz vs. Lippman.
486—Bryant vs. Bray.	208—Richardson vs. Herschel.
304—Hahn, Admin'r, &c., vs. Curtis.	418—Sass vs. Seely.
140—Phillips, &c., vs. Smith.	

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.

Calendar called by Alker, J., at 10 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
2411—Invincible Club vs. Ollivon.	2670—Ryan vs. Audenreid
2301—Jones vs. Pyott.	2671—Fach vs. Peekskill Iron Co.
2357—Himmann vs. Hyatt.	2672—Coxe vs. Bozman.
2381—Ballou vs. McMakin.	2673—Brown vs. Harriott.
2394—Marsh vs. Palmer.	2674—Theirs vs. McArthur.
— —Kronsbein vs. Hearn.	2675—Murphy vs. Dwyer.
2505—Hulin vs. Ashmun.	2676—Mayer vs. Friedlander.
2562—Crane vs. Harris.	2677—Claflin vs. Marks.
2692—Degeon vs. Ogelbie.	2678—Lynch vs. Clarmont.
2664—Kahn vs. Watts.	2679—Ward vs. Combs.
2665—Norris vs. Johnston.	2680—Johnson vs. Murphy.
2665—Friedman vs. Deutsch	2681—Clear vs. Thrypson.
2666—Kennelly vs. Haines.	2682—McDonald vs. Grimes.
2667—Just vs. Boehm.	2683—Renous vs. Turner.
2668—McMahon vs. Daly.	— —Renous vs. Hill.
2669—Day vs. Samuel.	

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Held by G. S. Bedford, Jr., City Judge.—Court opens at 11 A. M.

Nos.	Nos.
1—The People vs. Francis Murray, Chas. Wilson, John Rouff, Chas. McGonigle; robbery.	6—The People vs. Edward F. Eastwood; burglary.
2—The People vs. John Dunn; robbery.	7—The People vs. George Loomis; grand larceny.
3—The People vs. Michael Friel, Patrick Clancy; robbery.	8—The People vs. Paul Brittner; larceny.
4—The People vs. Thomas Nolan, John H. Sheridan; burglary.	9—The People vs. Elias Hoblom; receiving stolen goods.
5—The People vs. John Turner; burglary.	10—The People vs. Peter Welch; felonious assault and battery.
	11—The People vs. George Whitfield Chandler; bigamy.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Before Blatchford, J.

THE SPERRY ERIE SUIT.

In the suit of Elihu Sperry and wife against the Erie Railway Company, in reference to preferred stock, an application was made to-day for an order to show cause why service of the subpœna should not be set aside, and the bill should not be taken from the files upon the ground that the issuance of the subpœna and the filing of the bill were an abuse of the processes of the Court and a fraud thereon; and that the suit violated the rule of law which prohibits the maintaining of suits for speculative purposes. It appears from the affidavits that Mr. and Mrs. Sperry are an aged couple residing in New-Haven. Mrs. Sperry was the sister of Captain Lines, formerly of the *Arago*, who was drowned some years ago at Niagara Falls. She inherited a portion of his property, and among the portion so inherited were sixty-four shares of Erie preferred stock. Mrs. Sperry stated that three men, by the name of Bushnell, White and Bristol, came to her house at New-Haven, and said that James Fisk, Jr., had a controversy with the Union Pacific Railroad Company, and they wanted to get an opportunity to bring a suit against the Erie Railway Company, and wanted to use her stock and her name to bring the suit in. They persuaded the old lady to give a power of attorney to Bristol to bring such a suit, and Bushnell and White agreed in writing to buy her stock at some distant day, provided she would release to them all sums of money which they might realize out of the suit over and above the value of the stock. They expressed the belief that they would make a large sum of money by a compromise and settlement of the suit. Mrs. Sperry gave the power of attorney, and received in return the agreement. She states with great frankness that many of her friends have spoken to her about commencing a suit in her old age, but, in her own language, "she has not got any suit; all she has got is a paper from Bushnell and the others." She offered to come to New-York and explain the matter to the Erie Company, but subsequently seems to have reconsidered her determination, stating that Bushnell and Oakes Ames had promised to protect her, and to pay her dollar for dollar for her stock.

The Court granted an order, returnable on Saturday next, for the complainants to show cause why the service of the subpœna should not be set aside, and why the bill should not be taken from the files.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—BROOKLYN.

Before Judge Benedict

DECISION IN ADMIRALTY.

In the case of the Harlem and New-York Transportation Company *vs.* The steamboat *State of New-York*, Judge BENEDICT decided that the *Sylvan Stream* was not bound to abandon her landing, but had the right to keep on and rely upon the *State of New-York* stopping in time to avoid her. The rule here laid down as applicable to vessels situated as these two vessels were seems necessary to advoid constant danger and controversy, and one which would work injustice to no one. The decree must accordingly be to the libelant, with a reference to ascertain the amount.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE.

Before Commissioner Shields.

Henry Etts was arraigned before Commissioner SHIELDS yesterday, charged with representing himself as a revenue officer and blackmailing Wm. Botzmann and others, cigars dealers. He was committed for examination in $2,000 bail. The examination will commence to-morrow.

Before Commissioner Osborn.

The Sherlock case was continued yesterday. One witness called by Messrs. Tremaine and Tyler for the defence testified to a conversation between Ford and the man who employed him to carry the whisky, which went to show that Ford did not know that there was anything wrong about the transaction, and that he carried the liquor to Sherlock & Co.'s vinegar factory by mistake, it being designed for another establishment. The case goes on to-day.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S OFFICE.

A Deputy Marshal took a voyage to Staten Island yesterday morning, and arrested Mr. C. C. Norvell on the suit of James Fisk, Jr., for libel. Staten Island does not belong in the Southern District of New-York, so that the arrest was entirely illegal, and Mr. Norvell was discharged as soon as he was brought to the City. The arrest was ordered Monday evening after office hours, and without the knowledge of Marshal Barlow.

SUPREME COURT—KINGS COUNTY.

Before Judge Gilbert.

Caroline Brown vs. *Thomas Whitaker.*—This was an action for ejectment for a house and lot in Williamsburg. On the trial of the case it appeared that fifteen years ago the plaintiff took the property by devise from her husband. There was then an outstanding claim on an old tax lease which the plaintiff bought in. The plaintiff then left the house and went to Europe. On her return from Europe after some years she found the property in the possession of strangers claiming title under the very tax lease she had bought in. There had been legal proceedings, in the course of which the seller of the tax title had had himself appointed referee to sell, and special guardian of infants who purported to be interested. Mr. Buster, the executor of plaintiff's husband, was exonerated from all blame by the testimony.

The decree in the case gave the property to the plaintiff.

A. L. Edwards for plaintiff, M. G. Terry for defendant.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM.

Before Justice Barnard.

THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD WAR.

Wm. M. Tweed, Jr., Receiver, vs. James S. Baker and the National Bank of the State of New-York.—The Same vs. The Same and the Continental Bank.—The receiver in the Union Pacific Railway case has commenced two suits to restrain Mr. Baker and the banks in which his accounts are kept from disturbing those accounts or allowing money to be drawn on them until the determination of the main suit, on the ground that the moneys purporting to be in Mr. Baker's name are really the moneys of the Union Pacific Railway Company or of the Credit Mobilier of America. In both cases temporary injunctions have been granted.

Messrs. Field and Shearman for plaintiff; Mr. Clark Bell for Mr. Baker.

SUPREME COURT—SPECIAL TERM—BROOKLYN—MAY 3.

Before Judge Gilbert.

ORDERS AND DECISIONS.

The Dime Savings Bank *vs.* Samuel Wagoner, &c.; reference to compute.

Sarah J. Matting *vs.* John S. Christie; report showing due $1,144.

Alexander Sutherland *vs.* Ardem M. Hallock; proofs, &c.; no answer; referred to compute.

Charles F. Schmidt *vs.* Patrick Dooley et al.; Timothy Perry appointed guardian *ad litem.*

Wm. Bergh *vs.* Wm. A. Batchelor et al.; report of A. H. Sedell; due, $8,185; judgment.

Lydia M. Anderson and infants, petition; report of special guardian confirmed; $180 allowance.

Edward H. Brewer et al.; report of special guardian confirmed.

In matter of opening Buffalo-avenue from Atlantic to city line; report of Commissioners confirmed.

Louisa C. Schofield *vs.* Thomas Palmer; Josiah T. Moreau appointed guardian for suit.

James Eagan, &c., *vs.* Richard Decker; amount due, $5,743; judgment, &c.

E. H. Arnold *vs.* Eliza Jane Hill; Treasurer of Queens allowed to pay $81 68 to defendant.

Annie McCannon *vs.* Francis C. McCannon; Michael T. Murphy to be appointed guardian on filing bond.

William Buhler *vs.* Henry Walbem and wife; due $7,370 22; referred.

In the matter of opening Eleventh street from Second to Ninth avenue; report of Assessors confirmed.

Samuel B. H. Judah, executor, &c., *vs.* Anna A. Contan, &c.; ordered to pay to Abel Cook $55, to W. H. Van Brunt $246 40; $30 costs; $6 referee; $116 to A. A. Contan, and balance to be deposited in Trust Company.

Williamsburgh Savings Bank *vs.* Henry McComisky et al.; on report of referee $2,199 due.

Patrick Barrington *vs.* Zet. Lea Rosa, &c.; judgment for ejectment and plaintiff to have possession; writ of inquiry to issue to Sheriff to assist.

Mary Auffenanger *vs.* Catharine Wagner et al.; on report of referee $659 due.

South Side Long Island Railroad Company *vs.* Eliza T. Decker; $105 awarded.

Matilda Rivers *vs.* Rosanna B. Pelletreau; amount due $70,575; referee to sell.

Daniel M. Clark & Son *vs.* Mary V. H. Webb et al.; James W. Taylor appointed guardian for suit.

Jacob Pecar *vs.* James Pringle; report, David B. Phillips $548 19; judgment and sale by Simon Dunn.

Keyes Whitmore *vs.* Amelia S. Barnard; on report of referee, $5,537 61; judgment and sale by same referee.

COMMON PLEAS—TRIAL TERM—PART II.

Before Judge Barrett and a Jury.

A BROADWAY COLLISION.

Wright Gillies vs. *Maria Lent.*—Four years ago, about 11 o'clock in the day, the plaintiff was passing in his carriage through Broadway, opposite Stewart's lower store, when a stage coming from behind and attempting to pass, one of the wheels caught in the hind wheel of plaintiff's carriage and dragging it forward, forced one of the horses against a truck immediately in front, by which the horse and carriage sustained injuries to the alleged amount of $700, for which suit was brought. Almost the sole question raised by the pleadings outside the amount of damages, was the identity of the stage inflicting the injury. Plaintiff and his driver swore to the number of the stage and the line to which it belonged, and that it was owned by defendant.

A driver of that line swore in opposition that on the day mentioned, for months before and after, he drove the stage testified to by plaintiff, and that no accident of the kind could have occurred without his knowledge, and did not occur.

The jury found a verdict in favor of plaintiff for $620.

S. & W. Shepherd for plaintiff; Robert D. Holmes for defendant.

DECISIONS.

COMMON PLEAS—SPECIAL TERM—MAY 4.

By Judge Barrett.

David Snedeker *vs.* Hannah Louisa Snedeker; report confirmed and judgment granted.

NOTICE TO THE BAR.

In Part 2, Common Pleas, Judge BARRETT, on the call of the calender, will set down causes for a particular day on request of counsel; but such causes must be tried on the day fixed, or they will go to the foot of the calendar.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Recorder Hackett.

ASSAULT WITH INTENT TO KILL.

James Kelly had two indictments against him, one for burglary, the other for assault and battery with intent to kill, both offences committed on the same night. He pleaded guilty to the assault, and was sentenced to States Prison for five years.

LARCENIES.

Christian Frey was charged with stealing two rings on the 14th of April from Albert Dias. The rings were supposed to be worth over $25, but as it was difficult to prove their value, a plea of petit larceny was accepted, and Mr. Frey was sent to the Penitentiary for six months.

Julia Wilson pleaded guilty to petit larceny. It was a first offence, and as the property had been restored, she therefore escaped with only one month in the Penitentiary.

Charles King, a lad of sixteen, pleaded guilty to stealing from the Merchants' Union Express Company, and was sent to the Penitentiary for one year.

The Court was then adjourned till to-day.

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Before Justices Dowling and Kelly.

Thirteen cases of assault and battery, ten of petit larceny and one of misdemeanor were upon the calendar of yesterday, and were all promptly disposed of by the Magistrates. A few of the cases were of interest and are appended.

A COMPLAINANT ASTONISHED.

William McIntosh being placed at the bar to answer a charge of stealing two pairs of pantaloons, and George Giles, the complainant, being called, did not answer. No one being able to explain his absence, a bench warrant was issued to compel his appearance. The officer was so unusually prompt that a few minutes only elapsed before he brought the delinquent, Giles, before the Court. That gentleman being asked for an explanation of his non-appearance, blandly informed the magistrates that he supposed there was no necessity for him to come, as he had settled the case, and that the brother of the prisoner had paid him $3 for the stolen articles, and he had agreed to withdraw the charge. Giles supposed he had proceeded in an entirely lawful and proper manner, and was about to leave the room, when he was interrupted and dumbfounded by an outburst from Justice DOWLING, who spoke strong and bitter words concerning the universality of the practice of complainants refusing to prosecute when they have received the paltry value of the stolen goods, and announced his determination to do all in his power to abrogate a custom so prejudicial to law and good order. To make an instant application of his promise, he took the complainant Giles in hand, and sentenced him to pay a fine of $50 and to five days' confinement in the City Prison. There was a genuine sensation in Court as the amazed and trembling Giles went down into the darkness of the Tombs.

THREE O'CLOCK IN THE MORNING.

Hugh Mooney and John Daniels, being charged with an assault upon Officer Dennison, of the Fifteenth Precinct, the evidence showed at 3 o'clock in the morning the officer was going home in citizen's dress, and upon passing No. 4 Canal Place, his attention was attracted by an uproar, as though there was a carouse in progress. Considering the matter worthy of investigation, he went in, and with a view of testing the respect of the establishment for the Excise Law, called for a glass of ale, which he received. Just then a fight arose between a man and woman, when Dennison displayed his shield and threatened to arrest the combatants, whereupon every one in the room postponed all prior engagements and united in an attack upon the officer, who was roughly handled, and received some severe contusions. Moody and Daniels, however, were subsequently secured as two of the assailants, but, the magisterial mind deciding to consider the facts with due deliberation, they were remanded until the last day of the present term.

OBSCENITY RATED.

It will be remembered that a few days since one William Simmons was arrested by the vigilance of Captain Jourdan of the Sixth Precinct, when in the act of selling obscene books. This merchant in corruption being arraigned yesterday, pleaded guilty, and was fined $50.

POLICE COURTS.

The Tombs—Hogan, Justice.

THE EXPRESS ROBBERY CASE.

James Buckley, the man who was arrested on Monday, after he had in company with two others attempted to rob a wagon belonging to the American Merchants' Union Express Company, was arraigned before the Magistrate yesterday on the formal complaint of Wm. J. Cox, the express driver. It will be remembered that Cox was rudely assaulted by these highwaymen, and had it not been for the interference of a truck deliver, the thieves would have carried off the wagon and its valuable contents. Cox made an affidavit that the accused had attempted to steal from his possession a package intended for the Ninth National Bank, containing $2,056 in cash. Other packages were also in the wagon, but they were omitted in the complaint as unnecessary. The Magistrate considered the evidence presented as conclusive, so held Buckley for trial without bail. The prisoner is a native of England, a plumber, aged 35, and says he resides in Thirty-fifth-street. He, of course, denied his guilt.

THE LIQUOR SALOON AFFRAY.

Edward Dempsey, of No. 449 West Nineteenth-street, appeared to state the facts of the affray on Monday night in the saloon No. 122 Tenth-avenue, previously reported, when he was stabbed on the hand and neck by John Mann. Each party accused the other of being drunk and beginning the fight, but Dempsey having his gaping wounds to testify in his behalf, Mann was committed, in default of $1,000 bail, for trial at the General Sessions.

Jefferson Market—Ledwith, Justice.

AN OLD ACCOUNT SETTLED.

So long ago as February last Flora Wilson and Mary Ann Burtley were fellow-boarders in No. 36 West Forty-fourth-street, and on the first day of that month the latter disappeared simultaneously with a hat, cloak and other articles, valued at $50, belonging to the former. Mary was not seen again until the 3d inst., when she was encountered in Broadway wearing the lost hat and cloak. Being arrested and arraigned, she sought to diminish the turpitude of her conduct by pleading "I only tuck these 'ere things I had on," but was nevertheless committed for trial at the General Sessions on a charge of grand larceny.

Essex Market—Mansfield, Justice.

THE PRICE OF A CAROUSE.

Leo Humbert, of No. 203 East Houston-street, tells a doleful story, to the effect that on the 28th of March John Friederich invited him to take a walk, doing which they walked into many dangerous places in the guise of beer saloons, and finally into a saloon corner of Stanton and Eldridge streets, where wine was liberally ordered and paid for by Humbert. In so doing he displayed his money, and before leaving the saloon he found that the $65 remaining of his $95, after paying for the wine, had been stolen from his pocket. Subsequently he was informed that Friederich had been seen to take his money, and had also admitted taking it, but claimed that he had transferred it to the wife of the saloon keeper for safe-keeping. That lady being applied to, denied having been made the custodian of the money, whereupon Friederich was arrested and was held for examination.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.

Sales at the Stock Exchange—May 4, 1869.

$2,000	U. S. 6s, '81, R. c.	119	$1,000	Lake S. Div. Bs	90¼
15,000	U. S. 5-20, R. '62	113⅛	20	Ocean Bank	106
50,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '62	118⅝	50	Amer. Ex. Bank	111¼
10,500	do.	118⅜	10	Bank of Republic	118
10,000	U. S. 5-20 C. '64.	114⅛	10	Fourth Nat. Bk.	104
10,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '65	115⅜	20	Mechanics' Bank	134
10,000	U. S. 5-20 C., '67. b3	116⅜	100	Mariposa Min.	18¼
20,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40 C.	108⅜	100	Del. & Hud. Can.	132
54,000	Tenn. S. 6s ex c	67¼	30	Pacific Mail	92
10,000	do.	67⅛	66	do. 2d call	92¼
10,000	do.	67⅛	25	Amer. M. U. Ex.	41
10,000	Tenn. St. 6s. n.	66¼	100	N. Y. Cen.	177
20,000	do.	65¼	100	do. b30	177¼
10,000	do.	65½	100	do.	176⅝
20,000	do.	65	300	do.	176⅝
3,000	Ga. St. 6s	82	10	do.	176⅞
10,000	Va. St. 6s, x c.	57	100	Hudson R.	153⅛
14,000	N. C. St. 6s	60¼	200	Harlem	147⅝
10,000	N. C. S.6s, New.	54¼	200	do.	147⅛
1,000	do.	54¼	1200	Reading	95⅝
4,000	Mo. St. 6s	88¼	48	Rome, & Watert'n R.	120
1,000	do.	88⅛	170	Mich. Southern	105¼
1,000	Missouri 6s, H. & St. Jo. Is.	90	200	do.	105
5,000	La. 6s	74	500	do.	105⅛
10,000	La. 6s, Lev. Bs.	69¼	15	Panama R	324
5,000	La. 8s, L. Bds.	90	200	Chi. & N.W. Pf.	97⅝
7,000	do.	89½	300	do. b30	98⅛
4,000	N. Y. Cen. 6's 83	90	100	do.	98
6,000	MichSo.S.F.Bs.	96	200	Lake Shore	104⅛
3,000	Mor. & Es.2d M.	92	300	Chi. & R.I, bet c.	136⅛
3,000	C. & R. I. & P. R. 7s	96	100	Mil. & St. P.	77
10,000	P., Ft. W. & C. 2d M	97	500	do.	77⅛
4,000	Mor. & Es.1st M	97	100	M. & St. P. Pf.	86⅜
10,000	C., C. & Ind. Cen. 1st M.	86¼	100	do.	86⅜
01,000	do.	86¾	100	do.	86¼
35,000	do.	86¼	400	do.	86⅛
72,000	do.	86	160	Del., L. & W.	116
15,000	Col. C.& Ind. C. 2d M.	81	100	T., W. & W.	72
1,000	Chi. & Mil. 1st.	90	200	P., Ft. W. & C.	145⅛
4,000	Chi. & Alt.1st M	102¼	75	do.	145
5,000	M. & St. P. 1st.	91	72	N. J. Cen.	111⅛
3,000	N.J.Cen. n. bds	98	5	do.	111
2,000	do.	97⅛	100	Ohio & Miss Pf.	32⅛
			500	do. b30	33
			100	H. & St. J.	116
			50	H. & S. J. Pf. c	114⅝
			100	Chi. & Alt.	156⅛
			10	do. 2d call	157
			30	C. C. Cin. & I. R.	69
			1000	Chi. & N. W.	86⅛
			50	do.	86⅛

SECOND BOARD—12½ P. M.

$1,000	U. S. 6s. '81, C.	119⅛	$25,000	U. S. 6s Cur.	106⅛
20,000	U. S.5-20 C., '64	114⅛	24,000	U. S. 5-20 C. '67.	116⅜
16,000	do. s3	113⅞	45,000	do.	116⅜
11,500	U. S. 5-20 C., '65, new	116⅛	50,000	U. S. 5s, 10-40, C	108⅜
10,000	do.	116⅛			

SECOND BOARD—2½ P. M.

$11,000	Tenn.St. 6s, xc	67	52	Pacific Mail	92⅛
15,000	Tenn. 6s, new	65⅛	200	Quick. Min. Co.	20
20,000	do. b30	66	16	Adams Express	61
2,000	do.	66	50	A. M. U. Ex. Co.	41
1,000	N. Car. 6s	60⅛	20	Mer. U. Ex.	15⅛
10,000	N. Car. St. 6s, New	54⅛	13	N. Y. Cen.	175
7,000	Mo. 6s, H. & St. Jos. Iss	90½	600	Harlem	150
5,000	do.	90⅛	200	Reading	96
10,000	La. 6s, Lev. B.	69⅛	1000	Mich. Southern	104⅛
2,000	H.R.2d S.F.Bds	103½	200	Chic. & N. W.	86
10,000	Col. C. & I. C. 1st	86	100	do.	86⅛
5,000	Mar.T. 10s,ctfs.	70	500	do.	86⅛
4,000	Mor. & Es. 1st.	97	400	Mil. & St. P.	77⅛
500	Lake S. Div. B.	90⅛	100	C., Cin. & Ind.	69⅛
1,000	do.	90	40	N. J. Cen.	112
4,000	Mil. & St. P.1st	91	100	P., Ft. W. & C.	144
7,000	Mich So.S. F.B.	96	100	do.	143⅞
3,000	C., R. I. & P. 7s	96	65	Mor. & Es. b3	91
28	West. U. Tel.	42½	100	Ohio & Miss.	32⅛
200	Mar. Pf.	43	300	H. & St. J. R. Pf.	115⅛
			100	do.	115⅛
			65	Dub. & S. C.	116⅛
			20	Del., L. & W.	116

OPEN BOARD—10 A. M.

$10,000	Tenn. St. 6s, N	65¾	700	Mil. & S. P.	77
10,000	do.	65⅝	600	do.	77⅛
100	Wells-Fargo Ex.	36	100	do. b15	77⅛
600	Quicksilver	20⅛	200	do. c	77⅛
200	do.	20⅛	100	do. b3	77⅛
100	do. b15	20⅛	200	Fort Wayne	145⅛
100	do. c	20⅛	600	do.	145
100	Mariposa Pf.	42⅛	100	do. c	145⅛
200	Pacific Mail	91⅞	200	do. b3	146
100	do.	91⅞	1500	Ohio & Miss.	32⅛
100	do. b10	91⅞	200	do. s3	32⅛
100	do.	91⅞	200	do.	32⅛
300	West U. T.	42⅛	400	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	86⅛
200	do.	42⅛	300	Mich. S.& N.I.	105⅛
500	do.	43	900	do.	105⅛
1000	N. Y. Cent'l	177⅛	100	do. b10	105⅛
100	do.	177	100	do. s5	105⅛
400	do.	176⅞	200	do. b10	105⅛
200	do. b5	176⅞	400	Clev. & Pitts.	92⅛
200	do. c	176⅞	200	do.	92⅛
800	Reading	95⅝	600	Lake Shore	104⅛
400	do. s15	95⅝	400	do. s3	104⅛
200	do. b3	95⅝	800	Chic. & N. W.	85⅛
100	Chi. & Alt. Pf.	158	100	do. b15	86
100	T., W. & W.	72⅛	200	do.	85⅛
200	do.	72⅛	300	do. b30	86
50	Mer. U. Ex.	15⅛	400	Chi. & N.W. Pf.	97⅛
800	Chi., R. I. & P.	136⅛			

OPEN BOARD—1 P. M.

$5,000	Tenn S. 6s., n.	66	100	T., W. & W.	72
100	Adams Express	61⅛	100	Mil.& St. P. Pf.	86⅛
100	do.	61	100	Fort Wayne	144⅛
100	Wells-Fargo c	35⅛	200	do.	144
100	Merch. Un. Ex.	15⅛	200	Ohio & Miss	32⅛
100	Quicksilver	20⅛	300	M. So. & N. I.	105⅛
200	do.	20⅛	300	do.	105⅛
100	do. c	20⅛	800	do.	105⅛
100	Mariposa	18	200	do. b10	105⅛
200	Mariposa Pf.	42⅛	200	do.	105⅛
200	do.	43	200	do. b5	105⅛
200	Pacific Mail	92⅛	200	do.	105⅛
100	do. b10	92⅛	400	Clev. & Pitts.	92
100	do. b5	92⅛	500	do. b30	92⅛
200	West. U. T.	43	200	do.	92⅛
100	N. Y. Cen. R.	176⅛	500	do. b30	92⅛
500	do.	176⅛	300	Lake Shore	104⅛
1600	do.	176⅛	600	Chic., R. I. & P.	136⅛
300	do. c	176⅛	100	do. b5	136⅛
200	do. b10	176⅛	300	do.	136⅛
1300	do.	176⅛	100	do. b10	136⅛
1200	do.	176⅛	300	Chi. & N. W.	86⅛
100	do. b5	176⅛	200	do.	86⅛
300	do. b3	176⅛	300	do. b5	86⅛
200	Hudson R. R.	155⅛	400	do.	86⅛
400	do.	155⅛	100	do. b10	86⅛
600	do.	155⅛	200	do.	86⅛
200	Harlem b30	150	300	Chi. & N.W. Pf.	98⅛
200	do. b3	150	200	do.	98⅛
400	Mil. & St. P.	78	100	do. s10	98⅛
100	do. c	77⅛	200	do. b5	98⅛
200	Reading b10	96			
200	do. c	95⅛			

OPEN BOARD—3½ P. M.

$15,000	Tenn. 6s, new.	66	100	Fort Wayne	142⅛
200	Adams Ex.	60⅛	200	do.	142
100	do.	60⅛	100	do.	141⅛
100	do.	60⅛	100	Col.,C.& I.Cen.	46⅛
100	Canton Co.	61⅛	1200	Ohio & Miss	32⅛
200	do.	61⅛	300	Clev. & P.	91⅛
100	Mer. Union Ex.	15⅛	800	do.	91⅛
100	Mariposa Min.	18⅛	100	do. s30	91⅛
400	Mariposa Pref b60	43	200	do.	91⅛
200	do. b30	43	500	Mich. So. & N. I.	104⅛
100	do.	42⅛	100	do. b10	104⅛
200	do.	42⅛	400	do. s10	104⅛
400	Pacific Mail	92	100	do. b3	104⅛
200	do.	91⅛	900	do.	104
200	West. U. Tel.	42⅛	300	do. s3	104⅛
600	N. Y. Cen.	175⅛	200	Lake Shore b10	104
200	do.	175⅛	100	do.	103⅛
800	Reading	95⅛	300	do.	102⅛
200	do. s15	95⅛	500	C., R. I. & P.	135⅛
200	Hud. R.	154	100	do.	135
100	Chic. & Alton	157	200	do.	134⅛
200	T., W. & W.	71⅛	100	do. b10	135
600	Mil. & St. P.	77⅛	300	do. b3	134⅛
100	do. b30	77⅛	500	Chic. & N. W.	85⅛
100	do. s30	77⅛	800	do.	85⅛
100	do.	78⅛	200	Chic. & N. W. Pf.	97⅛
300	do. s5	77⅛			
200	do.	77⅛			
200	Mil. & St. P. Pf.	86⅛			
100	do. b10	86⅛			

NEW NATIONAL BOARD—NOON.

100	Mariposa	18⅛	200	Erie	28⅛
100	do. c	18⅛	300	Erie bef. call	28⅛
100	Mariposa Pf.	42⅛	100	do.	28⅛
100	do. b3	42⅛	100	do. c	28⅛
200	A. M. U. Ex.	40⅛	100	do. c	28
100	Quick. Min. Co.	20⅛	200	do. s3	28⅛
200	West. Un. Tel.	42	100	do.	28⅛
100	Reading	95⅛	100	do. c	28⅛
100	Mich. So. R.	105	300	do.	28⅛
100	Rock Island	135⅛			

TUESDAY, May 4—P. M.

There was a sharp turn in the Money market for the Brokers to-day, not wholly unexpected after the rather active demand at 7 ₱ cent at the close of business yesterday. The rates paid to-day were 7 ₱ cent. Currency to 7 ₱ cent. Gold Interest—the latter equal to about 10 ₱ cent. ₱ annum. The present dearness of Money is ascribed in part to the *Bullish* speculation in Gold, the conduct of which, while Gold is plenty from the May Interest payments out of the Treasury, requires a large amount of ready cash. The speculation in the same general upward direction in other Wall-street departments, such as the Public Funds and the New-York and Western Railways, also demands a very considerable amount of money, and at the same time the Banks are called upon by their mercantile customers for discounts.

The effect of the above change in Money was not much felt upon the Gold market, which closed yesterday at about 135⅝ ₱ cent., nor to the extent of more than ⅛@⅜ ₱ cent. upon the Public Funds, all of which left off steady in the Afternoon. The Railway market was more unsettled, and New-York Central and some of the Western lines feverish, fluctuating 1@2@2½ ₱ cent. through the day. The Foreign Exchanges, without being influenced in rates, were made dull by the stiffness in Gold and the demand for Money.

After the late Boards the following quotations were made as compared with Monday night:

	Monday.	Tuesday.
United States 10-40s	108½	108⅜
United States 5-20s of 1862	118¾	118⅝
United States 5-20s of 1867	116⅞	116⅝
American Gold Coin	135⅝	135¾
Bills on London, 60 days	109¼	109⅛
New Bonds of Tennessee	66	66
Virginia Bonds, old	58½	57½
Missouri Bonds	88½	88½
North Carolina Bonds, new	54½	54½
New-York Central	177¼	175¼
Reading Railway	95⅝	95⅝
Chicago and Rock Island	136⅞	134⅞
Northwest Common	86⅜	85⅞
Northwest Preferred	98	97⅝
Michigan Southern	105½	104⅛
Pittsburg and Fort Wayne	146	144
Cleveland and Pittsburg	92¼	90⅞
Pacific Mail Company	92	92
St. Paul Preferred	86⅝	86⅛
St. Paul Common	77½	77¼
Toledo and Wabash	73	71⅞
Ohio and Mississippi	33	32⅝
Mariposa Preferred	42	42⅝
Lake Shore	104¾	103¾
Hudson River	156¼	154½
Louisiana Levee 6s	70	69⅝

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States at the close of business:

6 ₱ cent. reg., 1881	118⅝	5-20 coup., 1867	116⅝
6 ₱ cent. coup., 1881	119	5-20 coup., 1868	116⅝
5-20 reg., 1862	113¼	5 ₱ cent. reg., 1871	125¾
5-20 coup., 1862	118⅝	5 ₱ cent., reg., 1874	114⅝
5-20 reg., 1864	113¼	5 ₱ cent. coup., 1874s	117
5-20 coup., 1864	114¼	10-40 reg.	107¾
5-20 reg., 1865	113⅝	10-40 coup.	108⅜
5-20 coup., 1865	115⅝	6s Currency	106⅜
5-20 coup., '65 n. 1	116⅜		

And the following for the State Bonds:

Ill. 6 ₱ c. c. '79, aft '70.	100½	Louisiana 6s, levee bds.	69
Ill. 6 ₱ c. coupons, '77.	100½	Louisiana 8s, levee bds.	89
Ill. 6 ₱ c. coupons, '79.	100½	California 7s	127
Ill. War Loan	100½	California 7s, large bds.	127
Indiana 5 ₱ c.	97¾	Connecticut 6s	101
Michigan 6 ₱ ct., '78	98	Rhode Island 6s	101⅛
Tenn. 6s, ex cou	67	N. Y. Reg. B'ty Loan.	110
Tenn. 6s, new bds	65	N.Y. Coupon B. Loan.	110
Virginia 6s, ex cou	57½	N.Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal, '72	101¾
Virginia 6s, new bds	62¼	N.Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal, '73	101¾
Georgia 6s	81½	N. Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal, '74	101¾
Georgia 7s, new bds	95½	N. Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal. '75	101¾
North Carolina 6s	60½	N. Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal, '77	101¾
North Car. 6s, n. bds.	54½	N. Y. 6 ₱ c. Canal, '78	101¾
Missouri 6s	88½	N.Y. 5 ₱ c. Canal, '71	100
Mo., H. & St. Jo. Is.	90½	N. Y. 5 ₱ c. Canal, '74	100
Louisiana 6s	74	N.Y. 5 ₱ c. Canal, '76	97

And the following for the City Bank Stocks:

New-York	130	Bank of North Amer.	110
Manhattan	140	Hanover	113
Mechanics'	134	Grocers'	110
America	145	Corn Exchange	130
Fulton	160	Continental	100
Butchers & Drovers	135	Commonwealth	114
Merchants' Ex.	115	Imp. and Traders'	133
Seventh Ward	110	Park	159½
Commerce	128	Central National	112
Ocean	106	Fourth National	103⅞
American Exchange	111	Ninth National	113
Chatham	150	Gold Exchange	140
Bank of the Republic	118		

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1883	89	Chi. & R. I. 1st M.	99
N. Y. Cen. 6s, 1887	93	Chi. R. I. & P.	95⅛
N. Y. Cen. 6s, R. Est'e.	85	Morris & Essex 1st M.	98⅛
N. Y. C. 6s, Subscr'n	85	Cleve. & Tol. S. Fund.	99
B. N. Y. & E. 1st, '77	87	P. Ft. W. & C. 1st M.	102¼
H. R.7s,1st M.,1869-70	101	Cleve. & P. 3d M.	84½
H. R.7s, 2d M. S. F.'85	103⅛	Chi. & Alton S. F.	97
H. R. 7s, 3d M., 1875	96	Chi. & Alton 1st M.	102
Harlem 1st M. x	99	Dub. & Sioux C.1st M.	90
Mich. S. 7 ₱ c. 2d M.	93	Mil. & St. P. 1st M. 8s.	103⅛
Ill. Cen. 7 ₱ c., 1870	119¾	Mil. & St. P. 1st 7 3-10	92
Alton & T. H. 1st M.	92½	Mil. & St. Paul 1st M	91
Alton & T. H. 2d M. pf	83½	Mil.&St.P. I.& M. d.	88
Chi. & N. W. 1st M.	92	Marietta & Cin. 1st M.	87
Han. & St. J. L. G.	107	Chi. & Mil. 1st M.	89⅛
Del., L. & W., 1st M.	93½	C. & Gt. East'n 1st M.	85⅛
Tol. & W. 1st. M. ext.	92	Col. Chi. & Ind. 1st M	86
Tol. & W. Equip. bds.	76	Col., Chi. & Ind. 2d M.	81
Tol.,W. &W. c.c.S'k.F.	80	Am.D'k & Imp'mt bds	98
Gt. West'n 1st M. '68	101⅛	Tol. Peoria & W., E. D.	84
Gt. West'n 2d M., '93	77½	Tol. Peoria & W., W. D.	84
Q. & Tol. 1st M., '90	80	Dub. & Sioux C.R.	116
Gal. & Chi. extended.	97	Cleve. P. & Ash. old.	94
Gal. & Chic. 2d M.	95		

The day's business at the office of the United States Assistant Treasurer was as follows: Total receipts, $1,505,736; total payments, $995,053; balance, $81,056,651. The receipts include, for Customs, $503,000; for Gold Notes, $577,000.

The Gold payments for Interest to-day amounted to $496,000.

The annual meeting of stockholders in the Bankers' and Brokers' Association was held this day, and the following gentlemen were elected Trustees for the ensuing year: Messrs. R. W. Martin, Jr., H. M. Benedict, T. B. Musgrave, Jas. D. Smith, T. B. Stout, A. M. Ferris, J. L. Brownell, G. T. Bonner, L. J. Van Boskerck, T. H. Marvin, T. S. Marlor, J. B. Colgate and John Bonner. At a subsequent meeting of Trustees, JOHN BONNER was unanimously elected President, A. M. FERRIS Treasurer, and T. B. STOUT Secretary. A half yearly dividend of four per cent. was declared, payable on 15th inst.

Mr. ALEX. W. HARVEY has associated himself with the Banking firm of Messrs. MORGAN & KEENE, and the firm will hereafter be known as MORGAN, KEENE & Co.

The aggregate amount of Exports (exclusive of Specie,) from the Port of New-York to foreign ports, for the week ending May 4, was $2,,809,834.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ SEVEN PER CENT. GOLD BONDS OF THE LAKE SUPERIOR AND MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND BONDS, FREE OF UNITED STATES TAX, secured by 1,632,000 acres of choice lands and by the railroad, its rolling-stock and franchises, and yielding in currency nearly TEN PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

We recommend these bonds as a desirable investment for persons collecting MAY COUPONS. Holders of 5-20 BONDS can exchange at a profit of nearly TWENTY PER CENT., besides receiving one per cent. in gold additional income.

A limited amount for sale, and full particulars furnished, by

JAY COOKE & CO.

☞ SAFES TO LET BY THE NATIONAL PARK BANK IN A BURGLAR AND FIRE-PROOF VAULT.—For the safe-keeping and protection from fire and burglars of Securities of all kinds, including Stocks, Bonds, Mortgages, Wills and Diamonds, and valuable Jewelry of every description. An inspection of the vault, constructed by this Bank in their new building, will at once convince all parties interested that the most perfect attainable security has been reached, and at an extremely moderate annual cost to each tenant.

The officers will take pleasure in showing the vault on application.

☞ THE PRICES OF GOLD, STOCKS, GOVernments and Exchange for several years, up to Jan. 1, 1869, are published in a neat pamphlet at the *Financial Chronicle* Office, No. 79 William-st. Price 50 cents.

GENERAL MARKETS.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, May 4, 1869.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

Ashes, bbls.	52	Crude Turp., bbls.	....
Cotton, bales	636	Tar, bbls.	122
Eggs, bbls.	2,465	Sp'ts Turp'tine, bbls.	544
Flour, bbls.	10,594	Petroleum, ref., bbls.	1,286
Flour, bags	....	Pork, bbls.	....
Cornmeal, bbls.	100	Cut Meats, pkgs.	128
Cornmeal, bags	700	Lard, pkgs.	70
Wheat, bushels	6,300	Lard, kegs	....
Corn, bushels	5,376	Beef, pkgs.	197
Rye, bushels	....	Butter, pkgs.	1,744
Malt, bushels	....	Cheese, pkgs.	396
Barley, bushels	....	Lard Oil, pkgs.	....
Oats, bushels	3,725	Tallow, pkgs.	11
Peas, bushels	300	Grease, pkgs.	....
Beans, bushels	90	Stearine, pkgs.	80
Grass seed, bushels	55	Starch, pkgs.	1,151
Flaxseed, bushels	....	Tobacco, hhds.	131
Dried Fruit, pkgs.	7	Tobacco, bxs. and cs.	233
Hides, No.	....	Whisky, bbls.	670
Hemp, bales	42	Wool, bales	89
Hops, bales	214	Oil Cake, pkgs.	102
Leather, sides	12,920	Peanuts, bags	519
Resin, bbls.	1,386	Skins, bundles	20

The export clearances since our last, as reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, have been as follows:

By the steamer *Germania*, for Hamburg—301 bales Hops, 75 hhds. Tallow, 184 cases Sewing Machines, 23 cases Wine, 2,980 cases Extract, 100 cases Sugar, 11,000 feet Black Walnut, 650 bales Cotton, 46 bundles Whalebone, 7 cases Oil Peppermint and Sassafras, 100 cases Spermaceti, 15 hhds. Tobacco, 400 bags Cloves, 12 boxes Machines.

By the ship *Emerald Isle* for Liverpool—258 boxes Bacon, 75 tierces Lard, 21,321 bushels Wheat, 15,795 bushels Corn, 29 hhds. Tobacco, 1,194 feet Red Cedar, 27 bales Hair, 822 bales Cotton, 305 boxes Clocks, 1,000 bbls. Flour, 400 boxes Prepared Corn, 200 half boxes Prepared Corn, 1,000 Oars, 2,000 Staves.

By the bark *Freihandel*, for Bremen—4,980 bbls. refined Petroleum, (229,386 gallons.)

By the steamer *Guiding Star*, for Bremen, (corrected manifest)—626 bales Cotton, 242 cases Tobacco, 300 bbls. Resin, 112,000 lbs. Logwood, 159 bbls. Shoe-pegs, 44 hhds. Tobacco.

By the brig *Star*, for Lisbon—200 hhds. Tobacco, 50 bbls. Flour, 28,000 Staves, 50 boxes Extract.

ASHES—Continue in limited demand at $7 75@$8 for Pots, and $9 12½@$9 25 for Pearls, ₽ 100 lbs.

BEESWAX—Has been quiet but firm at 46c.@48c. for Yellow, ₽ lb.

BOOTS AND SHOES—On a moderate offering of desirable stock and a fair inquiry, prices rule steady. We quote: Men's Thick and Kip Boots at $2 50@$4 75; Boys', $1 75@$3; Youths', $1 38@$2 50; Men's Calf Pegged, $3 25@$5 50; Men's Calf Sewed, $4@$6 50; Boys' Calf Pegged, $3@$3 75; Youths', $2@$2 75; Men's Kip Brogans, $1@$1 75; Men's Split Brogans, 95c.@$1 35; Boys' Kip and Split Brogans, 85c.@$1 30; Youths', 65c.@$1 10; Men's Split and Buff Balmorals, $1 50@$2 25; Men's Calf and Buff Balmorals, $1 50@$2 25; Men's Buff and Calf Congress, $1 75@$2 50; Boys' C, $1 35@$2; Youths', 90c.@$1 50; Women's Split and Kip Boots, 95c.@$1 40; Women's Split and Kip Balmorals, $1@$1 50; Women's Buff and Calf Balmorals, $1 25@$2 25; Ladies' Sewed Goat and Calf Boots, $1 75@$2 50; Ladies' Sewed and Goat Balmorals, $2@$3; Misses' Pegged, Buff, Goat and Kid, $1 25@$1 75; Misses' Sewed, $1 60@$2 20; Children's Sewed, 75c.@$1 25; Children's Pegged, 60c.@$1 05; Ladies' City-made Gaiters, $1 75@$3; Ladies' Eastern-made, $1 05@$3; Misses' Eastern-made, 90c.@$1 75; Children's Eastern-made, 70c.@$1 10; Fancy Children's S. H. and Heel Shoes, 40c.@$1 ₽ pair.

BRICKS—Are in fair demand, including Common Hard at $11@$16; Croton at $18@$22, and Philadelphia Front at $45@$50 ₽ thousand.

CANDLES—Have been quite dull at former rates; We quote: Adamantine at 20c.@23c. for light weights. Plain Sperm at 46c.@48c., and Patent Sperm at 57c.@58c. ₽ lb.

CEMENT—Is inquired for at steady rates, including Rosendale at $2 ₽ bbl.

COAL—Has been in moderate demand at previous rates.

COFFEE—There has been rather more inquiry for desirable lots at steady prices. Sales have been reported since our last of 469 bags Rio, by the *Bertha*, and 1,150 bags St. Domingo, for export, on private terms. The week's receipts of Rio have been 17,398 bags; sales 12,588 bags; stock in first hands, here, today, 89,693 bags, and in the country, 143,193 bags. Messrs. WILLIAM SCOTT & SON quote the cargo prices of Rio thus: Ordinary cargoes, 9c.@9½c.; Fair, 10c.@10½c.; Good, 11¼c.@11¾c., Prime, 12c.@12½c., gold, in bond, ₽ lb., 45 and 60 days' credit. We quote: Java at 22½c.@25c.; Maracaibo, 15½c.@18¼c.; Laguayra, 16½c.@18c.; Rio, 9¼c.@13¼c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 17c.@19½c.; Jamaica, 14¼c.@16c.; St. Domingo, 15¾c.@16c.; Singapore, 18c.@20c.; Mocha, (in bales,) 26c.@28c.; Costa Rica, 16c.@19c.; Manila, 16c.@18c.; Mexican, 16c.@18½c.; Curacoa, 15c.@17c.; Angostura, 15c.@18c.; Savanilla, 14½c.@18c., gold, ₽ lb.

Stock of Rio in the Country.

New-Orleans, bags	14,000
Mobile, bags	2,500
Baltimore, bags	34,500
Boston, bags	2,500
New-York, bags	89,693
Grand total	143,193

COTTON—The market shows rather more animation, and for the high grades, much firmness. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 3,963 bales, including 2,017 bales to spinners, 1,291 bales to shippers, 113 bales to speculators, and 542 bales in transit. Messrs. CORNWALL & ZEREGA are quoting as follows, in their letters for to-morrow's steamer, the

Closing Prices of Cotton.

	Uplands.	Mobile.	N. O.	Texas.
Ordinary, ₽ lb.	25	25¼	25½	25¾
Good Ordinary	26¼	26½	26¾	27
Low Middling	27¾	28	28¼	28½
Middling	28¾	29	29¼	29½

Movements of Cotton at this Port.	Bales.
Receipts thus far this week	2,294
Receipts last week	6,619
Receipts preceding week	5,813
Receipts since Jan. 1	267,974
Receipts since Sept. 1, 1868	590,408
Receipts year ending Jan. 1, 1869	677,632
Receipts year ending Sept. 1, 1868	632,310
Export clearances since our last	1,542
Exports since Jan. 1	127,540
Exports since Sept. 1, 1868	312,631
Exports year ending Jan. 1, 1869	338,559
Exports year ending Sept. 1, 1868	375,852
Estimated stock on hand here	96,500

DRUGS, DYES AND DYEWOODS—Have been generally in moderate request at irregular prices.

FEATHERS—Have been in demand at 87½c.@95c. for Live Geese ₽ lb.

FOREIGN LIQUORS—The inquiry has been limited at unchanged figures.

FIRE CRACKERS—There has been rather more call for No. 1 Canton at about $3 10 ₽ box.

FISH—The demand has been less active at less buoyant prices, including Dry Cod at $6 75@$7 75 ₽ cwt.; No. 1 Mackerel, $26@$29; No. 2 do., $19@$25; No. 3 do., $10 50@$15 ₽ bbl.; Pickled Herring, $5 75@$8 50 ₽ bbl.; Smoked Herring, 40c.@45c. for Scale, and 33c.@35c. for No. 1, ₽ box.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has been less plenty and in good request at a further improvement in prices. The main inquiry has been for the low and medium grades, the offerings of which have been reduced materially. Sales have been reported since our last of 11,000 bbls., in lots, including very inferior to choice Superfine State and Western at $5 65@$6 10; very inferior to fair ordinary Extra State at $6 10@$6 60; fair ordinary to choice genuine Spring Wheat Extra State at $6 60@$7 15, and poor to good shipping brands of round-hoop Extra Ohio at $6 20@$6 70 ₽ bbl. We quote:

Superfine State and Western	$5 65@$6 10
Extra State	6 10@ 7 15
Extra Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, &c.	6 10@ 9 75
Extra Ohio, round-hoop, shipping brands	6 20@ 6 70
Extra Ohio, trade and family brands	6 75@ 9 75
Extra Genesee	7 15@ 9 75
Common to Fancy to Extra Missouri	7 15@12 50

Southern Flour is in fair demand at buoyant prices; sales have been reported since our last of 650 bbls., at $6 40@$7 for very poor to fair ordinary, and $7@$12 75 for fair ordinary to very superior Extra, ₽ bbl. California Flour is in request at $6 75@$10 for Extras, ₽ 196 lbs.; sales, 375 bbls. and sacks. Rye Flour continues in fair request at $4 65@$6 75 for very inferior to very choice, ₽ bbl.; sales, 500 bbls. Cornmeal is in more demand at $4 35@$4 75 for Western, $4 35@$4 45 for Jersey, and $4 75 for Brandywine, ₽ bbl.: sales, 550 bbls.

FRUIT—The demand has been very limited for the leading kinds, including Layer Raisins at $2 90@$3 ₽ box; Currants at 9½c.@10c.; Almonds, 13c.@26c.; Figs, 14c.@28c.; Turkish Prunes at 10c.@10½c.; Brazil Nuts, 10c.@12c. ₽ lb.

GRAIN—Spring Wheat opened at an advance of 2c.@3c. ₽ bushel, but did not meet with a ready sale, and, in view of the rise in the ocean freight market, it closed heavily at little, if anything, better than the figures of yesterday. Winter Wheat has been rather more sought after at about previous quotations. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 47,500 bushels, including White Canada, at 90c; Amber do. at 68c.; White Michigan on private terms; inferior Red Western (Winter) at $1 50@$1 53; No. 1, Spring, at $1 55@$1 56, delivered; No. 2, Spring, at $1 48@$1 53, in store and delivered; Amber State on private terms; and White California at $1 66@$1 70 ₽ bushel. Corn opened pretty briskly at a further improvement in prices; but closed tamely and slightly in favor of buyers. Sales have been reported since our last of 64,000 bushels, at 91c.@94c. for New Mixed Western; 92c.@93c. for Old Mixed Western, in store; 95c.@95½c. for White and Yellow Jersey, Western and Southern, and 87c.@91c. for unsound, ₽ bushel. Rye is in more demand at $1 30@$1 36 for Western and Northern, ₽ bushel; sales 8,500 bushels. Barley continues quiet and nominal. Barley Malt is inactive at $1 90@$2 ₽ bushel. Oats have been in moderate request and quoted higher; sales have been reported of 61,000 bushels Western at 86c.@86½c. in store, and 85½c.@88½c. from depot and delivered, ₽ bushel. The export clearances, since our last, have been 1,000 barrels Flour, 21,321 bushels Wheat, and 15,795 bushels Corn; by the *Emerald Isle*, for Liverpool.

GUNNY BAGS AND BAGGING—Have been in moderate request since our last at 16½c.@17¼c., and 21¼c.@21¾c., respectively.

GUANO—Peruvian is quiet at $83 ₽ ton.

HAY—Bale Hay has attracted rather more attention at from 55c.@65c. for shipping, and 90c.@$1 20 for Poor to Choice, for local use, ₽ 100 lbs. Straw continues in demand at 75c.@$1 10 for Long and Short ₽ 100 lbs.

HOPS—Continue in demand, partly for export, at uniform rates, including American at 5c.@12c. for New, and 2c.@5c. for Old, ₽ lb. We quote in detail thus: New-York State, 6c.@12c.; Eastern, 6c.@10c.; Wisconsin, 5c.@10c.; Michigan, 5c.@10c.; Yearlings, all grades, 2c.@5c. ₽ lb.

HEMP—Manilla meets with a ready sale at 12½c.@12¾c., gold, ₽ lb. Other kinds are inactive. We quote: American at $170@$200 for undressed, and $315@$320 for dressed, ₽ ton; Jute at 4½c.@5c., gold, ₽ lb.; Manilla, 12½c.@12¾c., gold, ₽ lb.

HIDES—Have been sparingly dealt in at unchanged rates.

LATHS—Have been inquired for at $3 ₽ 1,000.

LIME—Rockland has been in demand at $1 25 for Common, and $2 for Lump, ₽ bbl.

LUMBER—Has been firm in price, but without special activity.

MOLASSES—There has not been much inquiry for any description; but holders of desirable lots have been firm in their views. We quote: Old and new crop Porto Rico at 40c.@78c.; Cuba at 35c.@50c.; New-Orleans at 70c.@85c. ₽ gallon. Sales were reported of 40 bbls. New-Orleans at 76c.@78c., and small lots of Cuba Muscovado at 51c.@53c. ₽ gallon.

METALS—There has been a fair call for Ingot Copper within a range of from 23¾c.@24c. ₽ lb., partly on speculative account; but holders have been less eager to sell, and have evinced more firmness. The movements in Iron and Lead have been very limited at about previous figures. Spelter has attracted little attention at unchanged rates. All kinds of Tin have been quiet; Straits and Banca quoted weak. Some 2,000 boxes Plate Tin changed hands, including Charcoal Terene, on private terms, and I. C. Coke at $7 12½, gold, ₽ box. Nothing really new in Zinc. We quote Ingot Copper at 23¾c.@24c. ₽ lb.; No. 1 American Pig Iron, $39 50@$42; No. 2 do., $37 50@$40; American Forge, $36 50@$38; Scotch Pig, $40 50@$44 50; English and American Bar Iron, Refined, $80@$90 ₽ ton; Pig Lead $6 12½@$6 87½, in gold, ₽ 100 lbs.; Foreign Spelter, $6 31¼@$6 37½, in gold, ₽ 100 lbs.; Domestic do., $11@$12 50, ₽ 100 lbs., in currency; Straits Tin, 33c., in gold, ₽ lb.; Banca Tin, 34½c.@35c., in gold, ₽ lb.; English 31c.@31¼c., gold, ₽ lb.; I. C. Coke Plates, $5 75@$7 50; I. C. Charcoal do., $8 62½@$8 87½; Terne do., $6@$8 50, gold, ₽ box; Zinc, 12c.@12¼c., ₽ lb.

NAVAL STORES—There has been rather more disposition shown by holders of Spirits Turpentine to realize on their stocks, and the market has been weak, closing at about 46c., the ruling price for Merchantable, and 47c.@47½c. for Shipping lots, ₽ gallon; sales were made of some 500 bbls. Merchantable at from 46c.@47c., the latter an extreme rate, ₽ gallon. There were 544 bbls. received. Crude Turpentine was dull and irregular; stock light. Tar was in some demand, but was held above the views of buyers and was inactive; 122 bbls. were received. Resin was again quoted firmer, especially for strained, which was firm at $2 65@$2 67½ ₽ 280 lbs., with a very meagre offering reported; some job lots changed hands at our quotations. In other grades there was a moderate movement at very full rates, including sales of 90 bbls. No. 2 at $2 75@$2 85; 150 bbls. Low No. 1 at $3 25, and 100 bbls. Virgin Pale at $7 37½ ₽ 280 lbs. The receipts of Resin amounted to 1,386 bbls. We quote Spirits Turpentine at 46c.@48c., chiefly at 46c., for Merchantable, ₽ gallon; Crude at $4 25; Resin at $2 65@$12 ₽ 280 lbs.; the latter rate for Choice White; Tar at $2 50@$3 50; Pitch at $3 75@$4 ₽ bbl.

OILS—Have been in demand and generally firm, including Crude Whale at $1 05@$1 10; Bleached Whale at $1 15@$1 20; Crude Sperm at $1 92½@$1 95; Unbleached Sperm at $2@$2 05; Lard Oil at $1 45@$1 55; Red Oil at 90c.@95c.; Linseed Oil at $1 02@$1 05; Olive at $1 45@$1 50 ₽ gallon.

NEW-BEDFORD MARKET—Week ending May 3.—The market for both Sperm and Whale Oil has ruled very quiet since our last without sales.

Imports of Sperm and Whale Oil and Whalebone into the United States:

	Barrels Sperm.	Barrels Whale.	Pounds Bone.
From Jan. 1 to May 3, 1869	8,833	26,799	449,100
Same time last year	7,675	25,746	450,823
Exports for the week ending April 26, 1869			
Previously	6,423	....	146,291
From Jan. 1 to date	6,423	....	146,291
Same time last year	4,973	6,486	195,620

—*Whalemen's Shipping List.*

PETROLEUM—There was considerable irregularity in the general market during the day, and the tendency at the close was in favor of buyers, who were not disposed to purchase freely at prevailing rates. Holders, however, showed little inclination to yield in price. Crude in bulk was quoted at about 17½c. as the rule, with 17¾c. asked in some instances. No sales could be effected at over the lower figures. Barreled Crude was held at 23c. ₽ gallon, and was not obtainable under this price, though purchasers refused to operate on such a basis. Yesterday there were 4,000 bbls. disposed of at the quotation. There have been no receipts of Crude Oil reported here since our last; 670 bbls. were received at Philadelphia. Refined opened firmly, with a moderate inquiry, but closed dull and weak. Sales were reported of 3,000 bbls. Standard White, for immediate delivery, at 33c., but at the close there were sellers at this rate, with no bids for lines; 1,500 bbls. do., May delivery, at 33½c.; 1,000 bbls. do., June delivery, on private terms, ₽ gallon. Also at Philadelphia, 2,500 bbls. Standard White, May delivery, at 33c.@33½c.; 500 bbls. do., for each of the months of May to September, inclusive, at 34½c. ₽ gallon. The receipts here were 1,286 bbls.; at Philadelphia 2,019 bbls. The export clearances included 4,980 bbls. Refined Petroleum, by the bark *Freihandel*, for Bremen.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been quoted stronger in price, though not active. Sales have been reported since last of 1,450 bbls., in lots, at $31@$31 25, closing with $31 12½ bid regular for New Mess; $30 75@$30 87½ for Old Mess; $28 25 for Western Prime Mess; $30 50@$30 62½ for Thin Mess, and $25 75@$26 25 for Prime and Extra Prime, and $28 for Rumps, ₽ bbl.; also 250 bbls. New Mess, seller May, at $31 12½, and 250 bbls. do., seller June, at $31 75 ₽ bbl. Cut Meats continue in demand and steady; sales equal to 145 packages, at 15c.@16c. for Dry-Salted and Pickled Hams; 20c. for bagged do., and 12½c.@13¼c. for Shoulders, ₽ lb. Bacon is quiet and heavy; sales of 140 boxes, including Cumberland at 15½c.@15¾c., and ice-cured City at 16¼c. ₽ lb. Lard is in fair demand at firmer rates; sales have been reported since our last of 800 tierces and 300 bbls. at 17c.@18¼c. for poor to very choice, chiefly at 17¼c.@17½c. for City, and 18¼c. for Prime Western Steam, ₽ lb. Also, 250 tierces Prime Steam, seller May, at 18¼c. ₽ lb. Beef continues quiet at $11@$16 for Plain Mess; $12@$18 for Extra Mess, and $8@$11 for inferior grades of barreled Mess Beef; sales reported 160 bbls. Tierce Beef continues in demand, including New Prime Mess at $20@$26; Indian Mess at $25@$31 ₽ tierce; sales 200 tierces. Beef Hams are inactive at $26@$32 ₽ bbl.; sales 150 bbls. Butter and Cheese are salable and steady.

RICE—Carolina has been in request and firm. Sales, 100 tierces at from $8.75@$9 37½ ₽ 100 lbs.

SEEDS—Have been generally quiet and heavy, including Clover at 13½c.@14¼c. ₽ lb.; Rough Flax at $2 55@$2 70; Calcutta Linseed at $2 15@$2 22½, gold, and Timothy at $4@$4 25 ₽ bushel.

SOAP—Continues inactive, including Castile at 13½c.@14c.; Colgate's Pale, 9¾c.; Family, 10c., and No. 1 at 7¼c. ₽ lb.

SUGARS—There has been rather more doing in raw, without any notable change in prices. Sales have been reported of 630 hhds. Cuba, &c., at from 11¼c.@12⅞c.; 150 hhds. Cuba, slightly damaged, at 10⅞c.@11c., (at auction,) and 715 boxes Havana, part at 11⅞c.@12⅛c. ₽ lb. Fair to good refining grades Cuba have been quoted steady at 11¾c.@11⅞c.; fair to good grocery grades at from 12c.@12½c.; very good to strictly prime do. at 12⅞c.@12¾c. ₽ lb. Porto Rico grocery grades ranged from 12c.@13¼c. ₽ lb. No. 12 Box Sugar, 12⅞c.@13c. ₽ lb. Refined Sugars continue quiet at 14c.@16c. ₽ lb.

TALLOW—Sales have been reported of 107,000 lbs. Tallow at 11⅛c.@11¼c.; also 47,000 lbs. Stearine at 17¼c.@18¾c. ₽ lb., and 35,000 lbs. Grease at 10¼c.@14c. ₽ lb.

TEAS—Have been very quiet at about previous figures.

TOBACCO.—There has been a fair inquiry for most kinds, but the firmness of holders has operated as a check on transactions. Sales have been reported since our last of 181 hhds. Kentucky, at 5¾c.@11c.; 850 cases 1868 Ohio seed leaf, and 220 cases 1868 Connecticut fillers and seconds on private terms; 48 cases 1868 Connecticut wrappers at 40c.@60c.; and 40 cases 1868 Ohio fillers at 8½c. ₽ lb. Quotations remain as before.

WHISKY—Sales have been reported of 125 bbls., in lots, at 97c.@98c. ₽ gallon.

FREIGHTS—Shipowners were firmer in their views, and there was less activity in the market. For Liverpool there were taken, by steamer, 2,700 bales Cotton at ¼d.@5-32d. ₽ lb.; 150 tierces Lard and 200 boxes Bacon at 27s. 6d. ₽ ton. For Wheat shippers were bidding 1½d., and shipowners asking 2d. ₽ bushel. For the Glasgow steamer a load of Wheat was bought, steamer's account. For London, by steamer, 500 bales Hops at ¾d. ₽ lb., and a load of Wheat on vessel's account.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

Board of Aldermen—Stated Session.

[OFFICIAL.]

MONDAY, May 3, 1869—2 o'clock P. M.

The Board met in their Chamber, number fifteen City Hall, pursuant to adjournment.

Present—Thomas Coman, Esquire, President, in the chair, and the following members:

Aldermen Cuddy, Ward, O'Brien, White, Miller, Hardy, Repper, Coulter, McGrath, Farley, McQuade—12.

The minutes of the meeting held April twenty-six were read and approved.

PETITIONS.

By the President—

Petition of the New-York Port Society for a donation to pay assessment.

In connection therewith, the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Comptroller be and he is hereby authorized and directed to draw his warrant in favor of W. D. Harris, Secretary of the New-York Port Society, for the sum of one hundred and twenty-five dollars, as a donation, to enable the said Society to pay an assessment of that amount levied upon their church, on the corner of Madison and Catharine streets, for the extension of Worth-street, the amount to be charged by the Comptroller to the account of "Donations," or any other appropriate account.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Coulter—

Petition of the American Female Guardian Society for a donation to pay assessment.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

By the President—

Petition of S. Knapp, Trustee, for payment of award of ten thousand dollars on the extension of Church-street.

Which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

RESOLUTIONS.

By Alderman Hardy—

Resolved, That the time for the completion of the parks at the junction of Broadway, Thirty-second and Thirty-fifth streets, now under contract to John H. Starin, be extended for a period of five months.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Ward—

Resolved, That the vacant lot number twenty Clark-street be fenced in, under the direction of the Street Department.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Sixty-fifth-street, between Fourth-avenue and Lexington-avenue, to connect with a sewer in Fourth-avenue.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Farley—

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Madison-avenue, between Eightieth and Eighty-second streets to connect with a sewer in Eightieth-street.

Resolved, That in order to prevent any further danger to life or damage to property, inevitably certain to attend the attempt of any vehicle, particularly if heavily loaded, to pass along Third-avenue, from Ninety-second to One Hundred and Tenth-street, the Street Commissioner be and he is hereby directed to cause a barricade to be constructed across the Third-avenue, at the northerly side of Ninety-second-street and the southerly side of One Hundred and Ninth-street, with a gateway or opening in the centre of each, sufficient only to admit of the passage of the cars of the Third-avenue Railroad Company, (to be opened and closed by the conductors on said cars;) such barricade to remain until that portion of Third-avenue is paved with Belgian pavement by the Croton Aqueduct Board, as provided in a resolution and ordinance approved by the Mayor December eleven, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

Which was adopted.

And the same was directed to be sent to the Board of Assistant Aldermen for concurrence.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman McQuade—

Resolved, That the sidewalk on both sides of One Hundred and Eleventh-street, between Second and Third avenues, be flagged full width, where not already done.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman Moore—

Resolved, That a crosswalk be laid and relaid across Wall-street, at the intersection of Water-street.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman White—

Resolved, That a gas lamp be placed and lighted on the sidewalk opposite Number three hundred and thirty-nine West Fourth-street, under the direction of the Street Commissioner.

Which was laid over.

By Alderman McQuade—

PAPERS FROM THE BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.

Resolved, That Stone-street, from Whitehall to Broad-street, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That a sewer, with the necessary receiving basins and culverts, be built in Seventh-street, from Avenue A to Avenue B.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That the sidewalk on the north side of Fifth-street, between Avenues C and D, be flagged full width.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That Desbrosses-street, from Washington to Hudson-street, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That Fifty-second-street, from Ninth to Eleventh-avenue, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That Tenth-avenue, between Seventy-first and Seventy-fifth streets, be regulated and graded, the curb and gutter stones set, and the sidewalks flagged a space four feet wide through the centre thereof.

Which was laid over.

Resolved, That Eighty-fourth-street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues, be paved with Belgian or trap-block pavement.

Which was laid over.

COMMUNICATION.

The President laid before the Board a communication from Messrs. Brown & Miller, embracing plan and specification of the "Brown & Miller Pavement."

Which was referred to the Committee on Street Pavements.

MOTIONS.

Alderman O'Brien moved that when the Board adjourns, it do so to meet on Thursday next, sixth instant, at two o'clock P. M.

Which was carried.

Alderman Farley moved that the Board do now adjourn.

Which was carried.

Whereupon the President declared that the Board stood adjourned until Thursday, sixth instant, at two o'clock P. M.

JOSEPH SHANNON, Clerk.

Board of Assistant Aldermen—Stated Session.

[OFFICIAL.]

MONDAY, May 3, 1869—2 o'clock P. M.

The Board met in their Chamber, number sixteen City Hall, pursuant to adjournment.

Present—James A. Monaghan, Esquire, President, in the chair, and the following members:

Assistant Aldermen Bryan Reilly, Robinson, Hampson, Pinckney, Daly, Cregier, Jackson, Roberts—9.

A quorum failing to answer to their names on roll-call, the President declared that the Board stood adjourned until Thursday next, the sixth instant, at two o'clock P. M.

WM. H. MOLONEY, Clerk.

FINANCIAL.

VERMILYE & CO.,

BANKERS,

NOS. 16 AND 18 NASSAU-ST.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES AND IN GOLD AND GOLD COUPONS.

CLOSING PRICES.

NEW-YORK, May 4, 1869—3 P. M.

	Buy	Sell.		Buy	Sell.
Registered, 1881	118⅜	119	5-20 Coupon, '67	116⅛	116¼
Coupon, 1881	118⅜	119	5-20 Coupon, '68	116⅛	116⅜
5-20 Regis., 1862	113½	113⅝	10-40 Regist'd	107⅛	107⅜
5-20 Coupon, '62	118⅜	119	10-40 Coupon	108¼	108⅜
5-20 Coupon, '64	113⅞	114	Gold	135⅝	135⅞
5-20 Coupon, '65	115⅛	115¼	U. S. Cur. Pac.	106⅛	106⅜
5-20 Coupon, '65, Jan. and July	116⅛	116¼			

BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION,

RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD,

MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

COLLECTIONS.

Howes & Macy, Bankers,

(*The same as an Incorporated Bank,*)

NO. 30 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,

Have unusual facilities for making Collections on any part of the Union or Canada, with immediate Returns, at the very lowest Current Rates.

4 PER CENT. ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS

MANNING & DE FOREST,

BANKERS, NO. 19 WALL-ST.,

Buy and sell all classes of Southern State, railroad and municipal bonds and past due coupons, of which we make a specialty. VIRGINIA Registered Stock, issue of 1866 and 1867. Wanted also SOUTH CAROLINA New Bonds, issue of 1869. LOUISIANA Levee six and eight per cent. Bonds for sale.

BOWLES BROTHERS & CO.

BANKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 12 RUE DE LA PAIX, PARIS,
No. 19 William-st., New-York,
No. 76 State-st., Boston.

Make advances on American securities and cash coupons on demand. Bills on the United States or England bought and sold. Circular credits cashed.

Letters for Americans in Europe addressed to our care will be forwarded or delivered.

AUGUST BELMONT & CO.

Issue Letters of Credit, for Travelers' use, on MESSRS. ROTHSCHILD, in Paris, London, Frankfort-on-the-Main, Vienna, and their correspondents in all principal cities of Europe; also, make Telegraphic transfers on CALIFORNIA AND EUROPE.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 59 WALL-ST.,

issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

AUSTIN, BALDWIN & CO.,
NO. 70 BROADWAY,
AND
LHERBETTE, KANE & CO.,
NO. 8 PLACE DE LA BOURSE, PARIS,

Issue Bills of Exchange and Letters of Credit for the use of travelers in all parts of Europe.

Americans can have letters addressed to the care of our Paris house, to be forwarded promptly to destination.

UNITED STATES TREASURY.

NEW-YORK, May 3, 1868.

SECOND SALE OF GOLD.—By direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, notice is hereby given that sealed proposals for the purchase of gold will be received at this office until noon of THURSDAY NEXT, 6th inst., when the same will be opened and the bids declared. Proposals will be received for sums not less than five thousand dollars, ($5,000,) and payment may be made either in lawful money or three per cent. certificates. Successful bidders will be required to deposit five per cent. of the amount of the purchase on the day of the sale. Like proposals will be received on Thursday of each succeeding week until otherwise ordered.

The amount awarded will not exceed one million of dollars per week, and the right is reserved to reject bids obviously adverse to the interests of the Government.

H. H. VAN DYCK,
Assistant Treasurer.

HANNIBAL AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY.

Sealed proposals, addressed to William H. Swift, at Messrs. Ward, Campbell & Co.'s, No. 56 Wall-st., New-York, or to R. S. Watson, Treasurer, Boston, will be received until noon TUESDAY, May 11, 1869, for the sale of FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS of the Land Bonds of said Company to the undersigned, Trustees, in accordance with the provisions of the indenture of mortgage, dated April 1, 1863.

The bids will be opened at the office of the Company, in Boston, on WEDNESDAY, May 12, and the accepted bids declared.

WILLIAM H. SWIFT,
SIDNEY BARTLETT, } Trustees.
NATHANIEL THAYER,

NEW-YORK, April 29.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—The annual election for thirteen directors of this Company for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company, corner of 4th-av. and 26th-st., on TUESDAY, the 18th day of May next. The polls will be opened from 12 o'clock, noon, until 2 o'clock P. M. of that day.

The transfer books will be closed from 2 o'clock P. M. of the 12th day of May next until 9 o'clock A. M. of the 19th day of May next.

ROBERT J. NIVEN, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, April 24, 1869.

LOST OR STOLEN.

CERTIFICATE NO. 20,085 of the Michigan Central Railroad Company for ten shares of Stock, dated Jan. 2, 1869, and standing in the name of Augusta Peters. The public are cautioned not to purchase or negotiate the same.

OFFICE OF LAKE SHORE RAILWAY CO.,
CLEVELAND, Ohio, April 6, 1869.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT A meeting of the stockholders of the Lake Shore Railway Company will be held at the office of said Company in Cleveland, Ohio, on the 8th day of May next, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of taking into consideration and adopting or rejecting a contract for the consolidation of said Company with the Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana Railroad Company, owning a railroad extending from Toledo, Ohio, to Chicago, Illinois, which was entered into between the respective Boards of Directors of said Companies on the 6th day of April, 1869, and in the event of its adoption, to prescribe the manner and fix the day and place for holding the election of Directors and officers provided for in said agreement of consolidation.

The transfer books will be closed on the 24th day of April, 1869, and reopened on the 16th day of May next.

GEORGE B. ELY, Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE DELAWARE AND HUDSON CANAL COMPANY,
NEW-YORK, April 8, 1869.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Stockholders of the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company, for the election of Managers, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at their office, No. 7 Nassau-st., New-York, on TUESDAY, May 11, 1869, at 12 o'clock noon.

The polls will be open from 12 to 2 o'clock.

The transfer books will be closed from the 1st to the 11th day of May, both inclusive.

By order of the Board.

CHARLES P. HARTT, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD COMPANY, NEW-YORK, April 28, 1869.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE shareholders of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, for the election of directors and the transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of Chicago, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of May, proximo, at 3 o'clock P. M.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on the 15th proximo, and reopened on the 1st day of June, following.

L. A. CATLIN, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE stockholders for the election of directors of the Tice Manufacturing Company, will be held at the office of the Company, in the City of New-York, on MONDAY, 10th day of May, between the hours of 10 and 11 A. M.

The transfer books will be closed from the 30th of April, at 3 P. M., to 11th of May, at 10 A. M.

J. B. BADEAU, Secretary.

THE MICHIGAN SOUTHERN AND NORTHERN INDIANA RAILROAD COMPANY, OFFICE No. 18 WILLIAM-ST.,
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1869.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS FOR BOTH the common and guaranteed stock of this Company will be opened for transfers on Monday the 10th inst. By order of the Board of Directors.

D. P. BARHYDT, Secretary.

NORTON & CO., AMERICAN BANKERS, No. 6 Rue Scribe, (Grand Hotel,) Paris; No. 5 Lothbury, (opposite Bank of England,) London; No. 4 Broad-st., (Dean McGinnis & Co.,) New-York. Letters of Credit issued. All letters addressed care of NORTON & CO. promptly delivered. Every attention paid to travelers.

THE ST. LOUIS AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD COMPANY.—The coupons of the First Mortgage Bonds of this Company, due May 1, 1869, will be paid in gold, free of Government tax, at the office of the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, in the City of New-York.

L. M. LAWSON, President.

FINANCIAL

$1,000,000 GOLD.

6 PER CENT.

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS

OF THE

ST. LOUIS AND ST. JOSEPH RAILROAD

OF MISSOURI.

Principal and interest payable in Gold. Coupons payable May 1 and Nov. 1 at the FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, NEW-YORK.

Total issue of Bonds $1,000,000, less than $14,000 per mile on 72½ miles of road from the City of St. Joseph to Lexington, which is not more than half the amount per mile of mortgages on the principal railways of the country, making the bonds the cheapest, and one of the safest investments in the market.

The Council Bluffs and St. Joseph and North Missouri Roads, now completed, are connected by this road, forming a grand trunk through line from St. Louis to Omaha, 38½ miles nearer New-York than via Chicago.

The loan is being rapidly taken, half of which has already been sold.

Present price 87½ and accrued interest in currency, which must soon approximate par.

The interest is the same as the United States 5-20s, and payable the same time of the 62s, 64s and 65s; at present prices they are 25 to 30 per cent. cheaper than Governments, and we believe them to be equally as secure an investment.

The counties along the line are the most populous and richest agricultural districts in the State. The local traffic will be very profitable, and the through travel and freight must be as large as that of any Western road.

There are numerous excellent coal fields on the line, which will also be a profitable source of revenue to the road.

With great satisfaction we recommend this security to investors and trustees of estates as a first-class investment.

For further particulars apply to

TURNER BROTHERS, Bankers,
No. 14 NASSAU-ST., NEW-YORK.

BANKING HOUSE OF

JAY COOKE & CO.

NEW-YORK, PHILADELPHIA AND WASHINGTON.

NO. 20 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK.

We buy, sell and exchange, at most liberal rates, all issues of

GOVERNMENT BONDS

and bonds of Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad Company, and execute orders for purchase and sale of

STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.

WE NEGOTIATE RAILROAD AND MUNICIPAL LOANS, receive deposits, subject to check, allowing interest, and transact a general banking business.

JAY COOKE & CO.

HATCH, FOOTE & CO

BANKERS,

AND DEALERS IN

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, GOLD, STOCKS, &c.

Buy and Sell all issues of

U. S. BONDS

at MARKET RATES.

No. 12 Wall-st., New-York.

BLAKE, BROTHERS & CO.,

NO. 52 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
AND NO. 28 STATE-ST., BOSTON.
EXCHANGE ON LONDON,
AND STERLING CREDITS.
DEALERS IN COMMERCIAL PAPER.
BUY AND SELL
MASSACHUSETTS AND NEW-YORK STATE STOCKS,
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD STRICTLY ON COMMISSION.

JAMES ROBB, KING & CO.,

NO. 56 WALL-ST.

LETTERS OF CREDIT FOR TRAVELERS.
DRAW Short-Sight Exchange on PARIS.
Sterling Bills at Sight or Sixty Days, on
THE CITY BANK.................. } LONDON.
MESSRS. ROBERT BENSON & CO. }

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold at the New-York Stock Exchange.

MEMPHIS AND CHARLESTON RAILROAD COMPANY,
MEMPHIS, April 29, 1869.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS OF THIS Company will be closed on WEDNESDAY, 5th day of May, proximo, on account of dividend payable June 1, 1869.

M. J. WICKES, President.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., April 24, 1869.

THE COUPONS DUE MAY 1 ON Second Mortgage Bonds Montgomery and West Point Railroad Company, will be paid at the National Bank of the Republic, New-York.

CHAS. T. POLLARD, President.

MACOUPIN COUNTY TEN PER CENT. BONDS.—HOWES & MACY, No. 30 Wall-st., offer for sale bonds of Macoupin County, Illinois, issued for the building of a Court-house, bearing interest at the rate of ten per cent. per annum. Coupons payable semi-monthly in New-York. These bonds are considered first-class, and very desirable for investors.

CAIRO CITY IMPROVEMENT STOCK —600 SHARES.—The property embraces the whole of the City of Cairo, Ill., with all improvements thereon, &c. Par value of each share $100; will be sold very low to close an estate. Apply to WHITEHOUSE & CO., No. 29 William-st.

EDWARD WHITEHOUSE, Administrator.

WANTED—BONDS AND STOCK AND PAST-due Coupons Sandusky, Mansfield and Newark Railroad Company; also, Indianapolis and Cincinnati First Mortgage Bonds; Dayton and Weston, Dayton and Michigan. Highest market price paid by

WM. A. GUEST, No. 25 Wall-st.

PHILIPSBURG COAL, IRON AND OIL COMPANY.—The annual meeting of stockholders, for the election of directors and the transaction of other business, will be held on THURSDAY, May 6, 1869, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the Western Hotel, No. 9 Cortlandt-st., New-York.

THE COUPONS OF LAKE SUPERIOR and Mississippi Railroad First Mortgage Bonds, due July 1 next, will, upon presentation at our office, be cashed in gold, less interest.

JAY COOKE & CO., No. 20 Wall-st.

SAVINGS BANKS.

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK.

Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner of Laight.
SIX PER CENT. interest on $5 to $5,000.
ASSETS, $6,011,234 16.

DIVIDENDS.

MACON, Ga., April 8, 1869.

A STOCK DIVIDEND OF THIRTY-three and one-third per cent. (33⅓) has this day been declared out of the earnings that have heretofore been invested in the construction and improvement of the road and property of the Company, payable on and after the fifteenth day of May proximo, to the stockholders of the Company, as indicated by the books on the 25th day of April, 1869. Stockholders registered on the books of the New-York Agency will receive their certificates at the National Bank of the Republic, of New-York. No fractional shares will be issued, and no transfers will be made after April 24, 1869, until May 15, 1869.

MILO S. FREEMAN,
Secretary and Treasurer,
Macon and Western Railroad Company.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE RATHBONE Oil Tract Company have this day declared a dividend of Seven Cents a share, payable May 5, at the office of the Union Trust Company, No. 73 Broadway, in the City of New-York. The transfer books will be closed April 30, and reopened May 6.

A. L. PURVES, Secretary.

NEW-YORK, 24th April, 1869.

THE NASSAU BANK, NEW-YORK, May 1, 1869.

THIRTY-SECOND DIVIDEND.—THE Board of Directors have this day declared a Semi-Annual Dividend of FOUR PER CENT, (free of all taxes,) payable to the Stockholders on and after the 10th inst. The transfer books are closed until that date.

F. M. HARRIS, Cashier.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK,
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—A DIVIDEND OF FOUR (4) PER CENT., free of taxes, has been declared payable on and after the 10th inst. Transfer books closed until that date.

JOHN R. KEARNY, Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE 42D-ST. & GRAND-ST. FERRY R. R. CO.,
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1869.

DIVIDEND.—A SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND of Five per cent. has been declared, payable on and after this date.

E. S. ALLEN, Secretary.

TEACHERS.

A LADY EXPERIENCED IN TEACHING music, French, Latin and English desires an engagement as resident teacher; is a good pianist; speaks French well; references given. Address TUITION, Box No. 1,504 Post Office, New-York.

A LADY DESIRES A SITUATION AS resident or visiting governess for the Summer months. Address GOVERNESS, Box No. 129 *Times* Office.

STATIONERY.

SLOTE & JANES,

Stationers, Printers and Blank Book Manufacturers, No. 93 Fulton-st. Orders solicited.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

MRS. VANHAUGHTON, MEDICAL and business clairvoyant and delineator of character by locks of hair, and writing, &c. No. 402 4th-av., near 29th-st.

CLOTHING.

GENTLEMEN HAVING CAST-OFF clothing to dispose of can get a fair price by calling on or addressing JAMES KIRKPATRICK, No. 466 Pearl-st., near Chatham.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT person as seamstress; thoroughly understands cutting and fitting ladies' and children's dresses; is a good operator on Wheeler & Wilson machine; has good reference; no objections to go a short distance in the country. Call at No. 217 East 26th-st., third floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A competent woman, who thoroughly understands her business, in a small private family; would assist in the washing if required; City reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 148 East 30th-st., between Lexington and 3d avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as chambermaid; no objection to assist with the washing; has the best of City reference; seven years from one place. Can be seen at No. 161 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT laundress; understands French fluting, all kinds of ladies' finery and gentlemen's linens; thoroughly understands her business; best City reference. Call at No. 221 East 21st-st.; come through the hall to the rear.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGLISH woman to do general housework in a small private family; is a first-rate washer and ironer, and a good plain cook; American or English family, where there are no other servants. Call at No. 345 East 11th-st., near 1st-av.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE young women; one as chambermaid and to assist with grown children, the other as chambermaid and waitress; in a private family; best City reference from last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 419½ 6th-av., near 26th-st.; ring the top bell.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE woman, as excellent cook, and assist in washing and ironing, in a small private family; no objection to go in the country during the Summer months; has good City reference. Call at No. 241 West 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., first floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl, as chambermaid and waitress; understands her business; will be found willing and obliging; also, will be found careful of everything in her charge; best of City reference. Call at No. 30 34th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation in a private family as nurse and seamstress, or chambermaid and seamstress; has lived with some of the best families in the City; has years of references; country preferred. Call at No. 5 East 31st-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as first-class laundress in a small private family; would like to go with a family to the country for the Summer; has the best of City reference from her last employer. Call at No. 227 East 45th-st., first floor, back room.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE girls; one as cook and assist with washing, the other as nurse and seamstress; can mind a baby from birth, or chamberwork and assist with children; City reference. Call at No. 345 West 35th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., for two days.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress in a small private family; the best of City reference from her last place, where she has lived nine years. Call at No. 314 West 39th-st., third floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman, a situation as first-class laundress; understands all kinds of fluting; can produce the best of City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 144 East 15th-st., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK; UNDERSTANDS meats, soups, fish, game; no objections to go in the country; best reference; a good home preferred to high wages. Can be seen for two days at No. 338 East 12th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTANT woman who is a good cook and baker; would assist with the washing and ironing; can give good reference. Can be seen at No. 222 West 27th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE middle-aged girl as first-class waitress in a private family; has excellent City references; no objection to the country. Apply at No. 333 East 13th-st., near 2d-av., first floor.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERICAN girl, a situation as nurse; capable of taking the entire charge of an infant or growing children; no objections to go in the country or travel with a family. Call at No. 115 West 16th-st., rear cottage.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl, as chambermaid and to assist with the washing and ironing; has no objection to light housework; best City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 457 West 27th-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT AND FAITHFUL person, a situation as good cook, washer and ironer, in a small private family; good reference. Call for two days at No. 344 West 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE girls in a small family; one as cook, washer and ironer, and the other as chambermaid and waitress; good City reference given. Apply at No. 215 9th-av., New-York.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young woman, a situation as laundress; understands all kinds of fine washing and fluting; good reference from her last place. Call at No. 204 West 27th-st., from 10 to 3.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young woman as first-class cook; understands cooking in all its branches; has the best of City reference from her last place. Call for two days at No. 206 East 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman, to do chamberwork and plain sewing, or would do chamberwork and waiting in a private family; good City reference. Call or address No. 145 East 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, a situation is a first-class laundress can; do fluting; has the best of reference; would go in the country. Apply at No. 218 West 18th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as chambermaid and seamstress; or would travel with and wait upon a lady; City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 313 East 24th-st., between 1st and 2d avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT nurse to take care of an infant or growing children; is willing to assist in chamberwork; best City reference. Can be seen to-day at present employer's, from 9 to 3, No. 133 East 36th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION to take care of two or three little children; is willing to assist with chamberwork; the best of City reference. Call or address No. 133 West 33d-st., over private coach-house.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUATION to do chamberwork and waiting, or chamberwork and plain sewing; the best City reference. Call for two days at No. 145 West 49th-st., second floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as chambermaid and waitress in a small family; the best of City reference from her last place, where she has lived nine years. Call at No. 232 West 31st-st. for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, to go out by the day, week or month; can do all kinds of family washing and ironing; is a good house cleaner; best of reference given. Call at No. 340 West 36th-st., near 8th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class cook; understands her business thoroughly; best of City references given. Can be seen at No. 205 1st-av., between 12th and 13th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN EXCELLENT laundress; best of City reference; City or country. Call at No. 206 East 36th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT girl, a situation as good cook; two years and nine months' reference; no objection to the country. Call for two days at No. 144 West 30th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as first-class cook; has no objection to coarse washing; best City reference. Call at No. 111 7th-av., entrance in 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl a situation as chambermaid and waitress, or as waitress alone. Call at present employer's, No. 229 5th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS and chambermaid; will be found trustworthy and obliging; the very best City reference. Call at No. 309 West 44th-st., rear building.

WANTED.—A RESPECTABLE WOMAN would like to take the washing of two or three gentlemen, or man and wife. Inquire for Mrs. PRATT, No. 230 West 42d-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT YOUNG woman, a situation as nurse and seamstress; can take entire charge of a baby. Can be seen at her last employer's, No. 34 West 22d-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL, A situation as chambermaid and waitress; best of City reference. Call at shoe store No. 157 6th-av., between 11th and 12th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class laundress; understands fluting; has good City reference; can be seen for two days, if not suited, at No. 213 West 16th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as ladies' maid; is a good dressmaker and hairdresser; best City reference. Can be seen at No. 35 East 18th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A LADY, A SITUATION FOR a chambermaid, whom she parts with only because she is going abroad. Apply at No. 39 West 18th-st., between 10 and 1 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERmaid and waitress, or to do chamberwork and fine washing; the best of City references. Apply at No. 406 East 14th-st., near 1st-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS A COMPETENT laundress; understands fluting, doing up fine washing; good City reference. Can be seen at No. 473 2d-av., in the millinery store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG girl as chambermaid and waitress; no objection to the country; City reference. Apply at No. 301 37th-st., 2d-av.

WANTED—BY TWO GERMAN PROTESTANT girls, situations; one as chambermaid and laundress, the other as waitress. Call at present employer's, No. 19 East 17th-st., to-day.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl a situation; is an excellent cook and a first-class laundress; best of City reference; no objection to the country. Call at No. 216 West 27th-st., Room 6.

WANTED—BY A GIRL, A SITUATION AS laundress; no objection to assist with chamberwork; three years' reference from her last place. Can be seen for two days at No. 213 7th-av., near 24th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman, in a private family, as perfect waitress; can give the best of City reference. Call at No. 26 East 28th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUATION as nurse; best of City reference from her last place. Call at No. 208 West 32d-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE SCOTCH woman, a situation as laundress in a small private family. Can be seen for two days at No. 36 East 18th-st.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

FEMALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family by two young women; one as first-class cook; the other as chambermaid or waitress; understand their business; have the best of City reference from their last place, where they lived nearly four years. Call at No. 141 West 27th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., in the rear, for two days.

WANTED—BY TWO COLORED GIRLS, sisters, who have lived in one family some years, owing to the death of their employer, situations together in a private family, one as cook, the other as chambermaid and waitress. Can be seen Wednesday and Thursday, May 5th and 6th, at No. 99 Lorimer-st., between Remsen and Wyckoff sts., Williamsburg.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE Protestant girls; one as waitress and the other as chambermaid or nurse; have lived in the same house together; no objections to go to the country; best City reference if required; none but a respectable family need apply. Can be seen for two days at No. 126 West 24th-st., second floor front.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROFESSED cook in all its various branches; French and English cooking, boning, cream, &c.; also, an excellent waitress; would like to go with a private family to the country; or Newport preferred; best of City reference. Call at No. 404 6th-av., second floor, back room.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE ENGLISH Protestant woman, a situation as nurse and seamstress; can take the entire charge of a baby from its birth and bring it up on the bottle; no objection to the country; good City reference. Call for two days at No. 346 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS LAUNDRESS by a very respectable young woman; thoroughly understands her business; can flute, do up ladies' fine muslins nicely; or chambermaid and laundress; City or country; has best City reference. Call at No. 329 4th-av., near 25th-st.

WANTED—A COOK'S SITUATION BY A very respectable woman; thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; meats, game, soups, pastry, creams, jellies, &c.; good baker; best City reference; City or country. Apply at No. 329 4th-av., near 25th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO RESPECTABLE young Protestant girls; one as nurse and seamstress, the other as chambermaid and laundress; both have good City reference; no objections to the country. Call for two days at No. 353 7th-av., near 32d-st., first floor.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG PROTESTANT woman, a situation as infant's nurse; can take full charge, night and day, and bring it up on the bottle; is a good seamstress; good reference. Call at No. 102 East 12th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as first-class laundress and chambermaid; has the best of City reference. Apply for two days at Standish's bookstore, No. 335 3d-av., near 26th-st.

WANTED—BY AN ELDERLY AMERICAN lady that goes out nursing, a situation to work for her board when at home, or will pay part; is a monthly nurse; price $10 a week. Address Mrs. HAMILTON, No. 398 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG woman, a situation as first-class waitress in a private family, or would have no objection to assist with chamberwork if required; has many years' City reference. Call at No. 146 West 19th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A GOOD situation as chambermaid and waitress in a private family, or as nurse; is willing and obliging, and can give good City reference from her last place. Call at No. 234 East 41st-st., fourth floor.

WANTED—BY AN INTELLIGENT AND respectable Swedish girl, a situation as cook in a small family, where there is no washing to be done. Call at No. 227 1st-av., third floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRST-class waitress, or to do chamberwork and sewing; City or country; City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av., first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WAITRESS by a young woman; has six years' reference from her last place. Call at No. 19 West 44th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as first-class cook; no objection to coarse washing; best of City references. Call at No. 145 West 39th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPETENT young woman as chambermaid and laundress; best City references can be given. Can be seen at No. 40 East 32d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS HOUSEkeeper by a middle-aged lady; perfectly competent to take charge of the housekeeping of a family. Address No. 21 West 31st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman as cook; willing to assist with the washing and ironing on Monday and Tuesday. Apply at No. 150 7th-av., between 21st and 22d sts.

WANTED—BY A DRESSMAKER, EMPLOYment to go out by the day; is a good fitter and understands Wheeler & Wilson's machine. Call at No. 219 East 21st-st., first floor.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT PERSON, A situation as good cook, washer and ironer in a small private family; good reference. Call at No. 344 West 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A VERY RESPECTABLE woman as a superior laundress; understands all kinds fine ironing, French fluting, &c.; has the best City reference. Apply at No. 330 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUAUION BY A YOUNG woman to take care of children, or do chamberwork and waiting in a small family; best of City reference. Call at No. 61 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN IRISH Protestant girl as chambermaid; will take care of children and assist with washing and ironing. Call for two days at No. 284 Broome-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN IRISH Protestant girl to do housework in a small family. Call at No. 284 Broome-st. for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT woman, a situation as first-class cook; has the best of City reference. Call at 144 East 15th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ACCOMPLISHED cook; no objection to go in the country; good reference. Call at No. 218 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERICAN girl, a situation as chambermaid and waitress; best of reference. Apply at No. 124 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, A situation as nurse and seamstress; has good City reference. Can be seen for two days at No. 376 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE girl as first-class cook; has good City reference. Call at No. 446 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A SMART BUSINESS WOMAN, to go with a family to San Francisco; can fill any position. Call at No. 143 East 13th-st., near 3d-av.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, a situation as nurse; best of City reference. Call at No. 224 West 18th-st., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD GERman girl to do general housework. Call at No. 186 Suffolk-st., between Stanton and East Houston.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl a situation as good waitress and chambermaid; good reference. Call at No. 216 West 27th-st.

GERMAN FEMALE SERVANTS, CAPABLE and trustworthy, constantly to be found at Mrs. LOWE'S German Institute, 1 1st-st., corner Bowery.

MALES.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN and groom, of thirty years' experience in the care, treatment and management of horses, a situation; unexceptionable references as to capability; is married; no objection to the country. Address J. M. C., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT man and wife, a situation to take charge of a gentleman's place, either City or country; the man to do plain gardening, and the wife thoroughly understands the care of milk and butter. Can be seen at the private stable, No. 334 East 17th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young colored man as coachman or groom, or waiter; understands his business in all its parts; good careful driver; has best City references; City or country. Call for two days at No. 329 4th-av., near 25th-st.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN WISHES TO obtain a situation for his coachman, a married man without family, a Protestant, who thoroughly understand his business; has lived seven years with his present employer. Apply at No. 278 5th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE young German as coachman and groom; thoroughly understands his business; can give the best of City reference. Address P. B., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MAN OF great experience as a waiter; has lived in the best of families in England and New-York; is a first-class valet. Apply only by letter to Rev. Dr. Gallaudet, No. 9 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN DISPOSING of his horses and carriages, to procure a situation for his coachman; has been in his employment for the past six years; can be seen for the remainder of the week at his present employer's, No. 41 East 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTABLE man as coachman and groom; has the best of City references from last employer; disengaged on the 1st of May. Call or address No. 138 East 38th-st., for two days, at private stable.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by an Englishman of long experience; understands care of horses and carriages thoroughly; good careful driver, and sober and obliging; best City reference. Address C., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, TO OBtain a situation as coachman for his coachman; one who thoroughly understands his business and is worthy of the situation. Address J. S., Box No. 204 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom by a young man who thoroughly understands his business; willing and obliging; has the best of City reference. Address COACHMAN, Box No. 201 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a single man, who thoroughly understands green-house graperies; good vegetable grower; understands the laying out of grounds; terms reasonable. Address G. F., No. 9 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a single man who thoroughly understands his business; has the best City reference from his last employer; no objection to a country place. Address J. M., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GERMAN young man as coachman and groom; no objection to country; good reference given. Address J. SCHUFF, No. 224 East 3d-st.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE GERMAN MAN, a Protestant, a situation as coachman; understands his business; good recommendation. Address HINRICHSEN, Box No. 196 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a first-class man; none others are requested to apply but those having a first-class place, for M. W., No. 15 John-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG man of sober habits as coachman and groom; is willing and obliging; has the best of reference from last employer. Address J. B., Box 211 *Times* Office.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

MALES.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a young man; has the best of City reference from his last place, where he is just disengaged; can be seen at harness store, 311 4th-av. Address M. E.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a first-class man; has the best of City reference for capability in every department; particularly sober and honest; seven years' reference from last place; reason of leaving, my employer has sold his carriages and horses. Address C., Box No. 215 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MARRIED Scotchman on a gentleman's place; the man understands the care of horses and cattle and poultry; the wife to take charge of the dairy; both will be found willing and obliging; good reference can be given. Address or apply to JOSEPH SMITH, No. 410 6th-av., between 24th and 25th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS USEFUL man on a gentleman's place, by a careful and industrious man; understands plain farm work, kitchen gardening, &c.; is also experienced in the care of horses, driving, &c.; willing to do whatever is to be done; good references. Apply at No. 10 Tillary-st., Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, TO OBtain a situation for his coachman; has lived with him the last four years; can highly recommend him as a first-class man to any gentleman requiring him; can be seen at his present employer's. Call or address between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock, No. 40 Bond-st.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COACHman and groom, a situation with a private family; is a single man of long experience in the business; can give good City reference. Call on or address M. C., harness store, No. 33 West 29th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant young man as coachman, or as coachman and gardener; understands his business in all its branches thoroughly; unexceptionable references from his last employer. Address T. K., Box No. 205 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER and coachman by a thoroughly competent man; understands flowers, fruits, vegetables, and the care of horses; best City reference as to character and capability. B. B., Box No. 198 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A GENTLEMAN, TO SEcure a situation for his groom; thoroughly understands the care of horses; has first-class City reference. Can be seen at saddlery store, No. 30 4th-av., for two days.

WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN, WITHout family, a situation as coachman; his wife will do the washing; is Protestant; has good reference. Call at or address W. T., at seed store No. 876 Broadway, between 18th and 19th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and plain gardener, by a Protestant young man, single; is obliging and willing to make himself useful; best reference given. Address C. D., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS FIRST-CLASS coachman by a young man who has a complete knowledge of the care and management of horses and can show first-class references. Can be seen at or address harness shop 1,325 Broadway. S. MOTHAM.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MARRIED man as farmer and gardener; can milk, take care of horses, and is willing to make himself generally useful. Address C. M., Box No. 212 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a Protestant single man; understands the business thoroughly; is willing and obliging. Address J. S., Box No. 207 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a single man; has good references; will be found willing and obliging. Address E. D., Box No. 200 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN, a situation; has the best of City recommendations for sobriety, honesty and ability. Call, or address N. B., at the saddler's store, No. 30 East 14th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable single man, Protestant, to wait on an elderly or invalid gentleman; best of City references. Address S. C., No. 330 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a man who understands the care of horses and carriages thoroughly; is sober and honest; six years' reference. Address J. S., Box 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN ENGlishman lately arrived as waiter or indoor servant, or in any other capacity. Apply at No. 138 6th-av., above 10th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN by a single man, with the best City references from last employer. Can be seen, or address COACHMAN, at private stable No. 35 East 32d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COACHMAN and groom. Inquire of H. A. Blakslee, No. 43 Beaver-st., New-York, or John Killian, No. 90 Boerum-st., Brooklyn. Best references given.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION by a competent single man of long experience; six years' City reference from last place. Call on or address W. B., No. 36 Lexington-av.

WANTED—A GARDENER'S SITUATION by a first-class man, married, without family. Apply at No. 876 Broadway for F. W.

FRENCH ADVERTISEMENTS.

UN JEUNE FRANCAIS, QUI A DES bons recommandations, désiré une place comme valét de chambre; ou pour voyagér avec une famille a l'Europe. S'adresser No. 138 6e-av., au dessus du pharmacie, entrée 10e et 11e rue.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—A FIRST-RATE AMERICAN, Scotch or Protestant Irishman, to take charge of a small place in the country; must be a good plain gardener, understand the care of horses, carriages, &c., and come well recommended. Apply at No. 555 Broadway between 10 and 4 o'clock.

WANTED—AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 329 4TH-av., for excellent situations ready; all experienced waitresses, nurses, seamstresses, laundresses, chambermaids, cooks, girls of all descriptions and nations suited immediately; come one come all.

WANTED—A GIRL FROM 16 TO 20, TO MAKE herself generally useful; a Protestant preferred; none need apply without recommendation. Apply from 10 to 2 o'clock at No. 21 West 30th-st.

WANTED—A RESPECTABLE GIRL, TO cook, wash and iron, with good City references; must be willing and obliging. Apply from 12 until 2 on Thursday, at No. 19 West 42d-st.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, TO ASSIST IN washing and ironing, in a small family in the country; wages $12. Apply to-day, May 5, between 10 and 2 o'clock, at No. 148 Macdougal-st.

CARPENTER.—WANTED, A GOOD PLAIN carpenter to do work upon a small farm and assist in general work on the premises. Apply to JOS. B. HENSHAW, No. 152 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

AT BEDELL'S, NOS. 330 AND 332 4th-av. and 25th-st., servants of every description suited with places immediately, in City or country, both Protestant and Catholic.

WANTED—A STEADY PROTESTANT WOman to cook, wash and iron in a small private family; City reference required. Apply at No. 108 East 37th-st.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework in a small private family; City reference required. Apply at No. 30 West 47th-st., between 10 A. M. and 12 M.

GARDENER WANTED.—APPLY AT 12 o'clock at the Brandreth House, corner of Broadway and Canal-st.

WANTED—AS NURSE, A GIRL NOT OVER 18 years of age; cheerful and willing. Apply at No. 407 West 21st-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT CHILD'S nurse and seamstress, with City reference, at No. 141 West 43d-st.

WANTED—A PROTESTANT WOMAN FOR general work in a clergyman's family in Hudson City. Apply at Room No. 26 Bible House, from 11 till 1.

INSTRUCTION.

MR. GEO. C. ANTHON'S

CLASSICAL FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL,

With Primary Department and Gymnasium,

Nos. 212 and 214 5th-av.

SEDGWICK INSTITUTE,

GREAT BARRINGTON, MASS.

The subscribers, in removing their school from Hartford, Conn., and taking charge of this institution, announce to their patrons and friends that the next session will commence April 26. The beautiful scenery of the place, the healthfulness of the climate, the completeness of the building and its equipments, together with the long experience of the Principals, afford every advantage that could be desired in a school for boys. For circulars address the Principals, Great Barrington, or Rev. E. D. G. PRIME, D. D., New-York *Observer*.

I. & J. BIRD.

TARRYTOWN INSTITUTE,

A Military Boarding School,
Tarrytown, N. Y.

Inspection solicited.

Rev. F. J. JACKSON, } Principals.
C. C. CURTISS,

BOARDING SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

NORWALK, CONN.
C. M. SELLECK, PRINCIPAL.

The Summer session of this school will commence on WEDNESDAY, the 12th of May next, and continue until October following.

THE CITY OF CASSEL, PRUSSIA, offers great advantages as an abode for foreigners on account of its beautiful situation and the excellence of its schools.

Dr. LINDENKOHL, Professor at the Lyceum, will receive in his house a limited number of young American gentlemen, whose education he will personally superintend.

Special facilities for acquiring modern languages.

For particulars and references apply to
L. LINDENKOHL, No. 118 Duane-st.,
Rev. G. F. MORISON, Baltimore, Md.,
A. LINDENKOHL, U.S. Coast Survey, Washington.

PARENTS WHO WISH TO GIVE their sons a sound German education ought to send them to

Dr. STROMBERG, No. 60 Coblenca-strasse,
Bonn, Rhenish Prussia,

where a limited number of pupils are prepared for all learned professions and mercantile pursuits. Good references to American parents can be given. Letters to the above address.

IRVING INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys; pupils received at any time. For circulars apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

A. WILLIAMSON'S FAMILY SCHOOL for boys, at Bedford, Westchester County, N. Y., will reopen May 3.

HENRY W. SIGLAR'S ENGLISH, French and Classical Family Boarding School for Boys, Newburg, N. Y. Apply for circular.

GOLDEN HILL SEMINARY—BRIDGEport, Conn.—For circulars, address the Principal, Miss EMILY NELSON.

CIRCULARS OF GOOD SCHOOLS, CITY AND country, with reliable information, free for parents, at bookstore, 14 Bond-st. J. W. Schermerhorn & Co.

The New York Times.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 1869.

Amusements this Evening.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.
23d-st., corner 8th-av.
THE TEMPEST. Principal characters by Messrs. E. L. Davenport, Mayo, and Miss Blanche Grey.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE,
24th-st. and 5th-av.
BARBE-BLUE. Principal characters by Mlle. Irma and Mons. Aujac.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
CASTE. Leading characters by Mr. Charles Fisher, Miss Rose Eytinge and Miss Germon.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.
23d-st., corner of 6th-av.
OTHELLO. Leading characters by Mr. Edwin Booth, Edwin Adams, and Miss Mary McVicker.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, between Prince and Houston sts.
FORTY THIEVES. Leading characters by Miss Lydia Thompson and Mr. Beckett.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, between Houston and Bleecker sts.
HUMPTY DUMPTY. Leading characters by Mr. Geo. L. Fox and Mlle. Laurent.
MATINEE at 1½ o'clock.

WAVERLEY THEATRE.
No. 720 Broadway.
PARIS. (Burlesque.) Leading characters by Miss Elise Holt and Mr. Lewis.

THEATRE COMIQUE,
No. 514 Broadway.
PLUTO, and COMIC SKETCHES. Leading characters by Mr. W. H. Lingard and Miss Alice Dunning.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND THEATRE.
Broadway, corner of 30th-st.
LARGE COLLECTION OF CURIOSITIES.

THE TAMMANY.
14th-st., near 3d-av.
ROBINSON CRUSOE (Pantomime,) ACROBATIC FEATS, &c.

BOWERY THEATRE.
Bowery, near Canal-st.
SPIRIT OF THE FOUNTAIN and SOAP-FAT MAN.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.
No. 585 Broadway.
MAGIC PHANTOM CABINET, (Burlesque,) NEGRO COMICALITIES, &c.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.
14th-st., opposite Academy of Music.
THE ORIGINAL JAPANESE.
MATINEE at 2 o'clock.

STEINWAY HALL,
Nos. 71 and 73 East 14th-st.
LECTURE—For the Benefit of the German Hospital.

IRVING HALL.
Irving-place, corner of 15th-st.
GRAND BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

APOLLO HALL,
Broadway, corner 28th-st.
VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN.
Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.
EXHIBITION OF PAINTINGS. Open day and evening.

Terms of the New-York Times.

MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

The Daily Times, per annum	$12
The Daily Times, exclusive of Sunday Edition	10
The Semi-Weekly Times, one year	3
The Semi-Weekly Times, two copies, one year	5
The Weekly Times, one year	2
Five copies	8
Ten copies	15

These prices are invariable. We have no traveling agents. Remit in drafts on New-York or Post Office Money Orders if possible, and where neither of these can be procured send the money in a *registered* letter. All Postmasters are obliged to register letters when requested to do so, and the system is an absolute protection against losses by mail. Address

H. J. RAYMOND & CO.,
Times Office, New-York.

Notice.

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. We cannot return rejected communications, nor preserve manuscripts, unless specially requested so to do.

To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the Times are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 8½ o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ Advertisements for the Weekly Times must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

EUROPE.

Prince Alexander Menschikoff, Admiral of the Russian Navy, died on Monday, aged 80 years.

The Italian Parliament compliments the Ministry upon the exertions they have made to improve the finances of the country.

The Spanish Cortes desire that a new Ministry shall be formed.

An Irish member of the British House of Commons has introduced a bill to prevent the Mayor of Cork from continuing to hold any office connected with the administration of justice in Ireland.

The Geographical Society of France has voted a gold medal to Dr. Hayes, the Arctic explorer.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

In the House of Commons, yesterday, the subject of licenses to fishermen from the United States, following their occupation in Canadian waters, was under discussion. One member advocated the adoption of a firmer policy toward this country, and another desired the exclusion of all foreigners from the fishing grounds.

THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

The Senate considered the Supply bill yesterday, but made little change in it. In the Assembly the report of the Canal Committee, proposing to submit to the people an amendment to the Constitution providing for the raising of $10,000,000 by direct tax to improve the canals of the State, was discussed in Committee of the Whole, and the motion to adopt it was lost. The bill allowing the Third-avenue Railroad to lay a track across the new Harlem bridge was rejected and a reconsideration was moved and tabled. An unsuccessful attempt was made to bring up the Tax Commissioners' bill during the forenoon session, but in the evening it was considered, and after an exciting debate, was passed by a vote of 76 to 46.

GENERAL.

Late interesting news is received from Hayti by the arrival at this port of schooners from Port-au-Prince and St. Marc. Salnave, at the time of the departure of these vessels, was sorely in need of money, and the Government had given notice that it would not accept any of its bonds in payment of duties and would pay no bill at present for goods or supplies furnished. The insurgents had commenced to shell the town of Gonaives. Salnave had offered a general amnesty to every officer and functionary of Aux Cayes, and had given Minister Hollister permission to slip away President Dominique, but the insurgents had obstinately refused to give up. It was reported that the insurgent leaders were preparing to make a simultaneous attack on Port-au-Prince, Gonaives and Cape Haytien.

The news from Cuba is still varied in a most perplexing manner. Yesterday it was stated that Cespedes presided at a rebel Congress in one of the districts; and now, on the contrary, it is reported that General Dulce has just liberated the rebel chief from prison. Succeeding reports are filled with accounts of unimportant skirmishes.

On the 17th ult. the wall of a burning building in Baltimore fell upon a number of firemen who were at work in the vicinity. Mr. Ross, the Chief Assistant Engineer, was impaled upon a spear-head of the railings and cruelly injured. He lingered in great suffering until yesterday morning, when he died.

The tobacco factory of E. T. Pilkinton & Co., of Richmond, Va., was destroyed by fire yesterday, involving a loss of $50,000.

A negro named Holmes, lately a member of the Constitutional Convention of Virginia, was shot in Charlotte Court-house, Va., yesterday, by a son of Judge Marshall, in whose family the unfortunate colored man was formerly a body servant.

Jerome Leland opened his Columbian Hotel, at Saratoga, yesterday. There are quite a number of strangers already at the Springs. The other hotels will open on or before June 1.

The inauguration of Governor Jewell, of Connecticut, will take place at Hartford to-day, and will be unusually imposing. All the New-England Governors, Hon. Henry Wilson and Hon. H. L. Dawes, of Massachusetts, and Senators Buckingham and Ferry, and others, have accepted invitations to be present, and it is expected that the gathering of notables will be quite large.

General Robert E. Lee arrived in Alexandria yesterday, *en route* to his home in Lexington, Va. A large number of citizens called on him to pay their respects.

A person known as Bent Drake, *alias* Benton, was arrested yesterday in Boston, charged with obtaining $12,500 from an Ohio bank on a forged check.

There was a heavy snow-storm in the region about Binghamton, N. Y., yesterday, and there are apprehensions that the crops may be damaged.

Thomas Drew, who was committed in Boston for refusing to testify before a committee of the Legislature, was brought before the Supreme Court yesterday on a writ of *habeas corpus*, the question being raised by his counsel whether the Legislature had a right to take compulsory evidence. The Court will render its decision to-day.

Hon. William Pitkin, an old merchant, and formerly Mayor of the City of Rochester, died yesterday morning.

The controversy between the Newark and Paterson Railroad Company and the landowners along the river front, has been adjusted by an amicable arrangement between the parties. The Company agree to pay the damages to the property of Alderman Stevens by the destruction of his partially erected docks, and the main questions will be carried into the Court of Errors for adjudication at the June term.

It is stated that William Cary, Esq., of Galena, Ohio, has decided to decline the appointment of Assessor for the District of Utah.

A railway tie of polished California laurelwood, mounted with solid silver, and a spike of pure gold, has been forwarded to the end of the Central Pacific Railroad, and will be laid on Saturday next, thus completing the road.

Ex-Collector Shook, of the Thirty-second District, formerly in charge of the exports at this port, yesterday transferred to Colonel Bailey the books, papers, bonds, certificates and other property appertaining to the matters of the unsettled accounts relating to drawbacks and exports. His accounts, amounting to over $46,000,000, have been satisfactorily settled, and he will request the Department at Washington to immediately relieve him from any further responsibility.

The Workingwomen's Association will meet this (Wednesday) evening, at No. 24 Cooper Institute.

The Vessel Owners and Captains' Coöperative Association met yesterday. The Association comprises 222 members. The objects are to protect the rights and interests of all owners and masters of vessels.

The eighth anniversary of the Howard Mission was celebrated last evening at Steinway Hall, before an immense audience. A band played, children upon the stage sang a number of hymns, and addresses were delivered by Rev. Dr. Talmadge, Rev. Dr. Northrop and Mr. Oliver Dyer.

There was more activity in Cotton yesterday, at very firm prices for high grades. Breadstuffs opened rather briskly at stronger rates, but closed tamely and in favor of buyers. Provisions were in more request. Pork and Lard firmer. Groceries attracted more attention. Freights quiet.

Governor Hoffman in a Crisis—Will He Conquer or Capitulate?

There is pending before the Legislature a brief but important bill—deceptive in language, disgraceful in its history, false in its recitals, pregnant with gigantic mischief; an evidence at once of how much measureless audacity may dare to ask, and of how much unparalleled venality may not scruple to grant. We allude to that act of a single section by which the present Board of Erie directors are authorized to *classify themselves* "by lot *or otherwise,*" so that, as near as may be, one-fifth shall go out each year; which provision is prefaced by a repetition of the false pretence of forbidding the same person to be directors of more than one of our leading railroad companies, under which, by means that disgraced the Legislature and the State, the extraordinary Erie act of last Winter was passed. If anything can ever make the means that procured the passage of that law, even relatively respectable, it would be the action of the present Legislature, whose investigation into that infamy was pushed just far enough to shock the moral sense of the people, in exposing a corruption which these representatives wanted the virtue to punish. If anything can add infamy to the unrebuked legislative shame of last Winter, it will be by forcing upon the Erie stockholders, by corrupt and arbitrary legislative acts, for five years to come, certain directors whom they utterly distrust, and who have brought the affairs of the Company into national disrepute.

It might be, without hesitation, affirmed that it is a gross act of legislative usurpation—a high-handed violation of the first principles of common justice and right for the Legislature, without consulting the feelings of the great body of intelligent men who hold the many millions of Erie stock, to set over them for so many years a body of directors they have selected for no such period. To do that act without some just occasion—to do it in favor of men not shown to have uncommon worth, to do it without clear sanction in some just State policy—approaches an outrage, arouses just suspicion of corruption, and threatens the safety of all corporate property.

But where such an act is perpetrated in the wanton caprice of irresponsible powers, as one of a series of degrading acts that awaken general indignation—when it is done in language so loose and imperfect as to invite even upright men to become knaves—when it is done without any reason that any honest man dare avow—when it is done stealthily at the very end of a long session, some of the acts of which will remain conspicuous in the annals of legislative disgrace—when it is done in favor of the most disreputable and unworthy men who ever got control of that great corporation—when it is done under such circumstances and at such a time as to appear to the world as an indorsement by the representatives of the people of a long series of corporate, judicial and legislative proceedings, which are a national scandal and have contributed to bring republican institutions into disrepute on both sides of the ocean—it ought to be denounced as a legislative outrage, which is without parallel for the indecency with which it spurns all considerations which should be regarded as paramount and sacred by a legislative body.

If a change is to be made in the tenure by which the directors of our great corporations hold office, is it not just to let the stockholders vote in those they wish to hold for the long terms? If they are to be denied this right, is it not a duty to so fix the opportunity of securing the long term that each director may have an equal chance for it, or the most worthy may be secured by means of some responsible supervision? If these changes were conceived on any principle of justice and honesty, would not the proposal have been that only one-half or two-thirds of the old Board should be removed at the next election, and that the stockholders should decide which should hold over? When fundamental changes of policy are to be made, is it not wise to introduce them gradually and with some reference to the wishes of those most affected by them?

But it is useless to attempt to reason with members who have passed the Broadway Railroad bill, and who have for like reasons manifested a readiness to pass this Erie bill.

The fear of a veto alone consigned that infamy to a grave of shame, and the reality of a veto we fear is all that can relieve the State of the disgrace of confirming the leading Erie directors in power for five years, by a law enacted in the same week with a law against bribery, which drew no small part of its support from the abhorrence felt in the community for the acts of the directors of this same corporation. It looks as if the act of venial sin and the act of formal penance might be perpetrated at the same time in the legislative hall.

The honorable resolution of the Governor, carried into effect with so much manly firmness, in vetoing corrupt and needless legislation, has commanded a great measure of confidence, and has awakened high expectations. He has shown that he possesses a clear sense of public duty, and is capable of deserving the respect of a class of men far above the ordinary politician. If he is believed to have received his primary support from a source which is generally understood to gain strength by such corrupt legislation as we have denounced, he has shown that he is not the slave of that low element, and that he aspires to that honorable character that does not fear to do right, or hesitate to rebuke corruption, even to the sacrifice of unworthy support, and some old friendships. The consistency of such a character in these times must encounter some severe trials, and it is only stern and heroic fidelity to the end of this session, which can test the question whether Governor Hoffman is to be looked upon as a Chief Magistrate merely capable of not too trying exhibitions of spasmodic virtue, or is really and altogether, and at all times and against all seductions and combinations, faithful, honest and pure, and endowed with courage equal to any emergency. If the former only, he will gain no great reputation for all he may do of good, for his first default will carry him back to the level of all wily politicians; but if the latter, he will stand justly proud and honored in an era of corruption, will add lustre to the office of Governor of New-York, and will vindicate the wisdom of the veto power as a main element of safety in our constitutional fabric.

We are not without hopes that he will be equal to the emergency and do his duty by vetoing this bill, if its passage shall be secured this session, as seems likely. The eyes of thousands—not of Erie stockholders simply, but of earnest thinking men, alarmed at the scenes enacted in the Assembly and in some of the Courts—are upon him. If he yield in this case, his rising reputation, beyond the servile adulation of party, will vanish, but if true to that high sense of duty, of which he has given such encouraging evidence, the crisis will give him a prestige of courage and fidelity which hereafter will stand above all hope of seduction.

What are some of the leading facts known alike by the Governor and the people in regard to this bill?

Its origin is not in any sense of expediency recognized by railroad managers or by the people. He knows it originated with the Erie managers, and is an ingenious device to perpetuate a power that might be taken from them next Fall. He knows the Erie Company is managed by three persons, and seventeen being the number of nominal directors of the Company, the proportion of one-fifth was selected as giving the longest term that could be secured by those three persons. He knows that the classification, "by lot *or otherwise,*" is a provision designed to remove every chance which a lot cast by themselves could afford of any one but those three persons securing the long term. He knows that these men got control of the Company, not by any real selection by the owners of the stock, but by the purchase of proxies in the stock market, by suddenly closing the stock ledgers, and by other artful devices. He knows that all the other directors were selected by these three men, and that reputable persons of both parties were put in the Board to keep up a show of fairness, and to secure an odor of good repute, but with the intent that none but these three persons should have any real power or any actual knowledge in respect of the Company's affairs. He knows that before these reputable persons were elected, *most or all of them were compelled by such three persons to sign a paper pledged to support Jay Gould's policy or resign!* He knows that, though the charter of the Company, the laws of the State and the honest usages of railroad corporations are thereby openly spurned, there has been no more than a nominal meeting of the Board of Directors since October last, and that these three men have in that period exercised greater power in the name of the corporation than was ever before assumed in this State by any corporation whatever. He knows that the men in the Erie Board of Directors who have had the greatest experience, who command the largest share of public respect, and who have most of the confidence of the stockholders, who are sure to be turned out with the shortest terms under this bill, know and have been able to learn no more than the Governor himself of the funds of the Company, of the creation and sales of its stock or of the secret doings of the three men who have usurped all power. He knows that the management of those three men has defeated the preferred stockholders of a dividend, has increased the Company's floating debt, has greatly reduced the market value of its stock and bonds, has made their holders poor, while it has made these managers rich, and has brought the Company into general bad repute. He knows that those ornamental directors, thus craftily pledged and bound prior to their election, are compelled in self-justification to freely declare their ignorance, and to ask public indulgence on the ground that it is beyond their power to exercise their own rights as directors, or to do anything for the protection of the stockholders. He knows with what flagrant usurpations of power, and with what suspicious secrecy, these three men created and put upon the market tens of millions of the stock of this Company—how they have secretly kept or used the proceeds of these issues—greater than the revenues of several kingdoms—without being called to account, and without fear that has extorted an explanation—and he feels that the reasons why this has been allowed are disgraceful to the Judiciary and to the public morality of this State. He knows that these abuses have been so unparalleled and so unendurable that the Stock Exchange of New-York has excluded the stock from the public sales. He knows whether in the opinion of the most eminent judges, lawyers, bankers, merchants and good and wise men of all sorts, not only in this State but throughout the Union, the history of the affairs of the Erie Railway Company during the past year is regarded as a national scandal that has impaired the public morals of the country. He knows by what secret influences and combinations this bill has gained its strength before the Legislature, and what a triumph its passage would be of every element in our public life which he as a Judge would rebuke, and which in his conscience as a Governor he must lament.

What, on the other hand, can be said in justification of its signature? Only this: That the Legislature has passed it, and some deference must be paid to its judgment; that some party influence may, perhaps, be secured by its signature; that it is too much to ask a Governor to veto so many bills; that the Governor is not the keeper of public morals, nor responsible for corporate infidelity nor judicial degradation; nor is he bound to take official notice of the iniquity an act of legislation is intended to cover.

The path of honor and duty between such landmarks seems plain to us. It is an occasion to illustrate the vital utility of the veto power. It is a crisis in the career of a rising young officer in which to demonstrate on a conspicuous arena how grandly the moral courage, the noble sense of duty and the broad statesmanship of one man may rise over a dark sea of corporate, judicial and legislative infidelity, or how hopelessly and meanly he may sink beneath its slimy waters.

The Continent Open to Colonies.

The substantial completion of the Pacific Railroad is an event as significant to the Old World as to the New, and will have a special effect on the many Europeans who have been dreaming of trying their fortunes in the Republic of the West. Close upon every great epoch like the present, comes a fuller swell in the ever-constant flood of immigration. When news has spread among all would-be emigrants that the American war is over, or that new and cheaper transportation across the ocean is furnished, or that a better homestead law has been passed by Congress, or, as now, that the vast continent has been spanned by a railroad and the inner territories penetrated by steam power—that the locomotive, emblem of progress, will henceforth fly like a shuttle between the Atlantic and Pacific, weaving something new, with each journey, into the grand fabric of American civilization—the effect is instantly seen in the fresh influx of foreign populations. While to those of us who may not be personally interested in grand strokes of interior progress, they pass as seven days' wonders, to the *Americans of the future* they are of supreme importance. To these incipient citizens they become pregnant with a meaning we do not instinctively attach to them; a trans-continental railroad implies, for example, complete exploration, subduing the wilderness to civilization, easy transit to distant homes, and the means of returning if disappointed: it implies the opening of a continent to colonization, and the interest of a powerful corporation and of Government itself to keep at least one broad belt between the oceans secure from perils to travel and to settlement.

Political Machinery in England.

Our London correspondent gives us to understand that the style of party discipline which prevails with us is coming into use in England,—that the caucus system in a modified form has already been introduced into Parliament, and that something like our previous question would not be unwelcome. As English politics grow more and more democratic, all the peculiarities of our political system will be gradually developed there also. They will have, not only the caucus and the previous question, but primary meetings, rotation in office, and "rings" in all matters of legislation and political action. These things are the natural growth of popular Governments. Where a few men control everything relating to public affairs, machinery of this sort is not needed. In each locality some man comes to be known, from his ability or his wealth, as the party leader, and is obeyed as such. But when the number of voters has been largely increased as it has been in England by the recent Reform bill, parties are no longer content to follow the dictation of a leader; they will meet and mark out a course of action for themselves, and the only practicable way of doing this is by vote of the majority. The management of the majority of the party in any locality thus becomes a matter of importance,—requiring time, labor and great practical skill; and the men who perform this practical and essential work must in some way be paid for it. The *offices* under Government will, of course, be considered the coin in which such payment is to be made; and the maxim that "to the victors belong the spoils" will in due time be as generally accepted and acted upon in England as it is with us. In the same way the action of Parliament will be fixed, not by open debate and the force of argument in such debate, but in private meetings or *caucuses* of the dominant party,—and of course the decision of such caucuses will become binding on every member of it; and the member who shall refuse to be thus bound will be regarded as a traitor to his party, and cast out utterly from its communion. Now, an able man, like Mr. Lowe, for example, who *bolts* on any question of party policy, may make himself useful or feared, and thus force his way back into the party he has left; but when party discipline takes the place of personal influence, this will be no longer feasible. Party deserters will be "shot;" and individuals, no matter how high or how strong, will count for no more there than they now do with us. It has taken us some years to reach this point here,—and it may take somewhat longer in England, but they must come to that at last. If they will have the advantages of popular government, they must have the drawbacks also.

Progress of Political Light.

We see a case reported in England which shows how slowly improvements are made in that country, and how far behind us, in practical politics, the inhabitants of that "*effete* old monarchy" are as yet. It seems that the Admiralty wanted some timber, and invited proposals. Thereupon one T. Gambier, a clerk in the Admiralty, through one Rumble, an engineer, informed a Mr. Maxwell that for £30 he could get him the contract. Mr. Maxwell told the Admiralty, and the two together laid a trap for Gambier. They paid Rumble the £30, Maxwell got the contract, and then both Rumble and Gambier were arrested, tried for conspiring to obtain money under false pretences, convicted and sentenced to eighteen months of imprisonment at hard labor!

What would be said of such a performance in this country? What is usually done to persons who, for money, obtain offices or contracts for others? Are they sent to prison or to Congress? Ask any of the members of the latter body, for, as a general thing, they *know*. And what would be thought of the man who should *peach* in such a case, and tell who it was that had got him the contract, and how much he had paid for it? And what would be thought of the jury which should convict an honest, patriotic citizen on the evidence of such a traitor? And what would be thought of a judge who should sentence to the ignominy and hard work of a prison, a gentleman convicted of making money by getting contracts or offices for friends in that way? And finally, what are we to think of the political institutions of a country where such things *can* be done, without arousing the indignation of the whole male population?

We must consult the new Governor of Montana and his "dear Case" on these intricate points of political law. The Committee of Congress that investigated the case of Ashley, who wanted to be a full partner with Case in all his town lot and land site speculations, if he got him the appointment of surveyor, reported that they were "not aware of any rule that *excludes members of Congress from buying and selling as other men*, or from availing themselves of such means of information in relation to such purchases, as may be accessible to all the world." This, it will be seen, is sound and wholesome doctrine, and makes politics a respectable and *paying* business,—respectable because it *does* "pay." But it is confined to this country as yet. Political reforms always advance slowly; and it may take a score of years before the British Parliament will treat the matter with as much intelligence and as frank a recognition of the merits of the case, as are shown by the Committee that considered Ashley's case in our Congress. But it takes millions of years, we are told, for light to reach us from some of the fixed stars:—why should we complain that it should take a score or even a hundred years for *our* political light to penetrate the dense darkness of England?

Mr. Young and the Associated Press.

The Philadelphia *Post*, the paper for which a good deal of notoriety has been achieved by fastening upon it the charge of publishing telegraphic news, both foreign and domestic, which had been purloined in its interest from the Associated Press, seeks to affect the discredit of that charge, first by denouncing the violation of private confidence by which its truth was established, and next by abusing the Association and Mr. Simonton, its general agent. The following is from its issue of Saturday:

> "There is one feature in this infamous business of McClintock and Dana which we learned on our recent visit to New-York. It has not come to our readers, but should be told. For a day or two before the publication it was well known that it would be made. A dispatch was adroitly arranged and telegraphed over the country announcing that Mr. Young had been found guilty of fraud and corruption in Albany, and personal dishonesty. *This was sent by the Associated Press*, and, of course, reached every newspaper in America. Two days intervened. The *Sun* publication was made. Again *another dispatch was put upon the wires by the Associated Press, and the slander repeated.* Not one word was sent, however, of Mr. Young's prompt arrest of Dana. So that the country was made to believe that this gentleman had quietly yielded to an outrageous conspiracy, without even a protest. The truth being that Mr. Dana was arrested as soon as the order could possibly be granted."

So far as the Associated Press and its agent are concerned there is not a syllable of truth in this statement. No such dispatch as that first spoken of was sent from the office of the Association, nor had the agent any knowledge or information that such a charge of "fraud and corruption in Albany" was made against Mr. Young until the Philadelphia *Post* brought it to his knowledge. Of course the statement that the slander was repeated by the Association or its agent, "two days afterward" is equally false and slanderous. And the fact of Mr. Dana's arrest was sent out by telegraph, to all the papers receiving news from the Association, just as soon as it came to the knowledge of the agent.

The *Post*, in continuation of its false and scandalous misrepresentation, goes on to say:

> "The motive of this strange silence on the part of the Associated Press arises from the fact that Mr. Simonton, its general agent, has long been a *bitter personal and unrelenting enemy of Mr. Young.* It seems that when Mr. Simonton was engaged in the business of making public opinion in favor of the Democratic Party and Andrew Johnson by the character of his news from the South, Mr. Young's vehement and constant protests exhausted the patience of Mr. Simonton and led to a quarrel."

This is utterly untrue. None but friendly personal relations ever existed between Mr. Simonton and Young until the detection and exposure by the former that Mr. Young was betraying the news of the Association to the *Post*;—and it was in retaliation for this that Mr. Young invented the charge that Mr. Simonton was "making public opinion" through his dispatches, for Mr. Johnson. But for the detection of Mr. Young's treachery to the Association, the latter charge aginst Mr. Simonton never would have been heard of.

It is all well enough for the *Post* to be zealous in defence of Mr. Young; but it will make nothing by employing falsehood and defamation against the agent of the Associated Press in the service.

Last Days of the Legislature.

It is with great thankfulness that the people of New-York City observe that the days of the Albany Legislature are almost numbered, and the sense of relief will be general when that body is gathered to its predecessors. For four months our citizens have been in a state of suspense, as to "what the Legislature will do next." What with Sheriffs' jobs, and railroad bills, and enormous tax levies, and frittering away franchises, and the protean schemes of plunder of all sorts and sizes which the Legislature have entertained, and with which they have dallied, we of the City of New-York have been on the anxious seat ever since that wise body convened, and shall not draw a long breath of safety till it adjourns without day.

In the tremendous *débâcle* of gigantic jobs and swindling schemes which have threatened to overwhelm the City, the Senate has hitherto been something of a breakwater. It was that body which resisted the monstrous Tax Levy, which seemed good to the Assembly, and cut it down nearer to the figures of the Citizens' Association; it took the Sheriff's bill, which passed the Assembly so easily, and made it comparatively harmless; it quietly postponed action on the three great railroad bills which were driven through the Assembly in one night, and their fate is still doubtful. But the Senate's record is good only by comparison with the Assembly's, and the avarice and greed of its members are made the theme of shameful comment and scandal. While we are coming to the "last days" of the Legislature, we are also coming to its most dangerous ones. The log-rolling which has now begun, and will continue till the last hour of the day of adjournment, is something quite appalling. Let us at least warn honest legislators not to be dragooned, through fear of losing good measures, into the support of bad ones, or be caught in traps to overrule the Governor's vetoes at the last moment of the session.

MINOR TOPICS.

It is always pleasant to find one's self properly appreciated. The Erie Railroad "ring," J. Gould, Fisk and Lane, have sued the Times for libel, laying their damages at *one million* of dollars. It is clear they have based this estimate on the influence of the assailant,—not the value of the characters assailed.

The office-seekers have mainly left Washington, and the land has rest. When they are still, everything is quiet. The Press no longer deems the country on the brink of ruin. Politicians cease to denounce the Administration as the worst the country has ever known. General Grant ceases for the moment to be "an overrated man," and the members of the Cabinet are no longer on the eve of resigning from sheer incapacity. Why cannot their halcyon days last forever,—that is to say, until another Presidential election?

Professor Chandler, the learned chemist of the Metropolitan Board of Health, denies the statement attributed to him recently by the newspapers, that the lager-bier sold in this City is adulterated. The only report on the subject ever made to the Board by Professor Chandler was published in the Times nearly one year ago, and it was then distinctly stated that the samples analyzed contained nothing but the pure derivations of malt and hops.

We are surprised that General Grant did not appoint a Quaker to look after the interests of the Alaska Indians. The way in which our troops are killing off these poor wretches, and burning their huts, is disgraceful to the country.

The Hansom Cab bill will now become a law with Governor Hoffman's signature. The Assembly, by a large majority, adopted the Senate's amendments yesterday. No time should now be lost in introducing these cabs. They should be made stout, and should be easy of movement. The horses should be alive and sprightly, as well as obedient and good-tempered. The drivers should be well-trained, polite and neatly clad. The fare should be fixed, uniform and reasonable.

The French Minister left for Paris last Saturday. The Russian Minister has been recalled to St. Petersburg. The Prussian Minister is about to leave for Berlin. The Italian Minister is about to leave for Florence. We have not yet heard that the English Minister proposes to visit London.

It was reported a little while ago that Messrs. Gould & Fisk had bought the Times for a million of dollars. We never understood until quite lately that the mode of payment proposed is through the verdict of a jury for precisely that amount in a suit for libel. We decline to accept Mr. Gould's character at his own valuation; and it is barely possible that a jury may put it a trifle lower.

A Police Captain has been mulcted in the sum of $1,000 for an unjustifiable assault upon a citizen. Captain Greer must understand that his power over the lives and liberties of citizens is limited. The verdict of the jury was in accordance with both law and justice.

Among the dismissals from the Treasury Department at Washington, we read of an octogenarian who has spent the greater part of his days in the public service. The venerable patriarch is in the greatest distress, and has now nothing to look forward to but the poorhouse. He is begging to be returned to his duties, for which it is said he is quite capable. Under the English Government, after such long service, he would have been pensioned. Certainly, if he can perform his duties, he should at least be permitted to return to his desk,—even though he did not vote for Grant. If Grant's attention were called to the case, we have no doubt he would order his reinstatement,—notwithstanding his vote.

In charging the Grand Jury regarding their duties, Judge Bedford referred to the result of the efforts made by the Courts for the repression of crime. Said he:

> "At one time there were strong grounds for apprehension that crime in this City threatened to become epidemic; but it affords me great pleasure to say, that, owing to the vigilance, energy and prompt action of the authorities, this apprehension has not been realized. On the contrary, the bold and daring recklessness which, but a few weeks ago, characterized our criminal record, has been palpably very much diminished."

It gives us pleasure to confirm these statements of the City Judge, and to signalize the success that has attended the active efforts made by Recorder Hackett and himself to put a stop to rampant crime. The unflinching application of the penalties of the law to its violators, and the enemies of social order, has been a most fortunate thing for New-York.

We cannot assist the Revolutionary party of Cuba on the ground of their declaration that they are fighting for independence from Spain and annexation to the United States. Nor do we believe that this declaration will help the insurrection with the people of Cuba itself. What the great majority of the natives want is an independent government of their own, not annexation to this country. They would be very willing to have us help them by getting into a quarrel with Spain, but they would be as much opposed to American supremacy as to Spanish.

The English Tories are holding meetings to protest against the Irish Disestablishment bill, and to demand its rejection by the House of Lords. But the Tories were overwhelmingly beaten at the Parliamentary elections, and it is useless for them now to attempt to bolster up the "Lost Cause." Even the Lords cannot save them, but must submit to the demands of the people.

The *Evening Post* desires that the control of all the affairs of this City be given up to the Municipal authorities,—that the management of all the commissions be put into their hands, and that the Mayor, with the subordinates of his appointment, be responsible for all the duties of administration. "There might at first be extravagance," says the *Post*, "though it could not be worse than now." But in fact it could be a great deal worse, as is seen by the former management of City affairs. "If the Mayor," says the *Post*, "was responsible for the cost of the City government, he could be easily made odious by exposures of extravagance and corruption." But what would be the consequence of his being made "odious?" Would he fail of reëlection, or would things be improved on that account? The Common Council has been odious for a great many years; but what of it?

That silent Rye Neck murder is putting on the appearance of uncertainty which takes such events out of the sphere of what is merely brutal, and gives them the mystery which makes them so terribly interesting. None of the villagers, it seems, are suspected. But the report of one of them about that melodramatic looking villain, met near the bridge, is a very curious one, implying as it does, that the unknown, a very marked featured man with high forehead and small feet, was waiting for the one who, from a sound heard in Robinson's house, must have just done the deed. This evidence moves the crime from the villagers, apparently. It suggests some strange people, and is rather important in many respects.

That was a very remarkable scene in the Spanish Cortes the other day—as described by our Madrid correspondent—when Señor Castelar made his argument against the great Church advocate, Father Manterola, and after a powerful peroration in favor of human liberty in matters of religion, sat down in the midst of electrical plaudits, clasping of hands, the President of the Cortes himself, after ringing his bell to "dismiss," coming down to kiss him on both cheeks, and others following this example! Poor Manterola must have looked rather chap-fallen; for when the kiss of love went round, there was no kiss, alas, for him.

The Long Island Railway Accident.

NEW-YORK, Monday, May 3, 1869.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

As a resident landed proprietor along the line, permit we to write a few words with regard to it. I do not want to prejudice the case in any way, but there can be no doubt that the road is now in better running order and better conducted than it has been for some years; still it was a righteous retribution for previous mismanagement and insufferable arrogance, that the same papers which chronicled this fact, should also have to report the harrowing disaster which now awaits the Coroner's trial.

The true solution of the matter is that the driver was going at unusual speed, and the last car *oscillated* from the track, striking and rebounding from the sleepers as it was dragged along, until it loosened a rail which jumped up and had its end caught in the truck-work of the car, which still being urged on, bent and broke the rail in five places!

The true remedy for such mishaps is proper couplers such as the English have, or better still, Miller's automatic coupling, used by the Erie and other great Companies.

Horrible as was the loss of life, it is well it was no worse under the circumstances; but until more effective means of retaining the cars on the track when running at high speed be adopted, such will periodically occur, though I believe the risk was and is aggravated on the Long Island Railroad by bad spiking, inferior iron, deficient ties and a scamping of the work generally.

I am, yours respectfully, B. WOOD.

The German Hospital.

Mr. de Cordova, a popular and cultured humorist, lectures to-night at Steinway Hall, with a view to increasing the fund for furnishing the German Hospital. He has chosen for his subject, "Mrs. Smith's Surprise Party." The object of the entertainment, aside from its real attractiveness, would suffice to commend it to attention.

Another Anti-Grant Slander Refuted.

From the Montgomery (Ala.) Journal.

C. C. Crowe's wife is Mrs. Grant's cousin.—*Memphis Sun.*

Just about as much truth in the above as in the paragraph going the rounds of the papers that Longstreet was a relation to the Grant family. Colonel Crowe's wife is a native Alabama woman, and not connected with the President or Mrs. Grant in any way.

The Baptist Ladies' Home Society.

A large and encouraging meeting in aid of the Ladies' Home Society of the Baptist churches was held at the Church in Sixteenth-street, near Eighth-avenue, last evening. The Society was established in February last by a number of prominent ladies in this City. Its object is to provide the aged, infirm, or destitute members of the Baptist churches with a comfortable residence, with board, clothing, skillful medical attendance, with their accustomed religious services, and, at their death, with respectable burial. The officers are: Mrs. D. C. Hayes, First Directress; Mrs. J. M. Ambler, Second Directress; Mrs. W. D. Murphy, Third Directress; Mrs. J. M. Bruce, Jr., of Yonkers, Treasurer; Miss F. M. Newton, Recording Secretary, and Mrs. F. S. Miner, Corresponding Secretary. Nearly all the Baptist churches in the City are represented in the Board of Managers. The Society, although its existence is short, has been enabled to raise $60,000, and it proposes to have the "home" built when the amount is increased to $100,000. At the meeting last evening Rev. Thomas D. Anderson, D. D., presided, and earnest appeals for money to help the Society were made. Another meeting on behalf of the Society will be held at the Tabernacle Church, on Second-avenue, on next Wednesday evening.

WASHINGTON.

Criticism upon Secretary Boutwell—His Intentions—The Perambulatory Committees and the Contingent Fund—Changes in the Foreign Diplomatic Corps.

Special Dispatches to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, May 4.

There is some criticism upon Secretary BOUTWELL in certain quarters, because he has not yet begun to use the discretionary power conferred upon him by the Sinking Fund acts. It is decidedly too much to expect of a Secretary who has not yet really had the requisite time to look into his books, to enforce a law which all his predecessors persistently ignored. Governor BOUTWELL's intention to use the surplus revenue to reduce the debt, is thoroughly defined, and will be carried into effect as early as practicable. But there are several contingencies to be considered which cannot be disregarded before the Secretary can act freely. In the first place he must know positively that he is not to be embarrassed by the sudden presentation of the interest-bearing demand obligations of the Government. With the May interest taken out, the net gold balance in the Treasury is only about $68,000,000. The July interest will equal the customs for May and June, and the current expenditures will doubtless fully equal the internal revenue receipts for the same month, and some gold will, perhaps, have to be sold. Then the most important contingency of all is whether it is possible to reduce the expenditures in the fiscal year 1869-70 in the same proportion that Congress reduced the appropriations. This must be remonstrated to a certain extent, or else the surplus in the Treasury may be needed for deficiencies, for the adjustment of taxation during the past two years has been upon the basis of reduced expenditures in all Departments. Congress reduced the appropriations more than thirty millions below the lowest Treasury estimates; and unless the War, Navy and Treasury Departments can make these reductions good, Mr. BOUTWELL will probably have use for the greater portion of his surplus in paying the Deficiency bills of the next Congress. But it will require a considerable advance into the new fiscal year to determine this with any degree of certainty.

THE PERAMBULATING COMMITTEES.

The perambulating Committees appointed by the House of Representatives during the last session of Congress to travel over the country for all sorts of purposes, have, through their respective Chairmen, drawn their drafts on Sergeant-at-Arms ORDWAY, through whom and the Clerk of the House, Mr. MCPHERSON, warrants have been sent to the Treasury Department. The total amount appropriated for the contingent fund was $35,000. Seven of these Committees have drawn $28,000 of this amount, leaving only $7,000 to pay the expenses of the House until next December. This sum is manifestly inadequate to meet the necessary demands until that time, and there will of necessity be a considerable Deficiency bill next session. There was a fierce struggle among the different Committees to get as much as possible, but Mr. SCHENCK succeeded in carrying off the lion's share. He draws $10,000 for the Ways and Means Committee, which is to meet in New-York May 12, and after the tour of the Eastern cities, to proceed across the Continent to California to investigate probably the effect of high tariffs on the trade of the Pacific. General GARFIELD has had a warrant issued for $3,000 for the Census Committee, which is to go in quest of useful knowledg on census topics. Mr. LYNCH, of Maine, is to have $2,000 at his disposal to pay the expenses of his Sub-Committee in their inquiry as to the decrease of American shipping. General PAINE and Company get $5,000 to go to New-Orleans to investigate the Louisiana election cases. General BANKS has drawn $3,000 to defray the expenses of two or three members of the Foreign Affairs Committee to Cuba or Paraguay—no one exactly knows where; and Mr. BINGHAM thinks $3,000 barely sufficient to pay the expenses of himself and his associates on their tour to Montgomery, Ala., to ascertain the truth or falsity of the charge against DICK BUSTEED. The Committee on Retrenchment is to expend $2,000 learning how to economize the public moneys. This whole circus committee business is the subject of considerable animadversion in all quarters here, and meets with little favor in Executive circles.

THE FOREIGN DIPLOMATIC CORPS.

Several changes are to take place in the foreign diplomatic corps. Baron STOEKEL, the Russian Minister, is to be succeeded by a prominent member of the Russian diplomatic corps; Mr. DE BODISCO, his first Secretary of Legation, is also to leave here; Baron GEROLT, the representative of the North German Union, including Prussia, leaves here to-morrow on a furlough; and the Chevalier CERUTTI, Italian Minister, is to be succeeded by M. BERTINATTI, who was here some years ago during the war. He married a wealthy Mississippi widow, Mrs. BASS, and thereby saved her estate from confiscation.

GENERAL SICKLES.

There is the highest authority for stating that a dispatch of yesterday to a New-York paper to the effect that a protest has been filed in the State Department against the appointment of General SICKLES to office has no foundation whatever. It may be added also, on the best authority, that no application of General SICKLES for any office is on file in any Departments of the Government.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

Three more women, marshaled by Professor J. H. K. WILLCOX, bravely marched to the Registry Offices in the Fourth Ward, to-day, and demanded that their names be placed upon the roll. The request, of course, was refused, but Colonel COOK, Chairman of the Board, promised that each of the twenty ladies who have thus far applied and been refused should have a copy of the official decision of the Board when made. Professor WILLCOX says these demands have demonstrated one thing positively, to wit: that the dangers of women going to the polls have been greatly overdrawn.

Dispatches to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, May 4.

THE SOUTH PACIFIC SQUADRON.

Naval official advices from Admiral TURNER, commanding the South Pacific Squadron, dated Valparaiso April 2, reports the visit of the *Tuscarora* to Buenaventura to investigate the insult to our Consular flag, and imprisonment of our Consul, Mr. JAMES M. EDER. The *Tuscarora* arrived off Buenaventura, Colombia, in the early part of March, and took immediate measures to ascertain the truth and condition of the case. Mr. EDER had been released from imprisonment, and was again in occupation of his office, anticipating no further molestation. The difficulty in which he was involved was this: Having in December last some private business to attend to in Palmyra, about seventy-six miles from Buenaventura, as he was proceeding there an attempt was made to assassinate him in the streets by a party who had previously stolen some articles from the Consul, and during the fracas Mr. EDER struck the man a blow, causing him to fall and strike his head against the stones, from the effects of which he soon died. Mr. EDER was arrested, while surrounded by a violent populace, and imprisoned, but was shortly afterward released, and the case was dismissed. On New-Year's day, while he was receiving his friends, the Consular flag was torn down, dragged through the streets, stamped upon, and ultimately torn to pieces. The mob sustained the outrage and defied the authorities. The Superior Court reversed the decision of the Circuit Judge in Palmyra, and Mr. EDER had to undergo a jury trial. On account of ill health he was not imprisoned, and the case was again dismissed.

Previous to the arrival of the *Tuscarora* he had communicated all the facts to Mr. SULLIVAN, United States Minister at Bogota, and the whole matter was in the course of adjustment. Assurances had been given by the Secretary of Foreign Affairs that ample satisfaction should be made for the insult to the flag. Under these circumstances, the commander of the *Tuscarora* decided to make no demand for redress, but to leave the matter in the hands of the United States Minister, to be settled in the customary manner. The prominent men and officials of Palmyra and of the surrounding country greatly deplored the outrage on the flag, and expressed much sympathy for the Consul. The *Tuscarora* left Buenaventura on the 4th of March and reached Callao on the 11th.

FRAUDS UPON THE INDIANS.

JOHN W. WRIGHT has replied to the statements recently published relative to alleged frauds practiced by him as agent upon the Cherokee and other Indians in the matter of bounty payments. He says, among other things, drafts were issued by the Government in the name of the soldiers and he could not use a dollar without their indorsement; that those who have been allowed bounty did not complain, and that all the present rumors about frauds are the work of agents or members of the "Indian ring." H. D. REESE, Chairman of the Cherokee delegation, who aided in making out the claims of the Indian soldiers, indorses the truth of WRIGHT's statement.

REMOVALS FROM THE INTERNAL REVENUE BUREAU.

All the prominent officials of the Internal Revenue Bureau who were immediately connected with the Commissioner's Office during the administration of Mr. ROLLINS, with the exception of Deputy Commissioner PARNELL, have been removed. Several appointments of Assessors and Collectors will probably be made in the course of a few days.

MRS. GRANT'S RECEPTION.

Mrs. GRANT's reception to-day, probably the last of the season, was attended by a large number of ladies and gentlemen. Mrs. GRANT was elegantly dressed in a corn-colored silk with black lace trimmings. She wore coral ornaments. She was supported by Mrs. JAMES PAUL, of Philadelphia; Mrs. Judge DENT, and Mrs. General AUGUR. The President attended the reception after the close of the Cabinet meeting.

APPOINTMENTS.

The President has appointed E. J. CURTIS Secretary of Idaho Territory, *vice* J. R. HOWLETT, superseded. IRA A. BLOOMFIELD has been appointed Supervisor of Internal Revenue for the District of Illinois, *vice* JOHN OLNEY.

GOVERNOR WELLS AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

Governor WELLS, of Virginia, was among the callers at the Executive Mansion to-day before the meeting of the Cabinet, and had a brief interview with the President on political subjects appertaining to that State. He returned to Richmond to-night.

THE COLLECTOR OF NEW-YORK.

Hon. MOSES H. GRINNELL had an interview with Secretary BOUTWELL this morning.

ARMY.

Colonel J. A. MARTIN, Assistant Adjutant-General, formerly at Army Headquarters, and more recently aid to Secretary RAWLINS, left Washington to-day for the West, where he is assigned to duty.

EUROPEAN NEWS BY MAIL.

ARRIVAL OF THE CUNARD STEAMSHIP SCOTIA.

The steamship *Scotia*, which left Liverpool April 24 and Queenstown April 25, has arrived.

For some days it had been announced that Mr. DICKENS would give a farewell reading in Preston on April 22. Shortly before 6 o'clock, however, the crowds of visitors who thronged up the grand entrance to the Guildhall were given to understand by the officials in charge that Mr. DICKENS had been taken suddenly ill, and had proceeded by train to London, and that the readings could not be given. The news caused the greatest consternation in town, and thousands of visitors met with a sore disappointment. The money expended in the purchase of tickets was, of course, returned at the doors, accompanied by the printed copy of a certificate signed by Mr. F. CARR, F. R. C. S., London, which stated that in consequence of the state of Mr. DICKENS' heart and voice, superinduced solely by excessive fatigue, remedies had to be prescribed, which necessitated a journey to London. Mr. CARR was summoned from London to see Mr. DICKENS at a late hour to-day, and they both departed at once for London.

The President of the Oxford University Boat Club (Mr. J. C. TINNE, of University College,) having received a challenge from Harvard College, United States, to row a four-oared race from Putney to Mortlake, in August next, a captain's meeting of the University Boat Club was held on April 2, when it was unanimously agreed to accept the challenge.

The Earl of FINGALL was found dead in his bed, April 22. The deceased, who had just completed his seventy-eighth year, represented Meath County in the Liberal interest in the first two Parliaments of WILLIAM IV.'s reign, and succeeded to the peerage in 1836. His Lordship was one of the moderate party among the Roman Catholics who adhered to Whig principles and opposed ultramontane notions. He is succeeded by his eldest son, ARTHUR JAMES, Lord KILLEEN, who was born at Naples in 1819, and who was for some years in the Eighth Hussars, and served in the Crimea.

A publication has just appeared in Paris, entitled *The Progress of France under the Imperial Government*. It bears the Imperial arms, is issued from the Imperial printing office, and the rumor runs that it has an Imperial origin. The work appears to have been issued for electioneering purposes, but the *Temps* thinks that it has too many statistics.

Several journals have lately referred to a pious pilgrimage to the Holy Land to be undertaken by the Empress of the French, in fulfillment of a vow made at the period of the Prince Imperial's birth. Some prints have even gone so far as to describe the itinerary of the journey. What is certain is that the Viceroy of Egypt some time back addressed a letter to the Empress, inviting Her Majesty to honor with her presence the inauguration of the Isthmus of Suez Canal, and that this invitation was graciously accepted. The *Moniteur d'Alexandrie* announces that the Empress had an inquiry made of M. DE LESSEPS as to the period when the Imperial yacht *l'Aigle* would be able to traverse the Isthmus. If the Empress visited Egypt, she would naturally take advantage of the opportunity to accomplish at the same time her journey to Palestine.

A private letter from Rome, written, says the London *Weekly Register*, by one likely to be well informed on the subject, says that on the meeting of the Ecumenical Council in December next, one, and only one, political question will be discussed. This will be an endeavor on the part of the Holy Father, as the head of the United Church, to persuade the different nations of Europe to disarm their present enormous and costly armies and fleets, and submit their differences to arbitration. Non-Catholic as well as Catholic Powers will be urged not to break the peace, and to give a guarantee or promise that they will not do so. The Holy Father is reported to have said, that of the many felicitations he received on the anniversary of his jubilee, none gave so much pleasure as the unexpected courtesy of the Queen of England, who, although differing from Catholics in matters of faith, has by this simple act bound more firmly than ever in loyalty her many Catholic subjects.

The Italian papers contain but little information respecting the conspiracy which is said to have been discovered in Milan. The report that arrests had been made, and Orsini bombs seized, is mentioned by both the *Pungolo* and the *Gazzetta di Milano*, but merely as a rumor that prevailed in the city. The *Perseveranza*, however, takes upon itself to state that there is some truth in the rumor, blended with much that is incorrect, and it promises to give its readers a full and complete account of the machinations discovered, in two or three days. One of the persons arrested is described as Mr. NATHAN, an Englishman, who is "said" to be an intimate friend of MAZZINI. Hence the name given to the conspiracy.

The North German Parliament discussed, on April 22, the estimates of the Ministry for Foreign Affairs. Herr TWESTEN made a speech, in which he called upon Count BISMARCK to lay before the House copies of the diplomatic correspondence in the shape of a Blue Book, as is done by other Governments. Count BISMARCK replied that in countries where this custom obtained it proceeded from the necessities of the Parliamentary system, but that it created mistrust among foreign Governments. Count BISMARCK added that in England the publication of official documents was managed with great diplomatic tact, the result of many years' experience, but, nevertheless, it had given rise to complaints. It was well known that the very prudent publications made by the French Government did not obtain their Parliamentary object. He himself was not an advocate of this system, but in case the Parliament insisted he would lay before them what he could. He further remarked that the Governments which published Blue Books did not by any means give all the correspondence of their foreign offices.

FOREIGN PROPHETS.

American Designs in Cuba Foreshadowed.

From the Owl.

We understand that the subjoined information from New-York is correct. Since it was received the assertions have been so far verified that the Spaniards having seized the *Mary Lowell*, which was hovering suspiciously on the coast, and attempting to communicate with the insurgents, the American Government have sent a large iron-clad fleet to demand her restitution. The Spaniards will, no doubt, make a brave fight for their possession, but it may be snatched from their grasp before a Tripartite Alliance can be formed for the joint defence of European West Indian possessions. In these days the *fait accompli* is a triumphant answer to all remonstrance, and if General GRANT seizes Cuba it is more than questionable whether England and France would make it a *casus belli*, and seek to wrest his prey from his grasp: "GRANT is now run mad on the subject of Cuba, and will undoubtedly give aid in some manner to wrest that island from Spain. Whether that would be complacently looked upon by France and England you have a better opportunity of judging than I have. But the complications which would arise might involve this country in war with European Powers. The feeling against England and France and Spain is being carefully worked up in Congress and in the public Press, so as to prepare the people for the steps which GRANT desires to take. He and his intimate friends ardently long for a foreign war. This will not only give acquisition of territory, but will afford ample field for honor and give a new lease of power to the present Administration. The entire feeling pervading the high officials is one of hatred to England, and to France in a less degree. In a day or two a yacht will leave here for Cuba, ostensibly for the purpose of a pleasure party. Its real mission is to learn the exact condition of affairs, and to communicate with the leaders of the Cubans. The persons on board will be informed what to do by this Government. The coast of the island is so guarded by Spanish cruisers that it is impossible for larger vessels to run in, and several expeditions have been run off lately and failed in landing. The Fenian organization is active, and in readiness to move against the British possessions as soon as any difficulty arises; and the highest officers of the army and navy look to a serious quarrel at an early day. With these views you may look for fresh demands on the *Alabama* question. Knowing what I do, I forewarn you that there is a heavy storm brewing ahead."

INTERNATIONAL YACHT RACE.

The Owner of the Cambria on the Projects of a Contest.

From the Daily News, April 24.

It will be recollected that Mr. J. ASHBURY, owner of the celebrated English yacht *Cambria*, has thrown out a challenge to America for a race across the Atlantic to compete for the cup carried off by America some years since. Considerable correspondence has taken place as to the conditions of the contest, and the measurement of the respective vessels. The *Cambria*, after undergoing extensive alterations at Cowes during the Winter, arrived off Brighton on Thursday to take in stores preparatory to a short cruise to test the efficacy of the new arrangements. Yesterday afternoon Mr. ASHBURY entertained a select party of friends at a sumptuous repast, served on board the yacht. Among those present were Lord Sussex Lennox, Mr. M. D. Scott and Dr. Pickford, (Deputy-Lieutenants for the County of Sussex,) Colonel Burrard, (Grenadier Guards,) Colonel Johnston, Colonel Croffton, Captain Boyle, R. N., Captain Colquohon, &c. Lord LENNOX, in complimentary terms, proposed "The health of Mr. ASHBURY, and success to the *Cambria* in all her undertakings." Mr. ASHBURY, in acknowledging the compliment, referred to the approaching international contest. He said he should spare neither trouble nor expense to uphold not only the reputation of the *Cambria*, but also the honor and pride of this country in yachting matters. He wished our cousins across the Atlantic well, but at the same time he wished ourselves better. It was not for him to express any opinion as to what the result of the race might be. Although the cup was of the intrinsic value of only 100 guineas, it had been in the possession of America for seventeen years, and no one had had the pluck or the energy to compete for it. He thought the fact that it had been held so long showed that it was worth competing for. He had been told that a number of persons were going from London to New-York to see the result of the race, and that the amount of money that would change hands in connection with the race was something incredible. He wished, however, to state that the race, whatever was the result, would not put £5 into his pocket, neither should he lose any money upon it. The only prize that he could gain would be the cup. A great deal had been said about the difference in the tonnage of the vessels. He desired in no shape or way to take advantage; but he did desire that the vessel he competed with should be of the tonnage of the *Cambria*, and not double. But that matter had now passed out of his hands. He had submitted the technical question of measurement to the Royal Yachting Club, who would report upon it when the American vessels arrived in England, which he believed would be about the end of May. The club would report as to whether, in their opinion, the standard rule of this country should be altered, and that opinion would be submitted to a Yachting Congress having representatives from every yachting club in Great Britain and Ireland. If the congress confirmed the view of the Royal Yachting Club, that it would be desirable to alter the standard of measurement, so that the *Dauntless* might be brought within the terms of his challenge, he would willingly, whatever might be his individual opinion, abide by that decision. The New-York papers had criticised him rather severely, but the *Pall Mall Gazette* and other papers had done him the justice of saying that he only desired to act in a perfectly creditable and straightforward manner. It remained now to be seen what would be done by the end of May. But it seemed to him that if the measurement was altered, and the *Dauntless* did not come within the terms of his challenge, the Americans would be bound in honor to find some other vessel that would do so. At any rate, he had thrown down the gauntlet in a perfectly fair manner, and it was for them to take it up.

CUBA.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP DE SOTO.

The steamship *De Soto*, which left Havana April 27, reached this port yesterday with three days later news from that port than was already at hand. Purser THOMAS MCMANUS has our thanks for courtesies.

Naval Expeditions from Mexico—Spanish Bombast—The Loyal Cubans—The Volunteers and Dulce—Lack of War News.

From Our Own Correspondent.

HAVANA, Tuesday, April 27, 1869.

The Spaniards do not appear to be so downhearted as to have lost the smallest portion of their pugnacious and overbearing spirit. If the *Voz de Cuba* is, as is generally believed, the true expounder of the feelings of the masses, (differing in this respect materially from the *Diario de la Marina*, the organ of the Government officials and of the slaveholding and slavetrading aristocracy,) such is unquestionably the case. In addition to the present revolution here, the still incomplete peace arrangements with the South American Republics, the hatred existing among the Dominicans, and the uncertain attitude of the population of the United States, the Spaniards seem nothing loth to take another heavy task upon themselves by commencing a war with Mexico. For weeks past rumors of fillibustering expeditions have been rife, these expeditions having been organized and having sailed, it was reported, from the Mexican ports of Sisal and Campeachy. The Spanish man-of-war *Ysald la Catolica* and *Pizarro* have been cruising between the south side of Cuba and the Mexican coast for the past three weeks, but have not met with anything looking like an expedition. On Saturday evening, however, it appears that the Government received later and authentic information to the effect that the long talked of Mexican expedition was ready to sail. Steam was gotten up on the frigate *Gerona* and a small tug was improvised into a gunboat, Admiral MALCAMPO in person embarking on the *Gerona*. The *Voz de Cuba* thinks that not a single fillibuster will escape should any have started but this is merely the opinion of the *Voz*. It will be extremely difficult, on the contrary, to catch one of these blockade schooners, as there are hundreds of places between Yucatan and Cuba where a schooner can easily run away from all the large Spanish men-of-war, whose draught would not allow them to follow over the banks or keys.

The *Voz* ought to know that half a million of Cuban gold will buy half a dozen gunboats, to be sailed under the Mexican flag, a more than sufficient navy to keep the entire Spanish forces on the move and to destroy the only traffic of any importance still remaining to Spain. The *Voz de Cuba* reasons very well on one subject, but does not take sufficient care to look into the other.

The loyal Cubans—that is to say, those few who still pretend to belong to Spain and to be classed among its citizens and subjects—have not met with the cordial reception they expected from the Spaniards. The journals indulge in some petty flings at them, arguing that they waited a very long time to express their loyalty, and perhaps only do so now in order to escape the chances of being thrown into a Havana prison.

The volunteers are, beyond a doubt, the ruling power in the land. They may not interest themselves directly in the administration of affairs, but one thing is perfectly sure, that neither DULCE or any other authority would or could carry any measure that might be distasteful to them apparently, however, all parties are on the most friendly terms; only, like true lovers, they have their occasional little spats, in which the volunteers always come off best. As stated already, a gentleman by the name of LESPEDES had been brought here as a political prisoner from Holguin. On his examination it was proven that not the slightest offence had been committed by him, but that, on the contrary, he had been fighting against the insurgents. The name, however, was suspicious, and when the order of release was sent, signed by DULCE, on Friday last, the volunteers did not respect it and refused to deliver the prisoner up, causing great excitement among all classes of the population.

On Monday afternoon, and when least expected, DULCE, in full uniform, accompanied by his staff and the old slave-trader FULUETA, at present Colonel of the Second Volunteer Battalion, was seen to issue from the palace, and in a few moments was climbing up to the Fort Cabanas. The volunteers, as a matter of course, turned out to receive him, when DULCE made them a Spanish spread-eagle speech, with a very poor result, as some of the men stepped from the ranks, and, against all military rules, plainly told him that he might take the prisoner if he wanted him, but that their consent was not in the act. DULCE came back looking very crestfallen, and undoubtedly wished himself at home and away from these naughty volunteers, who don't care much whether they insult and lord it over a Captain-General or over an insurgent. If DULCE stays here much longer he will have ample opportunity to see his orders disobeyed, and if Spain wishes to save her prestige they must send somebody of whom the volunteers are afraid—for instance, CABALLERO DE RODOS or JOSE DE LA CONCHA, men to whom bloodshed and executions are mere child's play. The Cubans, as a matter of course, are delighted that the Spaniards are jealous of each other, and may yet derive benefit from a division among them.

War news, such as heroic battles of fifteen volunteers and two soldiers against a ten-fold force of flying insurgents, is not very plentiful in the *Diario* just at present, which indicates that there is no favorable news to the Government, and that the insurgents are gaining ground somewhere—perhaps at the seat of war, if anybody can discern where that locality is.

QUASIMODO.

The Hampton Roads Conference.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

On the return of the three Commissioners appointed by Mr. DAVIS—Messrs. A. H. STEPHENS, Vice-President, R. M. T. HUNTER, Senator, and Judge CAMPBELL, formerly of the Supreme Court of the United States, then Secretary of War of the Confederate States—a report in writing was made on the subject of the conference held with President LINCOLN. This report was deposited among the archives of the Senate, and with other historical matter was delivered over at Charlotte, N. C., in May, 1865, to General RUGER, then in command of the United States forces there, and must now be in Washington subject to inspection.

Soon after this report had been made, and the Senate had for the day adjourned, Mr. STEPHENS, then acting as presiding officer, was requested to speak, which being assented to, the Senators with closed doors listened to his statements.

The matter mentioned by Mr. MCMULLEN as to the diversion of both forces into Mexico, was not then referred to by Mr. STEPHENS, who insisted that if invested with power he could have settled the controversy in half an hour, and have substituted gradual emancipation for what he deemed certain, the abolition of slavery as one of the results of the conflict.

The object of Mr. STEPHENS was unquestionably still to save something from the wreck of the sinking ship, but some of the Senators, among them a Senator from Texas, insisted that independence was still within their grasp—a delusion which he probably shared with Mr. DAVIS, until the words were whispered in the ears of the latter at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, on the fatal Sunday, that "if he did not get out of Richmond by 12 o'clock that night he would not be able to get out at all."

Between 11 and 12 o'clock that night a train started for the South containing the personal and political family of Mr. DAVIS—among the latter BRECKINRIDGE, Secretary of War, and REGAN, Postmaster-General—and upon arriving at Burkville, the junction of the South Side and Danville Road, it was ascertained that our forces were but twelve miles distant.

The three actors on behalf of the Confederate States being still alive, this mooted point, as to what occurred at the Conference, can easily be set at rest by any of them.

You seem not to have noticed the importont difference between the statement of Mr. MCMULLEN and the dispatch of Mr. SEWARD to Mr. ADAMS.

Mr. MCMULLEN represents Mr. BLAIR as suggesting to Mr. DAVIS, *on behalf of President Lincoln*, that General LEE's army should march into Mexico against the French, and that General GRANT's would follow, supporting the movement.

In Mr. SEWARD's dispatch to Mr. ADAMS it is said, "What the *insurgent* party seemed chiefly to favor was a postponement of the question of separation upon which the war is waged, *and a mutual direction of the efforts of the Government as well as those of the insurgents to some extrinsic scheme or policy for a season*, &c., and he closes by stating that the President "can agree to no cessation or suspension of hostilities, except on the basis of the '*disbandment of the Confederate forces, and the recognition of the National authority throughout all the States in the Union.*'"

The dispatch of Mr. SEWARD and the statement of Mr. MCMULLEN differs so widely that they cannot be reconciled. It would seem from Mr. SEWARD's report of the Conference, that Mr. LINCOLN had, in the interview, declared what Mr. MCMULLEN states was presented on behalf of Mr. LINCOLN to Mr. DAVIS.

Although Mr. MCMULLEN has been in the United States and also in the Confederate Congress, he has been known for want of precision. He was bred a wagoner, and represented a District which cared very little for learning—a District in the southwest corner of Virginia. He must be in error in the part which he attributes to Mr. LINCOLN.

If the subordination of the then Confederate States to the Union had been assented to by Mr. DAVIS and his friends, the proposition to send the forces of both sides into Mexico, in order to dispose the minds of Northern and Southern men to peace, would seem to have been preposterous. But more than this is attributed to Mr. LINCOLN by Mr. MCMULLEN. He asserts that Mr. BLAIR, in behalf of Mr. LINCOLN, proposed this mutual march into Mexico, and after it was successful, that "the Southern States should name their own terms of reconstruction, *everything short of independence being guaranteed*."

I trust that I am not violating any confidence in presenting some facts connected with the subject, of great interest. My informant added that Mr. DAVIS should be rewarded by the United States Government with a pension adequate to his liberal support, as it was owing to his policy that slavery had been overthrown.

As I have thought over some of the phases of the conflict, it has appeared to me that our forces were restrained, and that instrumentalities were employed under the guidance of a gracious Providence, that withheld success until that grand basis of reconstruction was secured, which shall finally give us "one connected country for one connected people." G. B. B.

The Defrauded Soldiers Association.

The victims of "Colonel" HERMAN, the absconded claim agent, met last evening at No. 113 Bowery. A very large attendance was present, and the committee appointed at a previous meeting to form a constitution and by-laws reported in due form the necessary articles of organization, which were unanimously adopted. The preamble has the following statement:

> We, the defrauded soldiers of the City of New-York, in order to concentrate our efforts for the attainment of our just rights, and believing that union and harmony is essential for such purpose, deem it our duty to establish certain rules for our government. This association shall be known as the Defrauded Soldiers Association.

The object of the Association, as stated by the Chairman, is not alone for the collecting of the bounties stolen by "Colonel" HERMAN, but every soldier who has been wrongfully deprived of back pay or bounty by any claim agent may unite with them and receive the benefit of their organization.

A large sum of money was collected during the evening, and it is the intention of the Association to push the test case of FINLEY *vs.* VAN DYCK, that the intentions of the Government toward them may be fully known.

A resolution was offered and adopted calling on the Hon. EDWARDS PIERREPONT, United States District-Attorney, to place their case early upon the calendar. The following gentlemen were elected permanent officers: President, GEORGE J. GREEN; Vice-President, HENRY J. SMITH; Secretary, WM. FINLEY; Treasurer, JUSTUS LUHRS. The Society then adjourned to meet again on Monday, the 10th of May, at the same hour and place.

THE BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

Eighth Day's Proceedings.

The players yesterday afternoon were HENRY RHINES and JOHN DEERY. The game derived its chief interest from the fact that, if RHINES were to win it, RUDOLPHE's chances of winning the first prize would be placed almost beyond the possibility of a doubt. But RHINES did not win it, and consequently RUDOLPHE was left to battle with DEERY, if not with FOSTER and GOLDTHWAIT. As the score will show, DEERY won by 152.

DEERY—0, 0, 6, 27, 12, 0, 3, 60, 3, 0, 3, 3, 126, 30, 0, 57, 0, 3, 0, 0, 3, 1, 21, 6, 9, 3, 18, 0, 12, 15, 0, 3, 0, 0, 1, 13, 3, 0, 6, 0, 0, 18, 105, 3, 13, 24, 0, 213, 78, 9, 1, 63, 30, 9, 18, 60, 0, 3, 1, 0, 0, 3, 3, 39, 6, 12, 1, 8. Total, 1,200.

RHINES—3, 1, 6, 78, 0, 30, 6, 24, 6, 27, 3, 15, 9, 30, 18, 30, 1, 1, 36, 18, 3, 1, 9, 12, 60, 0, 42, 129, 30, 3, 9, 0, 18, 1, 0, 0, 6, 0, 12, 3, 6, 18, 9, 0, 13, 9, 6, 52, 0, 10, 3, 3, 6, 3, 6, 15, 12, 21, 0, 1, 6, 42, 0, 0, 1, 102, 3, 13. Total, 1,048.

ANALYSIS OF THE PLAY.

Score—Deery, 1,200; Rhines, 1,048.
Innings—Deery, 69; Rhines, 68.
Averages—Deery, 17⅓; Rhines, 15½.
Best runs—Deery, 213, 126, 105; Rhines, 78, 129, 102.
Safety plays—Deery, 13; Rhines, 20.
Pockets off count—Deery, 4; Rhines, 2.
Kissed out of count—Deery, 0; Rhines, 0.
Strung all the balls—Deery, 4; Rhines, 8.
Banks—Deery, 7; Rhines, 3.
Time—3 hours 30 minutes.
Referee, Michael Phelan.

GOLDTHWAIT's conquest of FOSTER led many to believe that he would acquit himself as well with RUDOLPHE; and hence, when the eccentric Frenchman and the *petite* WILLIAM came together at night, there was not even standing room. Those who had expected GOLDTHWAIT to start off in dashing style were disappointed, as in the first twenty innings he ran up a total of 109 only, against RUDOLPHE's 293. Ten innings later RUDOLPHE was 579 and GOLDTHWAIT 193. The night before, in playing FOSTER, GOLDTHWAIT was at this stage 642, the contest showing either that he was playing far above his speed with FOSTER, or far below it with RUDOLPHE. The fortieth inning saw, GOLDTHWAIT standing at 447 and RUDOLPHE at 753—a poor prospect, indeed, for the former. Amid deafening applause GOLDTHWAIT now ran 123, unfortunately winding up by pocketing his ball off a count. Helped by another good run, amounting to 99, GOLDTHWAIT, who had been nearly 400 behind, caught up in his fiftieth inning to within five points of his adversary, the scores being 805 and 810. He was permitted, however, to come no nearer, and on the sixtieth inning RUDOLPHE completed his 1,200, winning by 177.

GOLDTHWAIT—0, 6, 0, 1, 6, 4, 24, 6, 1, 12, 6, 0, 6, 7, 9, 0, 18, 3, 0, 0, 30, 0, 0, 0, 0, 9, 39, 3, 3, 18, 12, 4, 39, 51, 39, 6, 10, 24, 0, 81, 42, 3, 123, 30, 0, 1, 12, 12, 99, 6, 0, 66, 3, 3, 3, 1, 3, 1, 129, 9. Total, 1,023.

RUDOLPHE—6, 6, 3, 9, 0, 7, 57, 0, 72, 0, 9, 46, 0, 6, 15, 0, 3, 3, 24, 27, 21, 9, 61, 96, 50, 7, 21, 0, 21, 0, 0, 45, 6, 57, 39, 0, 12, 0, 9, 6, 3, 12, 3, 21, 9, 6, 0, 0, 3, 21, 69, 36, 165, 36, 1, 21, 3, 18, 9, 11. Total, 1,200.

ANALYSIS OF THE PLAY.

Score—Rudolphe, 1,200; Goldthwait, 1,023.
Innings—Rudolphe, 60; Goldthwait, 60.
Averages—Rudolphe, 20; Goldthwait, 17.
Best runs—Rudolphe, 165, 96; Goldthwait, 129, 123.
Safety plays—Rudolphe, 12; Goldthwait, 8.
Pockets off count—Rudolphe, 3; Goldthwait, 5.
Kissed out of count—Rudolphe, 0; Goldthwait, 0.
Strung all the balls—Rudolphe, 7; Goldthwait, 6.
Banks—Rudolphe, 4; Goldthwait, 5.
Time—3 hours 15 minutes.
Referee—John Seereiter.

This afternoon DANIELS and SNYDER will play, and to-night the long-anticipated contest between RUDOLPHE and FOSTER takes place.

RECAPITULATION.

Players.	Games won.	Games lost.	Best runs.	Best Av'ge.
Foster	2	2	159	17⅓
Rhines	1	4	171	16
Deery	4	0	358	24
Snyder	2	2	207	17⅓
Goldthwait	1	3	12	21
Daniels	1	4	219	16⅔
Rudolphe	4	0	172	25

THE TURF.

Trotting Match Between Lady Thorn and American Girl—Lady Thorn the Winner.

Yesterday afternoon the postponed trot between Mr. MCMANN's bay mare *Lady Thorn* and Mr. LOVELL's bay mare *American Girl*, mile heats, in harness, for $2,000, was decided. The day was fine, although somewhat chilly for the season, and the track, although dead, was in fair condition after the recent heavy rains. A strong wind prevailed throughout the afternoon, which militated considerably against fast time being made, notwithstanding which, the first heat was the fastest ever trotted at this early period of the season. The old favorite with the public, *Lady Thorn*, had, of course, a strong call in the betting, the odds of $100 to $50 being freely laid on her, and even better investments could have been obtained, so eager were her many admirers to put down their money on her. But *American Girl* had also a staunch band of supporters, and freely accepted the tempting odds offered; her spirited owner, Mr. LOVELL, taking them to win about $8,000 on the race. DAN PFIFER drove his old favorite, and PETER MANEE handled the reins over *American Girl*, until DAN MACE was substituted for him, but too late.

SUMMARY.

FASHION COURSE, L. I., May 4—Match $2,000, mile heats, three in five, in harness:

D. Pfifer's b. m. Lady Thorn	1	1	0	1
P. Manee's b. m. American Girl	2	2	0	2

Time—2:26, 2:29¼, 2:30½, 2:29¼.

The Funeral of Hon. Geo. Folsom.

The last honors were paid yesterday afternoon to the mortal remains of Hon. GEORGE FOLSOM, whose obituary appeared in the TIMES. St. Mark's Church, in Stuyvesant Square, was well attended by the relatives and friends of the deceased, and the Episcopal service read by Rev. Dr. MORGAN DIX, assisted by Rev. Dr. FRANCIS VINTON, was unusually impressive. The pallbearers were Messrs. MOORE, WARREN and BRODHEAD, from the Historical Society, Messrs. SQUIER and TORREY, of the Ethnological Society, Messrs. FIELD and DE PEYSTER, of the Deaf and Dumb Society, and Messrs. RUSSELL and DARLEY, of the Geographical Society. During his lifetime Mr. FOLSOM was a member of the above Associations. Among the mourners were members of the family of Hon. HAMILTON FISH. After the service the body was placed in charge of the sexton, Mr. HAMMILL, and by him interred in the vault of BENJAMIN R. WINTHROP, Esq.

New-York Historical Society—Rev. B. F. Da Costa on "The Introduction of Christianity in America."

A most intelligent audience assembled in the hall of the New-York Historical Society last evening, to listen to the reading of a paper by Rev. B. F. DA COSTA, of this City, on "The Introduction of Christianity in America."

The reverend gentleman said, that in the elucidation of his subject, his remarks would necessarily be confined to the pre-Columbian period. St. Augustine was mistaken in declaring, in the fourth century, that no man could cross the ocean. At the very time he wrote, probably, Chinese navigators had established commerce with America. After the discovery by Columbus, ecclesiastics of all grades hastened to spread the gospel among the people of the New World. COTTON MATHER surmised, in relation to the origin of the American aborigines, that the devil decoyed them hither in order that the gospel might never reach them, and thus destroy his dominion over them. It is undoubted, however, that Christianity was planted in America long anterior to the discovery by the great GENOESE. The Spanish missionaries of the sixteenth century saw indubitable evidences of this in the crosses and the other Christian symbols found by them on their arrival on this continent, and they wondered at the discovery. It is related of the Spanish missions in South America that a tradition existed among the Indians to the effect that, long before the advent of the Spaniards, a white man came among them from the North, preaching a holy law, and prescribing a forty days' fast. This latter is supposed to be Lent.

Greenland was discovered in 983, and in the year 1000 the records tell us that the Northmen sailed down the New-England coast and established a colony near Mount Hope Bay, in the present State of Rhode Island. In 999 the son of ERIC THE RED, monarch of Greenland, sailed from that country to Norway, was there baptized, and, on his return home, brought with him a priest and several religious. ERIC was displeased with the Prince for this, regarding the advent of the priest as an ill omen. His wife THORHILL, however, became a convert to the new faith, and greatly aided in its propagation. The increase of Christianity was rapid, and in a decade of years nearly all the people were baptized. Previously, the gods Thor and Odin were worshiped here, but in 1009 the Pagans were few in number. In 1112 a resident bishop was first sent to Greenland. He had sixteen successors, the last one, ANDREAS, being consecrated in 1406. The theology taught was that of the Roman Catholic Church, and the Christian year as now recognized by the Church universal was known and accepted in Greenland. We know that five expeditions sailed down the Continental coast between the years 1000 and 1012. The accounts speak of them as having gone to "Vineland the Good," supposed to be Massachusetts and Rhode Island. These, as was always the custom, took priests with them, and on this fact we may base the tradition which the Spaniards found to exist among the Indians. There doubtless was Christian worship on Massachusetts soil six centuries before the Pilgrims landed. Men are accustomed to write as if the ecclesiastical history of the country should date from Plymouth Rock, yet the records prove that the Roman Catholic missionary efforts antedated the Puritans by centuries. We may well suppose that missionaries accompanied STEPHEN GOMEZ, when, 85 years before the time of HENDRICK HUDSON, he sailed into the present harbor of New-York, discovered the Hudson River, and named it River St. Anthony. The reverend gentleman gave many interesting facts connected with the efforts of the Danes and Norwegians to establish Christianity in America. He considered these people more worthy of repute than the Saxons, of whom we boast as being our ancestors. We derive nothing from the Saxon but indolence. We owe our freedom of thought and our strength of speech to the Northmen, and the records of their efforts in founding Christianity and civilization in Greenland will more and more, as time rolls on, absorb the attention of the antiquarian.

Westward Emigration—Excelsior Colony.

A special meeting of this Colony was convened at No. 11 East Broadway yesterday evening, for the purpose of reading reports from the West received by telegraph on May the 3d. It appears that a good and healthy location fifty miles west of Waterville, on the banks of the Republican river, has been found and President WALKER, who sent the dispatch, says "Send the colonists along as rapidly as possible." This is being done daily. Sixteen families left for Waterville yesterday afternoon, making 150 in all who have gone within the last five weeks, and twenty more are expected to depart on Thursday evening. Mr. WALKER, in his dispatch, states that the spot chosen is well wooded and watered, and presents every advantage to be desired by a colony. Any further information on the matter can be had of Mr. W. A. WALKER, *ex-officio* President, at his office No. 174 South-street.

Fire at Flushing, L. I.

At about the hour of 2 o'clock yesterday morning, a fire broke out in the extensive flour mill of THOMAS J. THORNE, at Flushing, which resulted in the total destruction of the building, with its contents of flour, grain and machinery, involving a loss of about $15,000, upon which there was an insurance of $5,500, in the following companies: Glen Cove Insurance Company, $3,000; Westchester, $1,500; Williamsburg City, $1,000. The origin of the fire is as yet unknown.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES has issued a new prospectus for its daily, semi-weekly and weekly editions. It is a very readable newspaper, mildly Republican in politics, fresh and early in gathering news, and a zealous foe of the "rings" of rascals who rob the people through legislative and judicial corruption. The TIMES was an effective Union paper during the rebellion, and though it backslid into Johnsonism, has redeemed itself from that error. Its columns are never polluted with slang or indecent details, like too many newspapers professing ultra morality.—*Michigan State Republican.*

One of the ablest Republican papers in the country is the NEW-YORK TIMES. It is always first and foremost in the matter of news, and contains all the market reports, and everything of value to the business man. Its weekly record of the doings of the New-York Farmers' Club furnishes an immense amount of the best agricultural news. Politically, the TIMES is not afraid to condemn folly or dishonesty even in a Republican, which party receives the able support of the TIMES.—*Haverhill (Mass.) Banner, April 30.*

A. Raymond & Co.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

Corner of Fulton and Nassau sts., New-York.

Every garment warranted well made.—*Advertisement.*

Waltham Watches.

FULLER & CO., No. 25 John-st., New-York, offer single watches at wholesale prices, in all grades of these celebrated timekeepers, in solid gold and silver cases only—*Advertisement.*

MISSISQUOI SPRING WATER.—The only known remedy for cancer and all diseases of the kidneys. Sold by all druggists. Depot, No. 8 College-place, New-York.—*Advertisement.*

VERMONT SPRING WATER.—The great remedy for cancer, scrofula and kidney diseases. Sold by druggists. Depot at SCHIEFFELIN'S, 170 William-st, N. Y.—*Advertisement.*

HAZARD & CASWELL'S Cod Liver Oil is the best.—*Advertisement.*

Weber

PIANO-FORTE WAREROOMS

REMOVED TO

5TH-AV., CORNER OF 16TH-ST.

These instruments are used by Mme. PAREPA-ROSA, Miss LOUISE KELLOGG, Miss ALIDE TOPP, S. B. MILLS, J. N. PATTISON, HARRY SANDERSON, GEO. F. BRISTOW, C. JEROME HOPKINS, A. E. PEASE; and considered by every musician of note the

BEST PIANOS NOW MANUFACTURED.

Lung Complaints, Bronchitis, Asthma, &c., are speedily relieved, and if taken in time, permanently cured, by JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT. You will find it also a certain remedy for coughs and colds. Sold everywhere.

Colgate & Co.'s

LAUNDRY SOAP is cut in pieces of economical and convenient size for use. For sale by leading grocers, and at the salesrooms of the manufacturers, No. 55 John-st.

Trade Mark

Sterling. for Silver. | for Electro-Plate. GORHAM MFG CO

GORHAM MANUFACTURING COMPANY,
Providence, R. I.
STERLING SILVER WARE,
and
NICKEL SILVER-PLATED WARE.

Orders received from the trade only, but these goods may be obtained from responsible dealers everywhere.

A Very Extensive and Complete Assortment, embracing all of the newest and most desirable patterns of the Gorham Ware, in sterling silver and electro-plate, at STARR & MARCUS', No. 22 John-st., UP-STAIRS.

Moet & Chandon's

DRY IMPERIAL (TIN-FOIL.)

Of the vintage 1865. For sale with all first-class dealers in wines here. ANTHONY OECHS.

NEW-YORK, April 6, 1869.

A Card to the Ladies.

Ladies can have their faces enameled in the most exquisite style, so as to last for one day or one year. The preparation used is purely vegetable, and warranted not to injure the skin. It cannot be detected by the most close observer. Eyelashes trimmed and eyebrows arranged so as to add much to the appearance of the face, by M. LAUSSON, No. 760 Broadway.

Window Shades.

Gilt, Painted, Fresco, Holland, &c., for dwellings, stores and skylights. Store Shades lettered to order.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY & CO., Manufacturers.
Wholesale and Retail, No. 447 Broadway.
Furniture Store at No. 661 Broadway.

Paper-Hangings.

New patterns, wholesale or retail, at G. L. & J. B. KELTY & CO.'s Curtain Store, No. 447 Broadway, between Grand and Howard sts.

Hair Dye, Hair Dye, Hair Dye.—The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S Hair Dye is the best in the world—the only perfect dye—harmless, reliable, instantaneous, black or brown. Sold everywhere, and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond-st., N. Y.

A. Morton, 25 Maiden-lane, New-York.

MORTON'S GOLD PENS.

MARRIED.

BANKS—GORDON.—On Tuesday, May 4, at the Church of the Holy Trinity, Brooklyn, by Right Rev. Bishop Littlejohn, assisted by Rev. Francis T. Russell, S. A. BANKS, of New-York, to MATTIE E., niece and adopted daughter of Oliver H. Gordon, Esq. No cards.

DE BILLE—ZABRISKIE.—In Jersey City, on Tuesday, May 4, by Rev. George H. Peeke, assisted by Rev. Charles K. Imbrie, D. D., and Rev. Wm. H. Campbell, D. D., FRANTZ ERNST DE BILLE, Chargé d'Affaires from Denmark, to SARAH AUGUSTA, daughter of Chancellor Zabriskie, of New-Jersey.

DIED.

BUCKHOUT.—On Monday, May 3, JACOB, son of Rebecca and the late Isaac Buckhout, aged 28 years, 9 months and 19 days.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral on Thursday, April 6, at 2 o'clock, from the Methodist Church at Tremont, West Farms.

CAMPEN.—In Hoboken, N. J., on Tuesday morning, May 4, after a severe illness, CHARLES HENRY CAMPEN, in the 32d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, also those of his father, John F. Campen, and of his father-in-law, Julien Crevier, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from St. Mathew's Church, corner of 3d and Washington sts., Hoboken, on Friday, May 7, at 2 o'clock P. M. His remains will be taken to Greenwood for interment.

ELLIOT.—On Monday morning, May 3, ELIZABETH ELLIOT, aged 84 years and 4 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of her son-in-law, Wm. H. Demarest, No. 212 South 7th-st., Jersey City, on Wednesday afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

HALLENBECK.—In Harlem, on Sunday, May 2, after a lingering illness, LUCINDA, wife of Eugenio Hallenbeck, and youngest daughter of J. B. Hunter, aged 23 years.

Funeral services will take place at the residence of her father, 128th-st., between 4th and 5th avs., on Wednesday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

HARMAR.—At Philadelphia, on Saturday, May 1, SARAH COIT LANMAN, widow of the late Josiah Harmar.

Funeral at Norwich, Conn.

HAWES.—On Sunday, May 2, at Bridgeport, Conn., Miss SUSAN HAWES, daughter of the late Peter Hawes, Esq., of this City.

MEIER.—At Freiburg, Baden, on Thursday, April 8, of typhus fever, ANGELICA, wife of D. H. Meier, late of Baltimore.

PATTISON.—At White Plains, N. Y., after a brief illness, JOSEPH, youngest son of William and Mary J. Pattison.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Wednesday, 5th inst., from the residence of his father, White Plains. Carriages will be in waiting at the depot on the arrival of the 10 A. M. train from New-York.

ROWLAND.—On Thursday, April 29, in Rockford, Ill., WILLIAM M. ROWLAND, formerly of Augusta, Ga., in his 74th year.

SAYERS.—At Newark, N. J., on Monday, May 3, EDWARD ARTHUR, only child of David and Melissa Sayers, aged 11 months and 15 days.

SEYMOUR.—On Sunday, May 2, after a short illness, CHARLES C. B. SEYMOUR, of the New-York *Times*, in the 40th year of his age.

His relatives and friends, also the members of Kane Lodge, F. and A. M., of New-York, and the members of the musical and dramatic profession, and journalists of the City, are invited to attend the funeral at Grace Church, on Wednesday, at 12 o'clock.

KANE LODGE NO. 454, F. AND A. M.—BRETHREN: You are hereby summoned to meet at the Lodge Rooms, Nos. 946 and 948 Broadway, on Wednesday, May 5, at 10½ o'clock A. M., for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, CHARLES C. B. SEYMOUR. By order of

CHARLES ROOME, M.

JOSEPH MEEKS, Secretary.

SMITH.—On Sunday, May 2, in the City of New-York, Mrs. CATHARINE SMITH, wife of Floyd Smith, in the 73d year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family, and of her sons-in-law, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral from the Church of the Annunciation, West 14th-st., near the 7th-av., on Wednesday, the 5th inst., at 11 o'clock A. M. without further invitation.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. J. H. SCHENCK, HAVING BEEN obliged to relinquish his regular professional visits to New-York, on account of his increased practice and business in Philadelphia, begs leave to inform the public that in consequence of the great disappointment to the large number of patients visiting his rooms, he has determined to make occasional visits only to this City, which will be duly announced by advertisement as usual in the public prints.

He takes this opportunity to thank his numerous patients for their confidence in his mode of treatment, and trusts that this arrangement will meet their requirements.

Dr. SCHENCK'S medicines—PULMONIC SYRUP, SEA-WEED TONIC, and MANDRAKE PILLS—with full directions in English, German and French, may be obtained of druggists and dealers everywhere. Sold also, wholesale and retail, by JOHN F. HENRY, No. 21 Park-row, New-York.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Sea-weed Tonic, each $1 50 per bottle, or $7 50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box.

JOHN F. HENRY will remove to No. 8 College-place on May 1.

TO RAILROAD TRAVELERS.

Have you seen the Thomas Safety Railroad Baggage Check? See APPLETONS' RAILWAY GUIDE.

PATENT OFFICES.

MUNN & CO., Editors *Scientific American*, No. 37 Park-row, New-York, have had nearly twenty-five years' experience in obtaining
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PATENTS.
Opinions no charge. A pamphlet 108 pages of law and information free. Address as above.

AWNINGS

And all the different kinds of covering, French, English and American, at
KELTY'S CURTAINS STORE.
No. 447 Broadway.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

The mail for Europe on WEDNESDAY, 5th inst., will close at this office at 11:30 A. M., and at the stations as follows: A and B, 10:15; C and O, 10; D and E, 9:45; F and G, 9:15 A. M.

P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

FURNITURE—SOMETHING NEW—A patent extension sofa bedstead that is an ornament to every parlor.
G. L. and J. B. KELTY & CO., furniture store, No. 661 Broadway, near Amity-st.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

PUBLISHED THIS DAY:

ON THE WING.

A book for young sportsmen. By JOHN BUMSTEAD. Richly illustrated. 1 vol., 16mo. $2 50.

This book, prepared by one of the best sportsmen of New-England, treats of all the principal subjects that engage the attention of a sportsman. It is eminently a practical book, containing much valuable information respecting the various styles of weapons now in use—how they are made, and what constitutes the superiority of one weapon over another.

The author's long experience has enabled him to gather much that is necessary for every sportsman to know respecting the habits and haunts of the many varieties of game birds found in our Northern States—the woodcock, the quail and the partridge, as well as the game birds and water fowl of New-England. The observations of the author, however, apply to sporting everywhere. The volume is fully and appropriately illustrated.

CHEAP AND POPULAR EDITION.

ELSIE VENNER: A ROMANCE OF DESTINY.

By OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES. 1 vol., 16mo. $2.

"This tale contains some of the best of Dr. Holmes' good things. He has lavished upon it much close, fine observation, and it teems with his peculiar excellencies. It is marked by his most sparkling wit and his most elusive humor, with here and there a touch of the truest pathos."—*Boston Traveller.*

CHEAP ILLUSTRATED EDITION.

TOM BROWN'S SCHOOL-DAYS AT RUGBY.

By THOMAS HUGHES. 1 vol. 16mo. With Illustrations by Larkin G. Mead. $1 25.

"One of the most delightful, and at the same time, true pictures of the better sort of schoolboy life ever published."—*London Spectator.*

POPULAR EDITION.

THE RECREATIONS OF A COUNTRY PARSON.

First and Second Series. 2 vols. 16mo. $1 25 each.

One of the best of American critics says: "The plain, unadorned style, sound philosophy and argument, and the attractive and beautiful garb which he throws around the humblest subject, mark the author of these 'Recreations' as the Addison of to-day; fit to be a companion with Sterne and Steele and Johnson, who originated the purest models of the genuine English essay."

*** For sale by all booksellers. Sent post-paid on receipt of price by the publishers,

FIELDS, OSGOOD & CO., Boston,
And No. 711 Broadway, New-York.

HANDY-VOLUME SERIES, NO. 5.

TRENCH'S REALITIES OF IRISH LIFE.

"Interesting from beginning to end."—*New-York Herald.*

Price $1 in cloth, or 75 cents in paper.

Sold everywhere. Mailed postpaid by the publishers.

ROBERTS BROTHERS,
Boston.

TWELVE THOUSAND.

LITTLE WOMEN. Part First.
LITTLE WOMEN. Part Second.

Price $1 50 each. Sold everywhere. Mailed post-paid by the publishers.

ROBERTS BROTHERS,
Boston.

J. B. FORD & CO.,
NO. 39 PARK-ROW, NEW-YORK,
Publish this day,

BEECHER'S SERMONS.

NEW SERIES, 1868-9.

Embellished with a new steel portrait of Mr. BEECHER—the best likeness of him ever published, and a superb piece of engraving.
One large 8vo vol., extra cloth.
Price, $2 50.

Mr. BEECHER's discourses need no commendation. Their freshness and originality of method in presenting the old familiar truths, their felicity of illustration, their aptness, skill and impressiveness make them interesting to readers of every class and denomination. These Sermons are selected from those preached by Mr. BEECHER during the past Fall, Winter and Spring, and are, therefore, especially well adapted to the present requirements of the community. This volume, which is the first of a series to be issued once every six months, contains also the Prayers (among the most profitable of Mr. BEECHER's ministrations,) and indication of the Scripture Lesson and Hymns sung, appropriate to each Sermon, in Plymouth Church.

"KARDOO, THE HINDOO GIRL," is the title of a book on an entirely fresh subject, viz.: The Lives of High Caste Women in India. To be obtained of M. A. MACFARLAND, 347 Broadway; A. D. F. RANDOLPH, 771 Broadway; ROBERT CARTER & BROS., 530 Broadway; Evangelical Knowledge Society, 3 Bible House; BOUGHTON & WYMAN, 13 Bible House.

BEAUTIES OF ROSSINI'S "MESSE SOLENNELLE"—"Gratias, (trio,) 60c.; "Domine Deus," (tenor,) 70c.; "Crucifixus," (soprano,) 40c.; "O Salutaris," (alto,) 60c.; "Sanctus," 40c., &c. DITSON & CO., Publishers, No. 711 Broadway.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

A fair number of persons assembled at the salesroom yesterday, and the bidding was quite prompt. There was no particular excitement, nor were there any very noticeable sales made; of the pieces knocked down several sold very satisfactorily.

To-day Messrs. BLEECKER & Co. have their sale of one hundred and fifty villa plots, located at Mont Clair, N. J. The boats to meet the special train will start from Barclay and Christopher streets at 10:30 o'clock A. M., prompt. A lunch will be provided previous to the sale, and a very pleasurable day may be expected.

The sales announced to take place at the salesroom are as follows:

Messrs. E. H. LUDLOW & Co. have a sale in partition, by order of JOHN P. CROSBY, Esq., Referee, of the houses and lots No. 17 Avenue A and No. 141 Second-street, New-York, and Nos. 151 and 155 Myrtle-avenue and No. 26 Clinton-street, Brooklyn.

Mr. WM. KENNELLY will sell the large lot and two-story-and-basement frame cottage, with stable, carriage-house, &c., located between the Pavilion and Iauch's Hotel at Long Branch.

Auction Sales Yesterday.

NEW-YORK.

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co.

2-story brick building and 2 lots, n. s. 54th-st., e. of 11th-av., each lot 25x100.5, George W. Merrill	$15,250
1 lot adjoining the above, 25x100.5, George W. Merrill	3,600
2-story and 1-story brick buildings and 3 lots, s. s. 55th-st., in the rear of above; also 2-story stone building and leased lot adjoining above, each lot 25x100, George W. Merrill	23,000

By Muller, Wilkins & Co.

3-story brown-stone house and lot No. 239 West 22d-st., lot 16.1x98.9, J. F. Edgar	$15,200
3-story brown-stone house and lot No. 104 West 46th-st., lot 20x100.5, J. W. Sweeny	19,200

By Joseph McGuire.

2 lots n. s. 84th-st., 400 ft. e. of 9th-av., each 25x 100, F. Weston	$8,600
1 lot s. s. 85th-st., 400 ft. e. of 9th-av., 25x100, J. Weston	3,850
1 lot adjoining, same size, F. Weston	3,750

FORDHAM.

By James M. Miller.

7 lots e. s. Cole-av., near Kingsbridge road, each 25x131, Mr. Richards	$1,680
2 lots on Cole-av., opposite above, each 25x100, D. Smith	490
3 lots on Cole-av., 175 ft. s. of above, each 25x113, Mr. Schriber	1,050
1 lot e. s. of Kingsbridge road, in rear of above, 25x241, Mr. Richards	490
1 lot adjoining, 50x264, Mr. Richards	975

BROOKLYN.

By Jos. McGuire.

3-story brick house and lot on s. w. corner Graham-av. and Sandford-st., lot 20x100.4, Mr. Tracy	$2,450

GREENPOINT, L. I.

By A. J. Bleecker, Son & Co.

2-story frame house and 2 lots n. s. Union-av., corner Orchard-av., near Van Cott-av., each lot 25x100, H'y Gurder	$4,200

EAST NEW-YORK.

By D. M. Seaman.

2-story frame house and lot on Baltic-av., 95 ft. from Monroe-st., lot 50x100, N. S. Flock	$2,500

Transfers of Real Estate.

NEW-YORK.

Bowery, s. w. corner of Hester-st., irregular	$25,000
Canal-st., n. s., 43.9 ft. e. of Orchard-st., 21.10x49	16,000
Cannon-st., e. s., 75 ft. s. of Houston-st., 25x50	9,000
Chatham-st., n. s., lot known as No. 1, 20x80	50,000
Charles-st., s. s., 160 ft. e. of Waverley-place, 20x 94.11	17,500
Dover-st., w. s., 94 ft. s. of Pearl-st., 19.11x53	8,000
Fort George property, plot known as Nos. 25, 26, 27, 31 and 32, irregular	140,000
Franklin-st., s. w. corner of West Broadway, 20 x50	25,250
Franklin-st., n. s., lot known as No. 84, 25x100	5,000
Houston-st., s. e. corner of Willetts-st., 17.3x65	5,000
Pearl-st., No. 113, 20x77.7	45,000
Rivington-st., n. e. corner of Columbia-st., 25x100	15,000
Washington-st., No. 431, 20x80	12,000
Washington-st., Nos. 673 and 675, 48x83	26,000
3d-st., No. 83, 25x96.2½	28,000
9th-st., n. s., 204.6 ft. e. of 6th-av., 22.6x92.3	20,000
15th-st., s. e. corner of 2d-av., 30.7x128.3	32,000
22d-st., n. s., 596.8 ft. w. of 4th-av., 26.8x98.9	57,000
27th-st., n. s., 221.8 ft. w. of 7th-av., 21.6x98.9	12,700
29th-st., n. s., lot known as No. 60, 23-5x98.9	18,000
31st-st., n. s., 400 ft. w. of 8th-av., 16.8x98.9	13,000
33d-st., n. s., 203.4 ft. w. of 2d-av., 18.4x98.9	15,000
33d-st., n. s., 195 ft. w. of 3d-av., 20x98.9	14,875
33d-st., n. s., 172 ft. e. of 10th-av., 18.10½x41.10½	8,700
36th-st., s. s., 470.3 ft. w. of 5th-av., 16.8x98.9	30,000
39th-st., s. s., 175 ft. w. of 3d-av., 25x84.10	10,400
46th-st., n. s., 133.9 ft. w. of Broadway, 18x100.5	14,000
48th-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of 8th-av., 20x100.5	20,000
49th-st., n. s., 51.6 ft. e. of Lexington-av., 14x100.5 x6.9x100.5	5,500
50th-st., n. w. corner 1st-av., 25x80.5	4,300
50th-st., n. s., 25 ft. w. of 1st-av., 25x80.5	3,000
53d-st., n. s., 250 ft. e. of 9th-av., 25x51.8	5,000
63d-st., n. s., 125 ft. e. of 5th-av., 25x100.5	11,000
66th-st., s. s., 100 ft. e. of 1st-av., 100x100.5	8,000
71st-st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of 4th-av., 20x102.2¾	21,000
78th-st., n. w. corner of 2d-av., 28.4x82.2	18,000
83d-st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of 8th-av., 26x½ block x 4.8⅓x½ block	7,500
97th-st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of 4th-av., 100x100.11	12,000
98th-st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of 4th-av., 50x100.11	
104th-st., n. s., 225 ft. w. of 3d-av., 25x½ block	11,000
109th-st., s. s., 225 ft. e. of 2d-av., 222.3x100	25,000
128th-st., s. s., 348.9 ft. e. of 3d-av., 18.9x99.11	9,650
128th-st., s. s., 360 ft. e. of 5th-av., 25x99.11	6,000
129th-st., n. s., 360 ft. w. of 3d-av., 75x99.11	10,000
137th-st., n. s., 275 ft. w. of 6th-av., 78.3½x99.4½	3,600
142d-st., n. s., 668.4 4-5 ft. w. of 11th-av., 24.3 1-5x 99.11	1,500
150th-st., s. s., 300 ft. e. of 9th-av., 100x½ block	50,000
150th-st., s. s., 500 ft. w. of 8th-av., 200x99.11	
150th-st., n. s., 200 ft. e. of 9th-av., 200x73.10	
1st-av., No. 5, dimensions not stated	6,000
1st-av., No. 7, dimensions not stated	5,000
1st-av., w. s., 25 ft. s. of 3d-st., 26x100	32,700
1st-av., e. s., 76.7½ ft. n. of 75th-st., 25.6½x88	7,400
3d-av., n. e. corner of 23d-st., 49.3 1-5x97.7 1-5	55,000
4th-av., w. s., 24.11 ft. n. of 38th-st., 24.6x80	58,000
8th-av., n. w. corner of 30th-st., 24.8¼x100	50,000
8th-av., e. s., 79.6¾ ft. n. of 40th-st., 19.2¼x59.6	24,000
11th-av., e. s., 148.1 ft. n. of 39th-st., 24.8x100	7,150

Leases Recorded.

Broadway, s. w. corner of 39th-st., 5 years, per year	$8,921
Great Jones-st., No. 42, 1 year, per year	1,500
Greenwich-st., No. 327, 4 years, per year	1,500
Varick-st., No. 109, 5 years, per year	2,000
9th-st., No. 48, E., 10 years, per year	3,000
5th-av., No. 76, 2 years, per year	4,000
6th-av., No. 381, 5 years, per year	2,500
6th-av., s. e. corner of 40th-st., 5 years, per year	8,000
8th-av., No. 446, 1 year, per year	600
8th-av., n. w. corner of 25th-st., 5 years, per year	3,000

KINGS COUNTY.

Brooklyn.

Ann-st., s. e. s., 156.6 ft. s. w. of Beaver-st., 25x 85.7	$750
Ann-st., s. e. s., 181.6 ft. s. w. of Beaver-st., 25x85.7	750
Adelphi-st., e. s., 264.5 ft. n. of De Kalb-av., 126.3 x25	5,600
Atlantic-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of Nevins-st., 18.9x100	7,500
Atlantic-st., n. s., 118.9 ft. w. of Nevins-st., 18.9x 100	7,500
Atlantic-st., s. s., 45 ft. w. of Bond-st., 20x60	6,250
Barbey-st., (irregular lot near e. s.)	2,050
Bergen-st., n. s., 100 ft. e. of Nostrand-av., 20x100	8,000
Boerum-st., n. s., 200 ft. w. of Leonard-st., 25x100	4,900
Box-st. and Union-av., n. e. corner, 50x100	8,800
Broadway and Barbey-st., n. e. corner, (irregular lot)	1,000
Butler and Bond sts., n. e. corner, 25x100	630
Butler-st., s. s., 175 ft. e. of Bond-st., 25x100	
Clark-st., s. s., 20.6 ft. e. of Columbia-st., 20.5x75.6	10,000
Clymer-st., s. s., 160 ft. w. of Wythe-av., 19.11x80	4,000
Conselyea-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of Graham-av., 25x 100	4,292
Cumberland-st., w. s., 81 ft. n. of Atlantic-av., 40 x35.6x17x35.1x40x20	10,000
Decatur-st., n. s., 300 ft. e. of Saratoga-av., 40x100	500
Decatur-st., n. s., 300 ft. w. of Saratoga-av., 40x100	500
Decatur-st., s. s., 100 ft. e. of Lewis-av., 88.8x88.4 x81x175x100	5,600
Degraw-st., s. w. s., 150 ft. s. e. of Bond-st., 150x 200x25x100x125x100	20,000
Dean-st., n. s., 270 ft. w. of Bond-st., 20x100	10,000
Dean-st., n. s., 383.4 ft. e. of Grand-av., 16.8x110	4,600
Diamond-st., w. s., 259.10 ft. n. of Van Cott-av., 100x175	4,900
Dupont-st., s. s., 175 ft. e. of Union-av., 25x100	3,200
Ellery-st., s. s., 125 ft. e. of Throop-av., 25x100	2,525
Gerry-st., n. s., 150 ft. e. of Harrison-av., 25x100	1,600
Hall-st., e. s., 40 ft. s. of Van Buren-st., 20x100	13,150
Halsey-st., n. s., 500 ft. e. of Reid-av., 50x100	3,500
Herkimer-st., n. s., 180 ft. w. of Troy-av., 40x100	5,250
Henry-st., e. s., 126.7 ft. s. of Joralemon-st., 24.8x 92.6	18,500
Hull-st., n. s., 136.5 ft. w. of Broadway, 27.7x 131.10	825
Jackson-st., n. s., 250 ft. e. of Smith-st., 29.11x70	nom.
Koskiusco-st and Nostrand-av., s. w. cor., 60x80	12,000
Leonard-st., e. s., 25 ft. n. of McKibben-st., 50x100	18,200
Macon-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of Tompkins-av., 100x 200	32,000
McDonough-st., s. s., 280 ft. w. of Saratoga-av., 40x100	550
Madison-st., n. s., 350 ft. w. of Yates-av., 50x200	3,000
Madison-st., n. s., 118.2 ft. w. of Evergreen-av., 25x100	3,300
Marshall-st., n. s., 170.6 ft. w. of Ewen-st., 100x72	8,000
Middle-st., n. e. s., 100 ft. n. w. of 7th-av., 100x 47.10	2,200
Moore-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of Morrel-st., 25x100	1,000
Moore-st., s. s., 125 ft. w. of Morrel-st., 25x100	1,000
Moore-st., s. s., 150 ft. w. of Morrel-st., 25x100	1,000
Navy-st., w. s., 150 ft. s. of Lafayette-st., 25x100	6,100
Oak and Franklin sts., s. e. corner, 25x70	4,000
Pacific-st., s. s., 175 ft. w. of Powers-st., 100x200	5,250
Pacific-st., s. s., 200 ft. w. of Franklin-av., 25x220	2,750
Pearl-st., w. s., 71.5 ft. s. of High-st., 16x53.6	3,500
Ryerson-st., w. s., 180.9 ft. s. of Myrtle-av., 18.9x 100	8,500
Smith and Wykoff sts., s. w. corner, 25x100	10,000
State-st., n. s., 325 ft. e. of Smith-st., 25x100	14,000
Suydam-st., n. s., 100 ft. w. of Vandervoort-av., 100x100	5,500
Vandervoort-av., 200 ft. w. of centre of block	
Taylor-st., s. s., 175 ft. w. of Lee-av., 25x91.1x—x 82.4	2,500
Union and Smith sts., s. e. corner, 98x250	27,000
Varet-st., n. s., 75 ft. w. of Smith-st., 50x100	nom.
Van Buren-st., n. s., 275 ft. e. of Nostrand-av., 25 x100	6,000
William-st., n. s., 190 ft. e. of Van Brunt-st., 18.8 x100	2,500
Wilson-st., s. e. s., 95.11 ft. n. of Kent-av., 23x110	1,450
Withers-st., s. s., 175 ft. e. of Graham-av., 26.9x79.8	500
Wyckoff-st. and Vanderbilt-av., s. e. cor., 50x100	4,000
1st-st., w. s., 25 ft. n. of North 9th-st., 21x100	7,600
5th-st. and North 11th-st., w. corner, 25x100	1,200
8th-st., e. s., 114.4 ft. n. of Division-av., 22.6x97.9	11,000
14th-st., n. s., 289.6 ft. w. of 5th-av., 16.8x100	4,500
17th-st., s. s., 275 ft. e. of 5th-av., 50x100	6,000
North 3d-st., n. e. s., 150 ft. n. w. of 5th-st., 50x122	5,000
North 4th-st., n. e. s., 50 ft. s. e. of 4th-st., 25x75	4,800
North 8th-st., n. s., 175 ft. w. of 7th-st., 25x100	1,300
South 2d-st., n. s., 103.6 ft. w. of 4th-st., 25x100	7,000
South 2d-st., s. s., 25 ft. w. of 8th-st., (rear lots,) 40x50	500
South 3d-st., n. s., 75 ft. e. of 6th-st., 25x100	7,000
South 3d-st., s. s., 160 ft. n. of 2d-st., 20x78	7,000
South 11th-st., s. s., 41 ft. w. of 2d-st., 21x76	7,800
Butler-av., w. s., 175 ft. n. of Fulton-st., 25x100	500
Central-av., e. s., 100 ft. s. of Suydam-st., 100x175	7,000
Clove road, s. s., by Prospect Park, 1,137.4x143.6x 1,182x79.5	45,000
De Kalb-av., n. s., 173 ft. w. of Classon-av., 24.5x 100	1,250
Franklin-av. and Quincy-st., s. w. corner, 50x95	15,000
Division-av., s. w. s., 121.6 ft. n. w. of Wilson-st., 20x80.1	1,500
Division-av., s. w. s., 121.6 ft. n. w. of Wilson-st., 22.6x45.4	
Fulton-av., n. e. s., 6.8 ft. s. e. of Franklin-av., 112.5x24.1x122.2x22	18,000
Gates-av., n. s., 138.6 ft. w. of Vanderbilt-av., 19x75	[illegible]
Fulton-av., s. s., 80 ft. w. of Albany-av., 20x100	[illegible]
Grand-av., e. s., 380 ft. s. of Gates-av., 20x101.6	[illegible]
Greene-av., n. s., 300 ft. e. of Tompkins-av., 75x100	[illegible]
Greenpoint-av., n. s., 600 ft. e. of Union-av., 25x 100	[illegible]
Hudson-av., e. s., lot No. 28, Ludlam's 8th Ward map	3,500
Kent-av., e. s., 74.9 ft. s. of Willoughby-av., 24.11 x100	2,000
Lafayette-av., n. s., 100 ft. e. of Skillman-st., 20x 100	8,000
Lafayette-av., s. s., 225 ft. e. of Reid-av., 16.8x100	4,000
Myrtle-av., n. s., 30.3 ft. e. of Duffield-st., 20x100	23,000
Myrtle-av., n. s., 25 ft. e. of Grand-av., 25x100	1,100
Portland-av., e. s., [illegible] ft. n. of Myrtle-av., 16.8x 100	5,000
Washington-av., w. s., [illegible] ft. s. of Fulton-av., 50x170	8,750
1st-av. and [illegible] 11th-st. [illegible]	about 3 blocks. 54,470
3d-av., lot No. 60, Hadden's map of 8th Ward	1,400
4th-av., [illegible] house and lot, 16.8x97.10	4,250
Lots Nos. 14, 15, 50 and 51, block No. 15, Bennet property, map 8th Ward	5,000
125 lots, Duryea's farm	17,000

Leases Recorded.

Adelphi-st., No. [illegible], 4 years, per year	$400
Fulton-st., No. [illegible], store, &c., 6 years, per year	1,700
1st-st., No. [illegible], house and lot, 5 years, per year	800
Throop-av., e. s., 100 ft. s. of Park-av., store, &c., 3 years, per year	300

Flatlands.

Highway leading to the Bay, s. s., adjoining land of Martin Cook, 50x150	$400

New-Utrecht.

Highway leading to Flatbush, 35@11 p	$28,228
Highway leading to Flatbush, 24@20 p	19,586
Highway and Lefferts-av., n. cor., 23⅓ acres	21,500

HUDSON COUNTY.

Jersey City.

Coles-st., w. s., 75 ft. n. of North 1st-st., 12.6x5	$4,000
Prospect-st., e. s., 67 ft. n. of South 5th-st., 16.8x100	5,300
North 5th-st., s. s., 50 ft. e. of Grove-st., 25x62.4	1,800
South 3d-st., s. s., 150 ft. e. of Erie-st., 16.8x100	8,125
South 4th-st., s. s., 100 ft. w. of Monmouth-st., 17 x95	4,400
Lot No. 36, block No. 5, map of Powles' Hook, 25x160	11,000

Hoboken.

Washington-st., w. s., between 2d and 3d sts., 25 x150	$10,000

Hudson City.

Dey and Amelia sts., s. e. corner, 88x90	$3,575
Dey and Amelia sts., s. w. corner, 98x100	
Dey and Charlotte sts., s. e. corner, 101x98x103x 102	1,020
Plot E, map of De Mott's farm, 100x425	3,500

Harrison.

Essex-st., n. s., 75 ft. w. of 1st-st., 25x100	$950

Union.

Lots Nos. 3 to 10 inclusive, block No. 4, Grayer and Butts' property, each 25x100	$2,000
Lots Nos. 19 to 25 inclusive, block No. 4, Grayer and Butts' property, each 25x100	2,000
Lots Nos. 28 to 34 inclusive, block No. 3, Grayer and Butts' property, each 25x100	

ESSEX COUNTY.

Newark.

Hanover-place and Quinby-st., n. w. cor., 43x112	$1,400
Kinney-st., n. s., 40x70	4,000
Plane-st., n. w. s., 25x125	3,500
Webster-st., w. s., in 8th Ward, 25x100	4,650
Wallace-st., w. s., 225 ft. s. of Springfield-av., 30x 100	625
Littleton-av., w. s., 50 ft. from Cabinet-st., 100x 100	1,600
Morris and Essex Railroad-av., n. s., 65 ft. w. of High-st., 30x60	2,500
Summer-av. and Taylor-st., s. e. cor., 75x100	2,300

Bloomfield.

Franklin-st., w. s., 108 ft. front	$5,800
Montgomery-st., s. s., 150 ft. front	3,500

East Orange.

Prospect-st., near centre, 21⅓ acres	34,500

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Cortlandt.

Fremont-st., w. s., adjoining Nathaniel McChain's, 25x56	$465
8th-st., n. s., 300 ft. from Broadway, 25x100	450

East Chester.

Greenwich-st., e. s., lot No. 243, w. of Mount Vernon, 100x100	$300
Matilda-st., n. w. s., lot No. 231, Washingtonville, 50x150	100
1st-av., w. s., lot No. 107, Mount Vernon, 100x105	1,200
Mount Vernon to Valentine Bridge road, adjoining C. Corson's, 18⅓ acres	5,522

Greenburg.

Central-av. and road to railroad depot, n. e. corner, 99x178	$1,950

Morrisania.

Gouverneur-st., 300 ft. w. of Morris-av., 50x118	$950
Gouverneur-st., 200 ft. e. of Morris-av., 25x118	600
Gouverneur-st., 225 ft. e. of Morris-av., 25x118	600
133d-st. and Alexander-av., n. w. corner, 100x125	11,000
Fordham-av., w. s., part of lot No. 24, Morrisania, 25x129.6	5,950
Morris-av., w. s., 59 ft. s. of Gouverneur-st., 59x 100	1,600
Tinten-av., s. e. s., 200 ft. s. w. of Pontiac-st., 50x 105	800
Union-av., e. s., 324 ft. from Wall-st., 54x175	700

New-Rochelle.

Drake's lane and turnpike, s. e. corner, 25x240	$1,000

West Farms.

Washington-av., w. s., 100 ft. s. of Fletcher-st., 100x150	$5,075
Washington-av. and Fletcher-st., s. w. corner, 100x150	2,400
1st-av., w. s., 150 ft. s. w. of Ridge-st., lots Nos. 3 and 23, Cromwell's Farm	1,000

White Plains.

Lexington-av., w. s., adjoining D. Hyatt's 51x140	$2,500

Yonkers.

Hawthorne-av., w. s., adjoining Stephen Punnett's, 52x126	$2,030

CITY REAL ESTATE.

W. H. FALCONER HAS REMOVED his Real Estate Office from No. 21 2d-st., to No. 100 4th-av., near 12th-st. Selling, letting, collecting carefully attended to; returns promptly made and charges moderate; established 1853. Owners of City property living on line of Harlem and New-Haven Roads will find this office particularly convenient for them.

BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

TO LEASE OR FOR SALE—NINETEEN lots of ground, with bulkhead, on Newtown Creek, near Meeker-av., Brooklyn, E. D. Apply to A. C. KINGSLAND & SONS, No. 55 Broad-st., New-York.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—A SPLENDID COLLECTION OF VILLA PLATS AT MONTCLAIR, N. J.—Embraced in a tract of about thirty-two acres, grandly situated, with commanding views in the most healthy and progressive section of the State.

The property is located next south to the celebrated "Dodd property," within thirteen miles of New-York City Hall, less than one mile from present railroad depot, and half mile from projected railroad from New-York to Montclair, on the Bloomfield and Paterson-road, Essex-st., and also nearly bounded on west by telegraph road.

The contemplated railroad from Newark to Paterson and north goes through the centre of this property, and the horse railroad from Newark to Stone-house Plains, along its easterly boundary.

On the property is a fine, modern built house, 2½ stories; 8 rooms; 22x30; wing, 15x20; and extension, 15x24, barns and outbuildings.

Also, four and a half acres wood, one acre quince, and an abundance of apple, pear and cherry trees, and berry bushes and grapevines, with an excellent spring and ever living brook coursing through a portion of the land.

The whole tract, embracing buildings, will be sold at a very reasonable and investing price, on easy terms, with possession on purchase; title perfect. Further particulars, survey, &c., by W. H. HARRIS & CO., No. 21 Wall-st., New-York City, or opposite depot, Montclair, New-Jersey.

FOR SALE—MOUNT PLEASANT-AV., NEWARK, No. 31, (old number,) a splendid property, consisting of a lot, 75x200 feet, fronting on Mount Pleasant-av. and Broad-st.; the house is a double three-story frame, very solidly built, extension &c., containing 15 rooms, besides bath room, water-closet, laundry, &c.; gas in every room and hall; good cellar and furnace, and entire property in excellent condition; stable and carriage-house on Broad-st.; almost every kind of fruit trees and berries, and good garden; short distance from several railroad depots to New-York. Anyone who wants a really comfortable house in one of the healthiest and finest situations in Newark should apply on the premises or to J. COUNSELLOR, office of the New-Jersey Mutual Insurance Company, No. 240 Broadway, New-York, or to A. C. DURTIN, No. 140 Hudson-st., Jersey City.

FOR SALE—AT BATH, L. I., A BEAUTIFUL country residence, first-class frame house, 42x30; fine outbuildings, including ice-house, barn, &c., and splendid grounds on both sides of Franklin-av., well improved with fruit, shrubbery, &c.; fine sea view; will be sold reasonable. Apply to WYCKOFF & LITTLE, No. 151 Montague-st., Brooklyn, and No. 74 Cedar-st., New-York.

FOR SALE—ABOUT NINETY ACRES OF land lying on the North River, about a mile below the village of Saugerties, Ulster County. On it there are a large house, garden, ice-house, filled, and other outhouses; there is much fruit, and a propagating-house; would make an excellent Summer boarding-house; price $13,000; if not sold by the 1st of May the house will be rented. Apply to WM. V. S. BEEKMAN, on the premises.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—TWO NEW splendid French-roof houses, containing thirteen rooms each, with all city modern improvements; lot 80x200, beautifully laid out and well stocked with shrubbery and fruit trees; locality healthy; two minutes' walk to new depot, and twenty minutes' ride on railroad to the City. Inquire of the owner at English Neighborhood, N. J., or at his office, No. 2 Vesey-st., New-York. S. N. MARSH.

TO RENT—AT MANHATTANVILLE, A very desirable residence, three-story, brick and stone; sixteen available rooms, fully furnished, and have all modern improvements; billiard-room, with tables, &c.; bowling alley; stable, coach-house and all necessary outhouses; fine garden terrace on the river. For permits apply to E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FARM OR COUNTRY RESIDENCE for sale; 96 acres, in the town of Hyde Park, Dutchess County, N. Y., commanding views of the Hudson; 1¼ miles from depot; location healthy; large dwelling-house and plenty of outbuildings. For particulars apply to C. W. CRANE, No. 203 West-st., or to P. C. MATHEWS, on the premises, Staatsburg, Dutchess Co., N. Y.

TO RENT—AN ELEGANT RESIDENCE ON Manhattan Heights, fully and completely furnished in a superior manner; hot-house, extensive grounds, fruits, flowers, shrubbery, &c., in abundance; plenty of lawn, large garden; to rent for the Summer or year. E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

FOR SALE LOW—FARM OF 25 ACRES, one mile north of Petersburg, on the Richmond Turnpike and Railroad, with fine residence and outhouses; will be sold at less than cost of buildings. Apply for particulars to VAN BRUNT & SLAGHT, No. 168 Maiden-lane, corner of South-st.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

"LAKEWOOD."

"The Gem of Orange Mountain."

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR PRODUCTIVE NEW-YORK CITY PROPERTY.

SIX ACRES, (and a proprietary interest in FIFTY acres in Llewellyn Park,) HOUSE, with elegant porte cochere, 40x80, built by days' work for owner's use; 15 rooms; inexhaustible supply of purest spring water, hot and cold, throughout house, and supplied to stable; bath-room, water-closet, gas, (from Orange,) Baker & Smith's steam heater, and every possible modern convenience, (except a mortgage.) Stables, carriage-house, ice-house, and other outbuildings. Lake, with boat-house, fountains, (one 30 feet high,) rushing brook, dams, falls, cascades, hydraulic rams, &c. Grounds laid out by L. S. Haskell, Esq. Lawns, glen, ravine, garden, woods, (century oaks,) and the choicest varieties of fruit, vines, flowers, shrubbery, and evergreen and deciduous trees. Views unsurpassed. Place finished in all respects; three-fourths of a mile from depot. The most healthy, artistic and æsthetic place within easy reach of New-York. A rural paradise. So much beauty, comfort and variety cannot be found in six acres elsewhere. $50,000 was offered for it two years ago. Will be sold at a fair price, but not at a sacrifice. Terms to suit purchaser. One hour from New-York by Morris and Essex Railroad; frequent daily trains. Apply to

ABBETT & FULLER,
No. 229 Broadway, New-York.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—A COUNTRY seat on the Hudson River, New-Hamburg, Dutchess County; very beautifully situated, having a river front of about 2,000 feet, comprising 35 acres of land well watered; a dwelling-house, 32x55 feet, completely furnished and in thorough order; farmer's house, coach-house, with stabling for six horses. The place has on it a splendid building site, and is remarkable for its fine elm and locust trees. Sixty per cent. may remain on mortgage. Apply at the Washington Insurance Company, No. 172 Broadway.

AT NEW-MILFORD, CONN. — THE splendid residence of the late J. W. Turner, of New-York, in the village of New-Milford, on the Housatonic Railroad; large double brick house, barn, carriage and ice-houses; fine gardens; about three acres of land; splendid shade, and altogether one of the most desirable residences in Litchfield County; price $10,000; sold at a bargain to close an estate. Apply to D. H. TURNER, No. 110 King-st., New-York, or to GEO. H. NOBLE, New-Milford, Conn.

FOR SALE OR TO LEASE—FURNISHED or unfurnished, a neat cottage, ten rooms, eligibly situated in the beautiful village of Woodside, N. J.; time, one hour from New-York City Hall; an acre and a quarter of grounds, fine lawn, variety of small fruits, stable, &c.; prefer to lease for a term of years to an approved tenant. For full information address ROBT. CUNNINGTON, book-store No. 41 Park-row, or C. C. HINE, Esq., office of *Insurance Monitor*, Howard Building, No. 176 Broadway.

FOR SALE—AT GREAT NECK, L. I., FIFTEEN miles from New-York, thirty-five acres of the choicest land on the Sound; over half mile water front; very desirable for villa sites in plots from five to ten acres; one mile from landing, three from depot; communication with City frequent by cars and boat; location unsurpassed by any for the residence of gentlemen doing business in the City. Terms easy. For maps and particulars apply to E. A. LAWRENCE, OAKLEY & FLEURY, No. 11 Pine-st.

FOR SALE—IN ONE OF THE FINEST LOCATIONS at Elizabeth, N. J., a house containing ten rooms, marble mantels, gas, hot and cold water, bath-room, &c.; lot 36x176½ on paved street; no assessments; eight minutes' walk from depot; price $9,000; part cash. For particulars address C., Box No. 115 *Times* Office.

ORANGE, N. J.—VILLAS, VILLA SITES and farms, a great variety, beautifully situated one hour from N. Y., for sale low. Also, country seats and houses to let for the season, or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, 243 Broadway, N. Y., 9 to 11 A. M.; Orange, corner Main and Cone sts., 1 to 5 P. M.

FOR ONE OR TWO YEARS.—A FINE country seat, (25 acres,) at Matteawan, one mile from Fishkill Station; orchard, garden, green-house, ice-house, stables; house in fine order; furnace; hot and cold water throughout; photograph shown.

JOSEPH R. BLOSSOM, No. 164 Front-st.

ORANGE, N. J.—TO LET, TWO MODERN houses, adjoining, each 9 rooms, 6 minutes' walk from station; good garden; fine views; excellent neighborhood; rent $600 each. BLACKWELL & SMITH, No. 243 Broadway, or Orange.

TO LET—AT MONTCLAIR, N. J., A BEAUTIFUL cottage, nine rooms, pleasantly situated and handsomely furnished, near the depot, for the season or a longer period. Apply to W. H. HARRIS & CO., adjoining the depot.

FOR SALE—AT NEW-ROCHELLE, N. Y., neatly-furnished cottage and lot, (47 feet by 132 feet 40 inches;) a little gem. Inquire of J. P. ROBINSON, New-Rochelle, N. Y., and at No. 52 Wall-st., Room No. 32, New-York City.

DWELLINGS TO LET.

AT LUZERNE, N. Y., HAZELWOOD cottage, furnished, to let for the Summer; 13 rooms; also boat, boat-house, and two acres of ground, in lawn, extending down to the Lake Shore; price $500; also ice, garden, and servants if desired; access by railroad from Saratoga 20 miles. The place is well known and affords exquisite views of water and mountain scenery.

Refer to Mr. WM. F. MOTT, No. 11 Broad-st., or to Mr. ADAMS, Westmoreland Hotel, corner 17th-st. and 4th-av., who has photograph of the same, or by letter to B. C. BUTLER, No. 53 Columbia-st., Albany.

TO LET—ELEGANT SUBURBAN MANSION; to rent either for the Summer or one year; situated on Crescent-av., South Bergen, being a first-class house, Italian style, with modern improvements; 14 rooms and good cellar; one acre of ground, handsomely laid out; trees, flowers and shrubbery. Inquire on the premises, or of C. S. HUNTOON, No. 16 Chambers-st.

IN THE VILLAGE OF SOUTHPORT, Conn., two hours from the City by New-Haven Railroad, a neat and commodious cottage house in good order, located immediately on the water with a fine view of Long Island Sound; six minutes from depot; good bathing, fishing and sailing; rent $400 per year. Apply to W. B. LEONARD, No. 54 Leonard-st., New-York.

TO RENT—AT YONKERS, ON THE LINE of the Harlem Railroad, a very desirable large frame house, containing 20 rooms fully furnished; seven acres of land, stable, &c. The place is very handsomely located, and is 15 miles from the New-York City Hall. Apply to

E. H. LUDLOW & CO., No. 3 Pine-st.

TO LET—AT NEW-WINDSOR, ORANGE County, two miles from Newburg, a furnished house with stable, ice-house and out-houses, garden, &c.; fine view of river and highlands; house large, in good order, and well furnished; rent, $300 per month. Inquire of E. L. FANCHER, No. 229 Broadway, New-York, or of WM. WYCKOFF, Newburg, N. Y.

TO LET—TO A SMALL, RESPECTABLE family, part of house No. 3 East Baltic-st., a few doors from Court-st., Brooklyn, and within ten or fifteen minutes' walk of the principal ferries; gas, hot and cold water and bath in house; Greenwood and Coney Island cars pass at either end of block; rent moderate. Apply on the premises.

AT SCOTCH PLAINS, FANWOOD, one hour from City, on Central Railroad of New Jersey, to let, a furnished house, containing 13 rooms; stable and carriage-house; pleasure grounds kept in order at owner's expense. Inquire of GEORGE ACKERMAN, Esq., No. 58 Murray-st., or Dr. COLES, Newark.

TO LET—A FURNISHED COTTAGE, WITH carriage-house and stable and well-stocked garden, at Spuyten Duyvil, thirty minutes from 30th-st.; twelve trains daily each way; cottage ten minutes' walk from station. Apply to WM. GALE, No. 192 Broadway, up stairs.

TO LET—AT ORANGE, N. J., A COMMODIOUS and thoroughly furnished house; grounds and fine stable attached; very desirable location, ten minutes' walk from depot; price reasonable. Inquire of J. J. BEECHER, No. 157 Broadway, Room No. 28.

TO LET—AT A VERY MODERATE RENT, A house, furnished or unfurnished; beautifully located on the Shrewsbury River, near Red Bank, N. J.; convenient to depot. Inquire at No. 213 5th-st., of Mrs. TAYLOR.

TO LET—ON WASHINGTON HEIGHTS, fine house, with all modern improvements. Also lots on 152d-st., Washington Heights, and on all the Boulevards and avenues, for sale by G. LESPINASSE, No. 5 Pine-st., Room No. 2.

TO RENT—AT ORANGE, N. J., A LARGE furnished house within ten minutes' walk of the station, containing 12 rooms, gas, range, &c.; rent low to a good tenant; possession immediately. Apply to A. BRADSHAW, No. 23 Water-st.

TO LET—FURNISHED HOUSE AT MADISON, N. J., within three minutes' walk of the Morris and Essex Railroad station, with stable with four stalls. Ice-house filled and garden planted. Apply to ELLIS POTTER, No. 40 Broadway, Room No. 54.

RYE, N. Y.—TO LET, UNFURNISHED, A large double house, within five minutes' walk of the depot; with garden, stable and carriage-house; rent $500. Apply to C. PARK, No. 921 Broadway.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

TO LET.
COMMODIOUS, WELL-LIGHTED,
WELL-VENTILATED,
OFFICES,
LARGE AND SMALL, SINGLE OR EN SUITE.
APPLY ON THE PREMISES, AT
NO. 164 DUANE-ST.

OFFICES TO LET.—A SUITE OF THREE pleasant, light, airy offices and upper floor of No. 254 Broadway, opposite the City Hall, to let at $1,000 per annum for the three; also, two offices on the third floor and one on fourth floor. Apply to Home Life Insurance Company, No. 258 Broadway.

CORNER OF 5TH-AV. AND 14TH-ST.—To rent for business purposes until Sept. 1, 1869, two large parlors, partially furnished, and on the first floor of the Fifth-avenue Art Gallery Building.

Apply at the rooms from 9 A. M. to 6 P. M.

TO LET—A SHOP ON FIRST FLOOR, ABOUT 22x100, well lighted and with steam power, in Crosby-st., near Spring. Apply to E. V. HAUGHWOUT & CO., No. 488 Broadway.

STEAM POWER TO LET—WITH WELL-lighted rooms and basements, 25x50. Apply to NORRIS & MILLER, No. 229 East 41st-st.

OFFICES TO LET—IN THE BIBLE House, Astor-place; three offices on third floor. Apply at Treasurer's office, 4th-av. entrance.

TO LET OR LEASE—THE FIRST-CLASS lofts of stores Nos. 363, 365 and 367 Greenwich-st. Inquire of WETMORE & CO., No. 365 Greenwich-st.

TO LET—A WELL-LIGHTED STORE, NO. 214 Centre-st.; rent low to a good tenant. Apply to G. SOLOMON, No. 23 Elm-st.

BROADWAY PROPERTY TO LET—Stores and lofts Nos. 478 and 480 Broadway. Apply to H. BLUNT, No. 484 Broadway.

TO LET—AN OFFICE IN NO. 2 HANOVER Building. Apply to E. W. VAN VOORHIS, Jr., No. 167 Broadway.

TO LEASE—FOR A TERM OF 5 YEARS, FOR business purposes, the building No. 33 Wooster-st. Apply to A. W. FRANCIS, No. 159 Broadway, N. Y.

STEAM POWER TO LET—NO. 114 Cliff-st.; good light; moderate rent.

DESK-ROOM TO LET—NO. 5 BEEKMAN-st. Room No. 7, first floor.

STORES, &C., TO LET.

TO LEASE FOR A TERM OF YEARS, separately or together, the new six-story buildings Nos. 296 to 212 Canal-st., communicating. Inquire of JOHN R. GRAHAM, No. 176 Centre-st.

HOUSES & ROOMS WANTED.

WANTED—BY A SMALL FAMILY, A MODERATE-sized house, unfurnished, between 20th and 48th sts., Broadway and Lexington-av.; rent not to exceed $2,000; must be first-class neighborhood. Address, with full particulars, Box No. 2,328 New-York Post Office.

HOUSE WANTED—A HIGH-STOOP brown-stone front house, in thorough repair and in a good neighborhood; only those who will make it an object to a cash customer will address, with full particulars, B. G., Box No. 3,987 Post Office, New-York.

WANTED—TO HIRE, IN BROOKLYN OR Jersey City, a small house. Address, stating terms, which must be moderate, O., Box No. 159 *Times* Office.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A GOOD, PLAIN, convenient house, with a well-stocked fruit garden, and a little land, about one hour from the City Hall. Address B. B., Box No. 130 *Times* Office, stating price and full particulars.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Unreserved Sale at Auction.

JAMES M. MILLER
WILL SELL ON
WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, MONDAY, MAY 10,
WEDNESDAY, MAY 12,
At Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, at 12 M.

450 CHOICE LOTS,

FRONTING 2,500 FEET ON

CENTRAL-AVENUE.

Part of the estate of LORING ANDREWS, Esq.

SALE PEREMPTORY; every lot to be sold to the highest bidder, without reservation.

This beautiful property must be seen to be appreciated. Fifty per cent. of purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage for five years.

Maps and pamphlets containing full particulars, and tickets for the trip, free, can be had by applying to the auctioneer, No. 28 Pine-st.

BY FAR THE HANDSOMEST PROPERTY YET OFFERED AT AUCTION on Central-av., and

NO FANCY PRICES EXPECTED

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

Splendid Rutherfurd Park Lots.

Closing Sale of the Cordts Property.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction on MONDAY, May 10, at 1 P. M., on the premises, the beautiful property at Rutherfurd Park, belonging to E. D. Cordts, and sold to divide interests. Maps and free passes at No. 77 Cedar-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, Auctioneer.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF HUDSON RIVER PROPERTY AT DOBB'S FERRY—Being the residence and estate of the late James B. Danforth, known as "Dry Brook."

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will sell at auction on TUESDAY, May 11, 1869, at 12 o'clock, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway:

This property, comprising over 125 acres of land, will be offered in parcels varying from 5 to 35 acres. Among others, the late residence of Mr. Danforth, with nearly 13 acres—a very beautiful and complete place—with coach-house, graperies, &c., well fitted for Summer and Winter occupation; also, a very desirable new house, with 10 acres of land. This property commands beautiful views of the Hudson River and Saw Mill River Valley, and is within a mile of the railroad station and steamboat landing at Dobb's Ferry. For maps and particulars apply to EDMUND COFFIN, No. 77 Cedar-st., (who will accompany any purchasers to the premises,) or to JOHN J. STORMS, one of the executors, near the property, at Dobb's Ferry.

SAMUEL E. LYON, } Executors.
JOHN J. STORMS, }

Maps at No. 77 Cedar-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

THURSDAY, MAY 6, AT 12 M., AT the Exchange Salesroom:

VALUABLE LOTS ON MADISON-AV.
AND ON 116TH-ST.,
SOLD ON ACCOUNT OF OWNER'S GOING ABROAD.

MADISON-AV.—Eight lots on west side of Madison-av., forming the entire front, between 100th and 101st sts., each 25x95.

116TH-ST.—Four lots north side, commencing 110 feet east of 5th-av., each 25x100.

Maps at No. 77 Cedar-st.

A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., Auctioneers.

FRIDAY, MAY 7, AT 12 O'CLOCK, AT THE EXCHANGE SALESROOM,
180 BUILDING LOTS AT
PATERSON, N. J.,

only one mile from Erie Railroad, and three minutes' walk from horse cars on Market-st.; beautiful grade, on the bank of the Passaic, and all suitable for building purposes. An excellent house is on the premises, in good order; also barn and outbuildings, with fine shade trees and shrubbery. Terms favorable. Maps at No. 77 Cedar-st.

A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., Auctioneers and Dealers in New-Jersey Real Estate, No. 26 Pine-st.

ROSELLE, N. J.,

THURSDAY, MAY, 13, 1869, AT 12 M.,
On the premises,
Great sale of
160 VILLA PLOTS AT WEST ROSELLE,

beautifully situated on elevated ground, commanding fine views of the mountains and the surrounding country.

Roselle is located on the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, 43 minutes from the New-York side of the river, and 2½ miles from the City of Elizabeth. Probably no town in the State of New-Jersey has improved within the past two years in so great a proportion as the new and growing town of Roselle. A special train will leave the foot of Liberty-st. at 11 A. M. on the day of sale. Lunch on the arrival of the train. For maps, railroad passes, and full particulars, apply at the office of the auctioneers, No. 26 Pine-st., New-York.

FREE RIDES, FREE LUNCH.

GREAT AND ABSOLUTE OUT-DOOR SALE.
500 SPLENDID NEWTOWN LOTS,
ON THE PREMISES, SUYDAM HOMESTEAD,
MONDAY, MAY 10, AT 1 O'CLOCK.

Location unexceptionable; four minutes' walk from depot; 24 daily trains over Flushing Railroad; time from Hunter's Point, 15 minutes; from New-York, 30 minutes; commutation less than on horse cars. Streets opened and graded; lots within a stone's throw of half a dozen churches and schools; will be sold singly and in small parcels. Surroundings good; grades excellent. The best property around the City for investment, improvement or speculation.

Grand lunch before sale. Take boat on Monday, May 10, rain or shine; at James-slip, 11½; 34th-st., 11¾, or cars at Hunter's Point at 12 M.

Apply for maps and free tickets to JOHNSON & MILLER, No. 25 Nassau-st., N. Y.

MONDAY, MAY 17,
AT 12 O'CLOCK, ON THE PREMISES,
500 SPLENDID WOODHAVEN LOTS.

By order of Messrs. Lalance & Grosjean.
Property adjoins their factory.
Particulars hereafter. Terms liberal.
Maps now ready at auctioneers' office, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York.

JUSTUS M. PHELPS, Auctioneer.

ATTRACTIVE AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY AT BAY RIDGE, L. I., WITH 511 FEET WATER FRONT, DOCK, &c., BY DIRECTION OF JAMES BROWN, Esq. PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 5½ Pine-st., New-York, will sell at Auction, on THURSDAY, 13th May, 1869, at 12 o'clock M., at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York, valuable property at Bay Ridge, L. I.

Upward of 215 city lots, arranged in plots of from four to six city lots each; also two good dwelling houses, with all the modern conveniences, coach-house, stable, &c.

This property is half an hour from Wall-st.; includes upward of 511 feet water front, with dock, from whence there is a ferry to Wall-st. five times daily. The property adjoins that of Hon. Henry C. Murphy, and for beauty of locality and healthfulness cannot be surpassed.

Terms, maps and further particulars, application to JAMES BROWN, No. 54 Exchange-place, or to Auctioneers, PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 135 Broadway, under Home Insurance Company.

BAY RIDGE, LONG ISLAND.

AUCTION SALE OF
LOTS, WATER FRONT, DOCK, DWELLINGS, &c.

See advertisements and posters of sale of May 13, 1869, at 12 M., at Exchange Salesroom, No. 111 Broadway, New-York. PHELPS, FALLON & CO., No. 135 Broadway, under Home Ins. Co.

S. DINGEE, Auctioneer.

A.—THE ELEGANT FOUR-STORY brown-stone dwelling-house and lot, No. 256 West 34th-st., will be sold,

ON THE PREMISES,

on THURSDAY, May 6, at 11 A. M., sharp. See furniture sale in other column.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF PROPERTY AT BELLEVILLE, N. J.—BRITTAN & CO. will commence their auction sales at Belleville, on the Passaic, on THURSDAY, May 6, commencing at 11 o'clock A. M., when they will offer several fine houses, with ornamental grounds, together with a number of villa sites and city lots, to close an estate. Descriptive list, illustrated by map, may be had of G. De Witt, No. 90 John-st., New-York, Lee & Holmes, Belleville, and at our office, No. 772 Broad-st., Newark.

BRITTAN & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HOUSEHOLD BLESSINGS.

UNION WASHING MACHINE AND WRINGER

admitted to be the best and most durable in the market. Warranted to wash perfectly without soaking, rubbing or boiling, and will save its cost in six months.

WARD'S AMERICAN MANGLE, for ironing clothes without heat—for hand or steam power—a perfect treasure in a laundry.

FLUTING MACHINES, with the latest improvements. FLUTING SCISSORS, SAD IRONS and other laundry articles. Clothes dryers, Wringers of all kinds.

J. WARD & CO.,
No. 31 (formerly No. 23) Cortlandt-st., New-York.

Wringers of all kinds repaired. Send for circular.

CARPET PAPER.

A prepared paper to put under carpets, one and a quarter yards wide, SOFT and THICK, and only FIVE CENTS per yard.

MANAHAN & MILLER,
No. 16 Spruce-st., New-York.

ARE YOU INSURED?

Insurance effected at the lowest rates.
W. W. LYON, Insurance Agent and Notary Public,
No. 61 Avenue D, New-York.

AUCTION SALES.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 8 Cortlandt-st.; Art Galleries, No. 845 Broadway.

VERY IMPORTANT SALE OF CHOICE AND VALUABLE WORKS OF ART, AMERICAN AND FOREIGN, THE PROPERTY OF A WELL-KNOWN CONNOISSEUR, COMPRISING ONE OF THE MOST BEAUTIFUL AND VARIED ASSEMBLAGES OF MODERN PAINTINGS OFFERED AT PUBLIC SALE IN MANY YEARS.

HENRY D. MINER & BARKER will sell at auction, THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, May 5, at their Art Galleries, No. 845 Broadway, a very valuable collection of Works of Art of the American, French, English, Flemish and Duesseldorf schools, embracing, among others, beautiful expressions of the following highly-distinguished and favorite artists, viz.:

Bierstadt,
Wm. Hart,
Beard,
Bellows,
Bristol,
A. F. Tait,
Inness,
Colman,
G. H. Hall,
Parton,
Sonntag,
Lewis,
Nicholson,
Nehlig,
Hays,
Barland,
Jacobson,
Bakalowicz,
Bosch.

Waldemuller,
Robie,
Ad. Schreyer,
Schlessinger,
Escosura,
Verboeckhoven,
Herzog,
Antigna,
Fauvelet,
Diebl,
Meyer von Bremen,
H. Bonner,
Seignac,
Carl Hubner,
Jul. Hubner,
Schloesser,
Leray,

Lambinet,
Landelle,
Willems,
Brillouin,
Vallerio,
Hamman,
Castan,
Bakkerkorff,
Fichel,
Hoguet,
Plassan,
Ten Kate,
De Dreux,
Cassado,
Verlat,
Toussaint,
Boichard,
Kuwasseg,

The above are now on exhibition free, day and evening.

MORRIS WILKINS, Auctioneer.

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, HORSE, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, &c., &c., at the residence of the late H. W. T. Mali, South Fordham, on the Kingsbridge road, near Morris-st., about one mile from the Harlem Railroad Depot, at Tremont, and within a short drive of McComb's Dam or Central Bridge.

E. H. LUDLOW & CO. will sell by auction THURSDAY, May 6, at 11 o'clock, at the residence as above, all the furniture, &c., of said house, viz.: Carved rosewood parlor suites in brocatel, fine rosewood grand action piano-forte, seven octave, Collard & Collard, of London, makers; elegant satin and lace curtains, secretary and library bookcases, large easy chairs, sofas, lounges, marble-top centre and fancy tables, fine mahogany extension table, buffet, dining chairs, fine mahogany French bedsteads, enameled bedroom suites, dressing bureaus, washstands, palliasses, fine hair mattresses, feather beds, bolsters and pillows, fine China, glass and silver-plated ware, Axminster, velvet and Brussels carpets, oil-cloths, kitchen utensils, &c.; also rosewood full size billiard table, complete. Catalogues now ready at No. 3 Pine-st.

Also, immediately after the sale of furniture, one horse, carryall, close carriage, double sleigh, two cows, farm wagon, lady's saddle, harness, robes, bells, &c.

HENRY D. MINER, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 8 Cortlandt-st.; Art Gallery, No. 845 Broadway.

RECEIVER'S SALE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE LATE ECLECTIC CLUB, BY ORDER OF JOHN LINN, Esq., RECEIVER.

HENRY D. MINER & BARKER will sell on THURSDAY, May 6, at 10½ o'clock, at the Eclectic Club-house, corner of 26th-st. and 5th-av., the entire property of the above-named Club, consisting of rosewood and black-walnut suites of furniture in green reps and plush; velvet, medallion carpets, elegant French-plate pier and mantel mirrors, carved black-walnut marble-top centre tables, rep curtains, black-walnut and cane-seat chairs, black-walnut and oak round, side and card tables, Brussels carpets, oil-cloths, oak and black-walnut extension tables, elegantly-carved black-walnut marble-top buffets, office and dining-room furniture, china, glass and dinner services, &c. Also, one fine French carom billiard table, made by Phelan & Collander, one four and one six-pocket billiard table. Also, the stock of wines, liquors, &c., consisting of Mumm, Cliquot and Heidsick champagne, fine brandies, clarets, Burgundy, Moselle, Port, &c. Further particulars in time.

Also, bound volumes of the New-York *Herald*, from 1853 to 1866, *Putnam's*, *Harper's*, *Eclectic* and other magazines, French, German and American illustrated periodicals, novels, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

BY HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER.—ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, ROSEWOOD PIANO, MIRRORS, &c., THE PROPERTY OF A FAMILY GOING ABROAD, TO BE SOLD WITHOUT RESERVE.

On THURSDAY, May 6, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 325 West 32d-st., consisting of velvet, Brussels and ingrain carpets, carved rosewood suites in green and gold-figured brocatelle, carved rosewood mirror back and door etageres, rosewood seven-octave piano, made by Chickering, nearly new, lace curtains and cornices, gilt-frame French plate pier-mirrors, rosewood marble-top centre tables, gilt clocks under glass shades, carved black-walnut bedsteads, marble-top dressing bureaus, black-walnut chairs in green reps, lounges in green reps, oak enameled cottage suites, black-walnut cribs, mattresses, pillows, bolsters, &c.; black-walnut extension table, black-walnut dining suite in morocco, silver safe, black-walnut case Wheeler & Wilson sewing-machine, carved black-walnut hall-stand, lounges and chairs in green reps, china, silver plate and glassware, kitchen furniture, &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS, Auctioneer.

HENRY H. LEEDS, AND MINER will sell by auction on THURSDAY, May 6, at 10½ o'clock, at No. 288 4th-av., the entire stock and fixtures of the old established fruit and wine store known as Chatterton's (to be sold in consequence of ill health, and the demolition of the building,) viz., fine fresh and preserved fruits, jellies, pastes, figs, dates, nuts, Jerdons, fine canned fruits and jellies, olive oils, Worcestershire sauce, Crosse & Blackwell's pickles, condiments and table delicacies, mustards, &c. Old brandies, vintage 1805 to 1858, in wood or glass; sherries, madeiras, and very superior ports, bourbon, A. Keller's rye, Scotch and Irish whiskies; Holland and Old Tom gins, in bottles, demijohns and casks; (Ullage) old Jamaica and West India rums, applejack, clarets, hocks, Catawba; Roderer's and other champagnes; also counters, shelving, gas fixtures, measures, baskets, show cases, glass jars, wagon, harness, sleigh, bells, &c. The sale is a good opportunity for first-class trade or families to purchase reliable goods.

AUCTION NOTICE.

HENRY H. LEEDS & MINER, AUCTIONEERS, have removed from No. 93 Liberty-st. to the SPACIOUS STORES NO. 95 CHAMBERS-ST., and EXTENDING THROUGH TO NO. 77 READE-ST., at which fine location they will carry on the AUCTION AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, affording unusual facilities for the disposal of furniture, fancy goods and other personal property. Sales of stock and merchandise at the stores of owners and household furniture sales at PRIVATE RESIDENCES attended to promptly and satisfactorily, as usual for 22 years past. SALES OF PAINTINGS AND ART at their GALLERIES, NOS. 817 AND 819 BROADWAY, SOUTHWEST CORNER OF 12TH-ST.

HENRY H. LEEDS.
ALLAN B. MINER.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE WILL SELL on WEDNESDAY, May 5, at 10½ o'clock, at the salesroom No. 37 Nassau-st., the extensive Library of the late

DAVID T. VALENTINE.

In the collection will be found a complete set of Valentine's Manual, from 1841 to 1866 inclusive, 24 vols., full red morrocco; Valentine's History of the City of New-York, published in 1853, 8 vols., cloth; Colden's Memoirs, small 4to, full turkey; The Brights of Suffolk, England; Dunlap's History of the American Theatre, 1832; Hammond's Political History of New-York, 3 vols., 8vo, 1850; Colonial History of the State of New-York, from 1663 to 1744, 11 vols., 4to; Irving's Life of George Washington, 4 vols., 4to., bound in full Turkey morocco, elegant large paper, &c., &c., &c., &c.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE WILL SELL on WEDNESDAY, May 5, at 10½ o'clock, at the private residence No. 74 West Houston-st.:

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE—Brussels carpets, mirrors, black-walnut bedroom furniture, curled hair mattresses, pillows, bolsters, bookcase, wardrobes, black-walnut dining-room furniture, buffets, chairs, lounges, crockery, glassware, &c.; also, three years' lease of the house from May 1, 1869.

SAME DAY,
AT 12 O'CLOCK, ELEGANT FURNITURE IN GENERAL ASSORTMENT, AT PRIVATE RESIDENCE NO. 61 WEST HOUSTON-ST.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE, Auctioneer—Salesroom, No. 37 Nassau-st.

ROBERT SOMERVILLE WILL SELL on THURSDAY, May 6, at Berry's Restaurant, 9 Broad-st., consisting of fixtures, fittings, bar counters, cigar cases, marble slabs, clocks, mirrors, china, crockery, plated ware, cutlery, glassware, kitchen furniture, massive copper pans, about one ton weight boilers, steamers, ranges, furnaces; steam and water pipes, ovens, great variety of fine cut glassware, fine cutlery, gas fixtures, superb beer pump, six barrels, &c. Catalogues on the morning of the sale.

JOSEPH HEGEMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, at 10 o'clock A. M., at No. 14 South Oxford-st., near De Kalb-av. Rosewood parlor suite, four pieces in figured crimson silk reps, with covers, lounges and chairs in green reps, Turkish rocker, walnut library bookcase, and library tables, inlaid centre table, lace curtains, velvet and Brussels carpets and oil-cloths, ottomans, two splendid French plate mantel mirrors, with four cornices as good as new, &c.

GEORGE COOK, Auctioneer.

GENTEEL HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE.—THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at Salesroom No. 101 Liberty-st., parlor, library, chamber and dining-room furniture, carpets, beds and bedding, crockery, curtains, shades, cutlery, pianos, silver-plated ware, kitchen articles, &c. Also office and counting-house desks, three Valentine & Brothers safes, &c.

G. G. HAYDOCK, Auctioneer.

DAMAGED EARTHENWARE.—BY ROBERT HAYDOCK & SON, store No. 6 College-place: 50 crates white granite ware, in good order; 80 crates earthenware, for account of whom it may concern, damaged on the voyage; 2 casks Parian jugs, damaged on the voyage. Also, to close an estate, 103 packages cut French tumblers, 200 cases French kerosene chimneys, 700 packages kerosene ware; also, 500 packages Boston and Pittsburg glass; also, white china teas, coffees, jugs, spittoons, &c.

S. DINGEE, Auctioneer.

ON THURSDAY, MAY 6, AT PRIVATE DWELLING, NO. 256 WEST 34TH-ST.

S. DINGE will sell the entire furniture in above house, embracing rosewood parlor suites, handsome upright piano-forte, elegant pier and mantel mirrors, black walnut and cottage bedroom suites, mattresses, pillows, &c.

Also, kitchen utensils and crockery.

Sale to commence at 11 A. M. See sale of house in real estate column.

THOMAS VEITCH, Auctioneer.

RECEIVER'S SALE OF WALNUT and mahogany upright and standing desks, two iron safes, (Herring's make,) carpets, chairs, matting, &c., on WEDNESDAY, May 5, 1869, at 11 A. M., at Nos. 181 and 183 Chatham-st., second story.

F. V. B. KENNEDY, Receiver.

MARBLE MANTELS.

MARBLE AND MARBLEIZED MANtels, rich and elegant designs. Over 500 mantels on hand at A. KLABER'S, Nos. 134 and 136 East 18th-st., near 3d-av. Price list on application. Cut this out.

MARBLEIZED SLATE, DECORATED marble and marble mantels, rich and elegant designs. T. B. STEWART & CO., No. 605 6th-av., between 35th and 36th sts.

PERSONAL.

DR. SAMUEL T. E. BECK.—REFER to me; my everlasting gratitude; Divine Providence and your skillful services have made me for life your debtor.

J. S. C.

DRY GOODS.

REMOVAL!

I. E. WALRAVEN

WILL THIS WEEK
REMOVE
HIS ENTIRE STOCK OF

UPHOLSTERY GOODS,

LACE CURTAINS,
AND LINENS,
FROM NO. 686 BROADWAY, TO

NO. 751 BROADWAY,

BELOW EIGHTH-ST.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

TO MY PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY.

Having disposed of the lease of my store, No. 765 Broadway, and being desirous of retiring from business, but on account of the IMMENSE STOCK OF CORSETS, SKIRTS, &c., on hand, it is impossible to do so at present; therefore, on or before May 1, said stock will be removed to my other store, No. 824 Broadway, corner of 12th-st., and I shall also have a branch establishment at No. 763 Broadway, (up stairs,) where ALL THE LATEST STYLES OF CORSETS, SKIRTS, ROBES, and everything connected with the trade, will be offered at prices which will defy competition.

A fresh invoice of French corsets has just been received per steamer *Hammonia*, to which we beg leave to call the attention of ladies, as they are the finest goods ever imported into the American market.

THOS. H. GAYNOR,

IMPORTER,
No. 824 Broadway, corner 12th-st.

AT GAYNOR'S,

NO. 824 BROADWAY, CORNER OF 12TH-ST.,

The largest assortment of elegant-fitting French corsets and skirts ever offered in the United States, at 25 per cent. below the cost of importation.

THOS. H. GAYNOR,
Importer,
No. 824 Broadway, corner of 12th-st.

SPRING FASHIONS

AT EDWARD RIDLEY'S.

TO-DAY, NEW STRAW GOODS, ALL THE FASHIONABLE SHAPES, FOR LADIES, MISSES, INFANTS AND BOYS, BOTH TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED.

FROM AUCTION, RIBBONS! RIBBONS!! NEW IMPORTED FRENCH FLOWERS.

REAL AND MILLINERY LACES, COLORED CRAPES, EMBROIDERIES.

LINEN COLLARS, CUFFS AND SETS, ALL VERY CHEAP.

BARGAINS IN LADIES' AND GENTS' LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, &c.

LADIES' KID GLOVES, 50c.; SPECIALTY, 90c. A PAIR.

LINE OF SILK AT 75c.; SATINS, $1, $1 25, $1 50 AND UPWARD.

DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS, SILK BUTTONS, FLUTED RIBBONS, &c., UNDER REGULAR PRICES.

SILK FRINGES, EVERY WIDTH, COLOR AND SHADE. WE MANUFACTURE FRINGES TO ORDER.

NEW STRAW TRIMMINGS.

THOUSANDS OF SILK PARASOLS AT 70c., 90c., $1, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75 AND UPWARD. ALSO, PONGEE PARASOLS FROM $1 EACH AND UPWARD.

LEATHER SATCHELS, $1, $1 25, $1 50, $1 75, A SPECIALTY.

LARGE LOT OF LINEN FANS FROM AUCTION, FROM 15c. EACH.

SILK FANS, 50c., 75c., $1 EACH, ABOUT HALF VALUE.

YANKEE NOTIONS!!! ALWAYS CHEAP.

CORSETS—CORSETS AT 65c., 75c., 95c. A PAIR.

FINER CORSETS, BEST MAKES, ALL CHEAPER.

HOSIERY AND UNDER-GARMENTS, BELOW REGULAR PRICES.

MANY NEW STYLES IN LISLE THREAD AND SILK GLOVES.

LADIES' NECKTIES AND BOWS, EVERYTHING NEW, LARGE STOCKS.

WE HAVE CHEAP GOODS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT, AND CERTAINLY THE LARGEST STOCK OF MILLINERY GOODS IN THIS CITY TO SELECT FROM.

EDWARD RIDLEY,

NOS. 309, 311 AND 311½ GRAND, 66, 68 AND 70 ALLEN STS., CORNER STORE, FIFTH BLOCK EAST FROM THE BOWERY.

TO MILLINERS AND COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS,

AT E. RIDLEY'S, IN THE

JOBBING ROOMS,

UP STAIRS,

YOU WILL FIND THE LARGEST STOCK OF MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS IN THIS CITY, AND A COLLECTION OF BARGAINS NOT TO BE FOUND ELSEWHERE.

WE CUT LENGTHS AT PIECE PRICES.
BUY AND SELL FOR CASH.

EDWARD RIDLEY,

309, 311 311½ GRAND, AND 66, 68, 70 ALLEN STS., CORNER STORE, FIFTH BLOCK EAST FROM THE BOWERY.

FRIEND PITTS

HAS REMOVED TO
No. 863 Broadway, between 17th and 18th sts.
DRESS TRIMMINGS, SMALL WARES, RIBBONS, GLOVES, LACES, FRENCH FLOWERS, UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS.

GENTS', BOYS' AND YOUTHS'
BOOTS AND SHOES
AT
CANTRELL'S NEW STORE,
No. 241 4th-av., between 19th and 20th sts.

DRESS TRIMMINGS,

Opposite Arnold's new store.

ELGER'S old established trimming, small ware and fancy goods store. New goods at low prices; children's Hosiery, Gloves and Undergarments; Children's Kids, 50 cents; Ladies, $1.

NOS. 880 AND 882 BROADWAY.

CARPETS.

CARPETS AND OIL-CLOTHS

FOR SPRING SALES, 1869.

VELVETS, TAPESTRY, BODY BRUSSELS, THREE-PLY and INGRAINS in every VARIETY, for rooms, halls and stairs, at greatly reduced prices for CASH.

SMITH BROTHERS,
successors to
SMITH & LOUNSBERY,
No. 738 BROADWAY, near Astor-place.

MILLINERY.

LADIES' BONNETS AND HATS.—REAL lace bonnets and Tostee hats of all kinds; straw hats, $1; bloomers.

L. BINNS' millinery, largest in the world,
No. 577 Broadway, up stairs.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of MICHAEL HEALY, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Michael Healy, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 24th day of May, 1869, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Henry Wilder Allen, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 24th day of April, 1869.

GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

H. EDWIN TREMAIN, Attorney for Petitioner, No. 167 Broadway. my5-1aw3wW*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM D. ADAMS, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—At the City of New-York, the 2d day of March, 1869.—The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of the estate of William D. Adams, of the City of New-York, in said district, who was, on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1869, adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of the United States for the said Southern District of New-York.

GEORGE W. STREETER, Assignee,
No. 27 Wall-st., City of New-York.

ap28-1aw-3wW*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CHARLES GONSER, bankrupt.—Before John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Charles Gonser, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated New-York, the 14th day of January, A. D. 1869.

CHARLES A. HERPICH, Assignee.

ap21-1aw3W*

NO. 1,577.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM E. WARING, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of William E. Waring, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 10th day of April, A. D. 1869.

ERASTUS F. BROWN, No. 76 Nassau-st.,
ap21-1aw3wW* New-York City, Assignee.

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—THAT ON the 27th day of April, A. D. 1869, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of JOHN C. WYMAN, of New-York City, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, (formerly a member of the firm of Wyman & Proctor,) who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him, or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 7 Beekman-st., corner Nassau-st., Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, before James F. Dwight, Register, on the 18th day of May, A. D. 1869, at 1 o'clock P. M.

FRANCIS C. BARLOW, U. S. Marshal,
as Messenger Southern District of New-York.

MAY 4, 1869.

IN BANKRUPTCY—IN THE DISTRICT Court for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CORNELIUS VEAZIE, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Cornelius Veazie, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 22d day of May, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the office of Mr. Edgar Ketchum, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 83 Nassau-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 27th day of April, 1869.

ap28-1aw3wW* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of BENJAMIN B. MERRILL, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given, that a petition has been filed in said Court by Benjamin B. Merrill, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 21st day of May, A. D. 1869, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 44 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 23d day of April, A. D. 1869.

ap28-1aw3wW* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CHARLES B. COE, ELLSWORTH S. SHENEHON and JACOB H. DEWITT, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—A warrant in bankruptcy has been issued by said Court against the estate of Charles B. Coe, Ellsworth S. Shenehon and Jacob H. Dewitt, of the County of New-York, of the State of New-York, in said district, adjudged bankrupts upon the petition of their creditors, and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupts, to them or to their use, and the transfer of any property by them, are forbidden by law. A meeting of the creditors of said bankrupts, to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of their estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at No. 7 Beekman-st., in the City of New-York, in said district, on the 28th day of May, A. D. 1869, at 12 o'clock M. at the office of James F. Dwight, one of the Registers in Bankruptcy of said Court.

FRANCIS C. BARLOW,
MAY 4, 1869. Marshal—Messenger.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JOHN H. FAXON, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by John H. Faxon, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 24th day of May, 1869, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 23d day of April, 1869.

ap28-1aw3wW* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of CAROLINE MARKS, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court, by Caroline Marks, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all her debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 31st day of May, 1869, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Henry Wilder Allen, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted, and that the second and third meetings of creditors will be held at the same time and place.—Dated New-York, on the 5th day of December, 1868.

my5-1aw3wW* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of JAMES T. TAYLOR, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by James T. Taylor, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt, under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 28th day of May, 1869, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 44 Wall-st., in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted—Dated New-York, on the 21st day of April, 1869.

my5-1aw3wW* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ANDREW H. BALDWIN, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Andrew H. Baldwin, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York, and State of New-York, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts, and other claims provable under said act, and that the 20th day of May, A. D. 1869, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of James F. Dwight, Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., corner of Nassau-st., Rooms Nos. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, on the 27th day of April, 1869.

ap28-1aw3wW* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM C. NOYES, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by William C. Noyes, of the City, County and State of New-York, in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 20th day of May, A. D. 1869, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of James T. Dwight, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 7 Beekman-st., corner Nassau-st., Rooms No. 3 and 4, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.—Dated New-York, April 27, 1869.

ap28-1aw3wW* GEORGE F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of GARRET S. BELLIS and JAMES MILLIGAN, bankrupts.—At a Court in Bankruptcy, held at No. 39 Pine-st., in the City of New-York, in and for the Southern District of New-York, on the 16th day of April, A. D. 1869, before John Fitch, Register.—Before John Fitch, Register in Bankruptcy.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Garret S. Bellis and James Milligan, of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 16th day of April, A. D. 1869.

EDWARD C. WILLIAMS, Assignee,
ap21-1aw3wW* No. 508 West 26th-st., N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of BURNET CRAKOW and HIRAM CRAKOW, bankrupts.—In Bankruptcy.—Southern District of New-York, ss.—The said bankrupts having applied to the Court for a discharge from their debts, and each of them having applied for a discharge from his debts: Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1869, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at Chambers of the said District Court, before Isaac Dayton, one of the Registers of the said Court in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 202 Broadway, in the City of New-York, Room No. 4, and show cause why the prayer of the said petition of the bankrupts should not be granted, and why a discharge should not be granted to the said bankrupts, and each of them.—Dated New-York, April 20, 1869.

my5-1aw3wW* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of GEORGE S. PHILLIPS, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—The said bankrupt having applied to the Court for a discharge from his debts: By order of the Court, Notice is hereby given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, to appear on the 17th day of May, A. D., 1869, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, at Chambers of the said District Court, before Mr. Henry Wilder Allen, one of the Registers of said Court of Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 161 Broadway, in the City of New-York, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted, and a discharge from his debts granted to said bankrupt.—Dated New-York, April 20, 1869.

ap21-1aw3wW* GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

NO. 2,105.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of LEONARD F. CHOICE, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before J. F. Dwight, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Leonard F. Choice, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 20th day of March, 1869.

JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee,
No. 137 Broadway, New-York City.

ap21-1aw3wW*

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of WILLIAM H. PARSONS, bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.—Before Isaiah T. Williams, Register.—To whom it may concern: The undersigned hereby gives notice of appointment as assignee of William H. Parsons, of the City of New-York, in the County of New-York and State of New-York, within said district, who has been adjudged bankrupt, upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.—Dated at New-York, the 10th day of April, 1869. JOHN SEDGWICK, Assignee.

ap21-1aw3wW*

REWARDS.

REWARD.—$1,000 REWARD WILL BE PAID for the recovery of two cases of silk goods, containing white satins 16 inches wide, and colored silk 18 inches wide, stolen from cart No. 55, on the 2d April, or a proportional amount for the recovery of part of them. Apply to HENRY BARBEY & CO., No. 64 Leonard-st.

$2 REWARD.—LOST—A RED CORNELIAN watch key. Address No. 7 Maiden-lane.

SHIPPING.

STEAM TO GLASGOW AND LONDONDERRY.

THE ANCHOR LINE,

Favorite Clyde-built passenger Steamers, are intended to sail as follows:

IOWA	May 1	INDIA	May 22
COLUMBIA	May 8	DORIAN	May 26
CALEDONIA	May 12	CAMBRIA	May 29
EUROPA	May 15	BRITANNIA	June 5

and each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate WEDNESDAY hereafter, from Pier No. 20 North River, at 12 o'clock, noon.

RATES OF PASSAGE PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.

Cabins, to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry, $90 and $75.
Excursion tickets, good for 12 months, $160.
Steerage, to Glasgow or Derry, $30; intermediate, $35.
Prepaid Certificates from these ports, $37.

Passengers booked to and from Hamburg, Havre, Rotterdam, Antwerp, &c., at very low rates.

Drafts issued payable at any bank in Great Britain and Ireland.

For further information apply on the steamers, foot of Dey-st., or at the Company's offices, No. 6 Bowling-green, New-York. HENDERSON BROTHERS.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN

ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

SIBERIA	WEDNESDAY	May 5
SCOTIA	WEDNESDAY	May 12
CHINA	SATURDAY	May 15
CUBA	WEDNESDAY	May 19
AUSTRALASIAN	WEDNESDAY	May 26
RUSSIA	WEDNESDAY	June 2

Passage money payable in gold.

Cabin	$130	Second Cabin	$80
Cabin to Paris			$145

No steerage passengers carried.

The owners of these ships will not be accountable for specie or valuables, unless bills of lading having the value expressed are signed therefor.

Through bills of lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent; and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight or passage apply to
E. CUNARD, No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

PASSENGERS PER STEAMSHIP SIBERIA embark from the Cunard wharf, foot of Grand-st., Jersey City, at noon, on WEDNESDAY, 5th inst. E. CUNARD, 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE.

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAMSHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route to the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River as follows:

LAFAYETTE......ROUSSAU...SATURDAY, May 15
ST. LAURENT....LEMARIE...SATURDAY, May 29
VILLE DE PARIS.SURMONT.SATURDAY, June 12

Rates of passage payable in gold, (wine included:)
TO BREST OR HAVRE, First cabin, $140; second cabin, $85.
TO PARIS, including railway ticket, $145 and $88.
These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railways and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.

GEO. MACKENZIE, Agent, No. 58 Broadway.

FOR LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.—Inman Line of mail steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF BALTIMORE and CITY OF BOSTON } Saturday, May 8, 1 P. M.
CITY OF LONDON.........Saturday, May 15, 9 A. M.
CITY OF CORK, (via Halifax)..........Saturday, May 18, 11 A. M.

And each succeeding SATURDAY and alternate TUESDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE

BY THE MAIL STEAMER SAILING EVERY SATURDAY.

PAYABLE IN GOLD.		PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
First Cabin	$100	Steerage	$35
To London	105	To London	40
To Paris	115	To Paris	47

PASSAGE BY THE TUESDAY STEAMER VIA HALIFAX.

FIRST CABIN. PAYABLE IN GOLD.		STEERAGE. PAYABLE IN CURRENCY.	
Liverpool	$80	Liverpool	$30
Halifax	20	Halifax	15
St. John's, N. F., by Branch Steamer	45	St. John's N. F., by Branch Steamer	30

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Bremen, &c., at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Offices. JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

CUNARD LINE OF STEAMERS.

BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN. FROM NEW-YORK EVERY THURSDAY.

PALMYRA	May 6	MARATHON	May 20
HECLA	May 13	SAMARIA	May 27

RATES OF PASSAGE FROM NEW-YORK

Cabin...........$80 Gold.
Steerage..........$30 Currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown at lowest rates.

For freight or passage, apply at No. 4 Bowling-green.

For steerage passage, No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building. E. CUNARD.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL.

CALLING AT QUEENSTOWN.

From Pier No. 46 North River, WEDNESDAY.

IDAHO, (new,)	3,000 tons	May 5, at 2 P. M.
MINNESOTA,	2,965 tons	May 12, at 3 P. M.
NEVADA,	3,125 tons	May 19, at 12 M.
COLORADO,	3,015 tons	May 26, at 3 P. M.
NEBRASKA,	2,965 tons	June 2, at 12 M.

CABIN PASSAGE.........(Gold)..$80.
STEERAGE..........(Currency)..$30.

Saloon and State Rooms all on Deck.
Steerage Passage Office, No. 29 Broadway.
For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 71 Wall-st.

NATIONAL LINE.

From Pier No. 47 North River.

DENMARK, CATO, WEDNESDAY May 5, at 12 M.
ERIN, WEBSTER, SATURDAY, May 8, at 3 P. M.

Passage to Liverpool or Queenstown: Cabin, $100 and $75; Steerage, $30, currency.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool or Queenstown, $37, currency.

Apply at the Company's office, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

STEAM TO ANTWERP—INMAN LINE.

CITY OF DUBLIN.........May 12
And monthly throughout the season.

RATES OF PASSAGE:

From New-York.		From Antwerp.	
Cabin	$100, Currency	Cabin	$80, Gold
Steerage	35, Currency	Steerage	25, Gold

For further information apply to
JOHN G. DALE, Agent, No. 15 Broadway, N. Y.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S

THROUGH LINE TO

CALIFORNIA AND CHINA.

Through rates, New-York to San Francisco:

First Cabin. Outside.	Inside.	Second Cabin.	Steerage.
$275	$225	$150	$75

CHANGE OF SAILING DAYS.

Steamers of the above line leave Pier No. 42 North River, foot of Canal-st., at 12 o'clock noon, ON 1ST, 11TH AND 21ST, EACH MONTH, except when those days fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

One hundred pounds baggage free to each adult. Medicine and attendance free.

MAY 11.—ALASKA, Capt A. G. GRAY, connecting with MONTANA, Capt. FARNSWORTH.

Steamer leaving May 11 connects closely with steamer CHINA, leaving San Francisco June 4 for China and Japan.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS—Freight for steamer ALASKA received until 4 P. M. on MONDAY, May 10. All usual facilities afforded shippers in collecting inland charges, &c.

For freight or passage tickets and all further information, apply at the Company's ticket office on the wharf, foot of Canal-st. F. R. BABY, Agent.

FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL MAIL STEAM SHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS sailing on the 23d of every month:

SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH, May 23
MISSISSIPPI, Capt. GEO. B. SLOCUM, June 23.
MERRIMACK, Capt. W. WIER, July 23.

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to

WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

U. S. MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE..............May 6
EAGLE, Capt. M. R. GREENE..................May 13
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAMS, (via Nassau,) May 20

For freight or passage apply to
S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

HAVANA, SISAL AND VERA CRUZ.

New-York and Mexican Mail Steamship Line, from Pier No. 17 East River, at 12 M.

The splendid new steamers
CITY OF MEXICO, Capt. DEAKEN............May 8
CLEOPATRA, Capt. PHILLIPS.................May 29

For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

FOR NEW-ORLEANS DIRECT.

THE CROMWELL LINE.

Steamships of this Line will leave Pier No. 9 North River, at 3 o'clock P. M., as follows:

MARIPOSA..............KEMBLE. Saturday, May 8.
GEO. CROMWELL.......VAILL...Saturday, May 15.

Freight taken for St. Louis, Mobile and Galveston at through rates. For passage, first and second class, or freight, apply to

H. B. CROMWELL & CO., No. 86 West-st.

FOR NASSAU, N. P.,

CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS,

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S steamer MORRO CASTLE, Captain ADAMS, THURSDAY, May 20, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 4 North River.

For freight or passage, apply to
S. G. WHEELER, Jr., President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

FOR MOBILE,

VIA FERNANDINA ROUTE.

The Florida Railroad Company will dispatch the steamer

ALABAMA, Captain LIMEBURNER,

On SATURDAY, May 8, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 29 North River, foot of Warren-st. Cargo delivered without lighterage at Mobile. Is now receiving. Insurance guaranteed at one and a half per cent. to Mobile. Through rates and bills of lading given to Selma, Montgomery, and all points in the interior at lower rates than any other line.

Has splendid cabin accommodations for passengers going to Florida or the Gulf ports.

For freight or passage, apply to
J. F. PATTERSON, Agent.
No. 177 West-st.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, April 27, 1869.

THE NAVY DEPARTMENT WILL offer for sale the iron prize steamer MEMPHIS as she now lies at the U. S. Navy-yard, New-York, on the 8th day of May next, at 12 o'clock M.

The vessel and her inventory can be examined at any time on application to the commandant of that yard.

The whole amount of the purchase money must be paid at the time of the adjudication, and the vessel must be removed from the Navy-yard within ten days from the day of sale.

A. E. BORIE,
Secretary of the Navy.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—Official passports of the Department of State issued by A. C. WILLMARTH, United States District Clerk's office, No. 41 Chambers-st.

SHIPPING.

FOR SAVANNAH, GA.,

AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.

GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE STEAMSHIPS, AND CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

Three times a week,
TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS.

The steamships

GENERAL BARNES, Capt. MORTON, THURSDAY, May 6, from Pier No. 36 North River, at 3 P. M.

LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents,
No. 88 Liberty-st.

SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, May 8, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.

WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

LEO, Capt. DEARBORN, TUESDAY, May 11, from Pier No. 16 East River at 3 P. M.

MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents,
Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

HUNTSVILLE, Capt. CROWELL, SATURDAY, May 15, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.

R. LOWDEN, Agent, No. 93 West-st.

FOR CHARLESTON, S. C., THE FLORIDA PORTS, THE SOUTH AND SOUTHWEST.—REGULAR LINE.—The fast and popular steamship SARAGOSSA, C. RYDER, Commander, will sail WEDNESDAY, May 5, at 3 P. M., from Pier No. 8 North River. Through bills of lading to all points South and Southwest. Agents in Charleston (RAVENEL & CO.) forward all goods free of commission.

The steamship MAGNOLIA will sail May 12.
ARTHUR LEARY, Agent, No. 73 William-st.

UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, 262 Broadway

RAILROADS.

OVERLAND TO CALIFORNIA.

GREAT REDUCTION IN TIME.

ONLY ONE DAY'S STAGING BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND SAN FRANCISCO.

SEVEN DAYS TRAVEL FROM THE MISSOURI RIVER TO THE PACIFIC OCEAN.

For through tickets and full particulars apply to

WELLS FARGO & CO.,
No. 84 Broadway.

From Twenty-third-st.	From Chambers-st.	**ERIE RAILWAY.**—Trains leave depots foot of 23d-st. and foot of Chambers-st., as follows, viz.:
6.40 A. M.	6.45 A. M.	For Paterson.
8.00 A. M.	8.00 A. M.	*Day Express*, for Rochester, Buffalo, Dunkirk, Cleveland, Cincinnati, and all points West and South. New and improved Drawing-room Coaches are attached to this train, running through without change.
8.20 A. M.	8.30 A. M.	*Way Train*, daily, for Greycourt and intermediate stations.
9.00 A. M.	9.00 A. M.	For Hackensack, Piermont and Monsey.
9.00 A. M.	9.15 A. M.	For Paterson.
10.00 A. M.	10.00 A. M.	*Express Mail*, for Buffalo, Dunkirk, Cleveland, Cincinnati and all points West and South. Sleeping Coaches attached from New-York to Meadville and from Susquehanna to Buffalo.
11.20 A. M.	11.30 A. M.	*Way Train*, daily, for Port Jervis and intermediate stations.
12.00 M.	12.00 M.	For Hackensack and Paterson.
1.00 P. M.	1.00 P. M.	For Piermont and Monsey.
1.40 P. M.	1.45 P. M.	Daily, for Paterson.
3.20 P. M.	3.30 P. M.	*Way Train*, for Middletown and intermediate stations. Also for Piermont.
4.00 P. M.	4.00 P. M.	For Paterson and Hackensack.
4.00 P. M.	4.15 P. M.	For Piermont and Monsey.
4.20 P. M.	4.30 P. M.	*Orange County Express*, stopping only at Sterling Junction, Turner's, and stations west of Turner's, (except Oxford,) to Newburg, Warwick, Montgomery, Unionville and Port Jervis.
5.00 P. M.	5.00 P. M.	*Way Train*, for Suffern and intermediate stations. Also for Hackensack.
5.00 P. M.	5.15 P. M.	For Piermont and Monsey.
5.20 P. M.	5.30 P. M.	*Night Express*, for Rochester, Buffalo, Dunkirk, Cleveland, Cincinnati, and all points West and South. Sleeping Coaches attached from New-York to Buffalo.
6.00 P. M.	6.00 P. M.	*Way Train*, for Suffern and intermediate stations. Also for Hackensack.
6.20 P. M.	6.30 P. M.	*Night Express*, daily, for all points West and South. By this train Sleeping Coaches will run through to Buffalo, Rochester, Cleveland and Cincinnati, without change.
6.40 P. M.	6.45 P. M.	For Paterson, Piermont and Hackensack.
8.00 P. M.	8.00 P. M.	*Emigrant Train*, daily, for the West.
11.30 P. M.	11.30 P. M.	*Theatre Train*, for Suffern and intermediate stations.

Tickets can be obtained, and orders for the checking and transfer of baggage may be left at the Company's offices, Nos. 241 and 957 (corner 23d-st. and Fifth-av.) Broadway, and at depots foot of Chambers-st., and foot of 23d-st., New-York, and at Long Dock Depot, Jersey City.

L. D. RUCKER, Gen'l Sup't.
WM. R. BARR, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

LONG ISLAND RAILROAD.

Leave James-slip: 8 A. M., Mail train for Northport and Greenport; 10:30 A. M., for Roslyn, Glen Cove, Locust Valley, Huntington and Northport; 3:30 P. M., Greenport Express; 4:30 P. M., for Roslyn, Glen Cove, Locust Valley, Huntington, Northport and Yaphank; 5:30 P. M., for Roslyn, Glen Cove, Locust Valley, Huntington and Northport; 7 P. M., for Jamaica and Hempstead. All trains connect with branch for Hempstead. Sunday trains for Roslyn, Glen Cove, Locust Valley, Huntington and Northport leaves Hunter's Point at 9 A. M. and 6 P. M.

I. D. BARTON, Superintendent.

NEW-YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD.

CHANGE OF TIME.

MONDAY, April 26, 1869, Express trains will leave 26th-st. and 4th-av. at 7 A. M. and 4 P. M., for Albany, Troy, Pittsfield, &c., and Chatham Mail train will leave at 10 A. M., and Pawling train at 4:15 P. M.

I. C. BUCKHOUT, Supt., &c.
NEW-YORK, April 22, 1869.

HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.—Trains for Albany and Troy, connecting with Northern and Western trains, leave New-York as follows: Cincinnati and Chicago Express, 8 A. M.; Chicago Express, 10:45 A. M.; Montreal Express, 4 P. M.; Pacific Express, 6:30 P. M.; Night Express, 11 P. M. Elegant drawing-room cars attached to all day trains, and sleeping cars to all night trains. The 6:30 P. M. train runs on Sundays.

APRIL 26, 1869. WM. H. VANDERBILT, V. Prest.

SOUTHSIDE RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND.—Leave Roosevelt-st. Ferry, New-York, 8:30 A. M.; mail train, 3:15 P. M.; express for Sayville, Patchogue, &c., 4:15 P. M.; accommodation for Islip and 5:30 P. M. for Jamaica. Leave Islip, 6:30 A. M., accommodation, and Sayville, 7:30 A. M., express, and 12:50 mail. Leave Jamaica, 7:30, 8:35, 9:30 A. M. and 3:09 P. M.

R. WHITE, Superintendent.

NORTHERN RAILROAD OF NEW-JERSEY.—Trains will leave New-York by the Pavonia Ferry, foot of Chambers-st., as follows: At 9 A. M., 1, 4:15, 5:15 and 6:30 P. M. And Saturdays, only 12, midnight. The 1 and 4:15 P. M. run through to Monsey Nov. 2, 1868. THOS. W. DEMAREST, Supt.

FOREIGN HOTELS.

TO AMERICAN TRAVELERS

IN SWITZERLAND.

GRAND HOTEL BEAURIVAGE, GENEVA.

This splendid new first-class establishment, facing the beautiful Lake and MONT BLANC, is the only hotel in Geneva with TERRACE, GARDEN AND VERY HANDSOME SITTING-ROOMS.

Rendezvous of the American families.

SUMMER RESORTS.

COZZENS' WEST POINT HOTEL.

Terms for the month of June, $3 50 per day, or $21 per week.

SYLVANUS T. COZZENS.

RUTHERFURD PARK HOTEL.

This magnificent Summer resort, located upon the beautiful grounds of Rutherfurd Park, N. J., with mountain, river and forest scenery unsurpassed, and only nine miles (or thirty-five minutes) from New-York City, on the line of the Erie Railway, will be opened for guests, permanent and transient, on the 15th of May.

The hotel and furniture are new and first-class in every particular. Its location upon the banks of the Passaic River affords a beautiful water frontage, fine drives, delightful scenery, fishing and boating. The health of this place is unsurpassed.

The proprietor having made extensive arrangements for the comfort of the guests of the hotel, is now prepared to make engagements for the season upon very moderate terms.

Applications may be made at No. 76 South-st., or at the hotel. THOMAS F. WELLS, Proprietor,
Late of St. James Hotel, New-York.

NEPTUNE HOUSE, NEW-ROCHELLE, will open about June 1. Application can be made of W. L. FISH, Clifford House, No. 1,242 Broadway.
W. J. FISH & SON.

GLENWOOD HOUSE, DELAWARE Water Gap, is now open for the reception of visitors, either transiently or for the Summer. Apply to SAMUEL ALSOP, Proprietor.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTNER WANTED.—A YOUNG AND energetic business man, having $8,000 to $10,000 capital, is wanted to join an established concern in the iron commission business; one having a knowledge of the iron trade will be preferred. Address A. B., Box No. 163 Post Office.

TO MILLINERS AND DRESSMAKERS—For sale, very low, the lease, stock and furniture of the first-class private millinery establishment of the late Mrs. Jane R. Davidson, No. 38 University-place; a rare opportunity. Apply to A. M. DAVIDSON on the premises.

FOR SALE CHEAP—STOCK AND FIXtures of a stationery and fancy store; a circulating library attached; established seven years; the best location in Brooklyn. Apply to J. HERNAN, No. 61 Sutton-av.

REMOVAL.

REMOVAL—FROM NO. 5½ PINE-ST. TO No. 135 Broadway, under Home Insurance Company.
PHELPS, FALLON & CO.,
No. 135 Broadway.

JOSEPH McGUIRE, AUCTIONEER AND Real Estate Broker, has removed his office from No. 80 Nassau-st. to No. 87 Cedar-st., corner Broadway.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR ENVELOPES.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT, April 5, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this Department until May 31, at 3 o'clock P. M., for furnishing envelopes for the official use of Postmasters during a period of two years from the 1st of July, 1869. The estimated number of envelopes that will be required annually is as follows:

Class No. 1, 1,000,000, more or less, 3½ by 5¼ inches.
Class No. 2, 4,000,000, more or less, 3¾ by 5¾ inches.
Class No. 3, 750,000, more or less, 3¼ by 6¾ inches.
Class No. 4, 750,000, more or less, 4 by 9 inches.
Class No. 5, 300,000, more or less, 4½ by 10½ inches.

For Class No. 1, an ordinary quality of buff or yellow paper will answer. The other classes to be made from red, blue, green and buff or cream-colored paper, as may be required, of approved quality.

All the above-described envelopes must be made in the most thorough manner, well gummed for sealing upon the entire length of the flap, and must have such printing upon the face as may be directed by the Postmaster-General. They must be banded in parcels of twenty-five, packed in pasteboard or straw boxes; each to contain not less than 250 envelopes of letter size, and 100 each of extra letter, official, and extra official sizes, separately, or otherwise, as may be required; the boxes to be wrapped in strong paper, so as to bear transportation by mail for delivery to Postmasters. When required to be delivered at the Department, such wrapping will be dispensed with.

When 3,000 or more envelopes are required to fill the order of a Postmaster, they must be put up in strong wooden boxes and properly addressed; but when less than 3,000 are required, proper labels of direction must be placed upon each package by the contractor; the whole to be done under the direction of an agent of the Department.

The envelopes must be furnished in such quantities as may from time to time be required to fill orders of Postmasters or by the Department, and be delivered either at the Post Office in the city where the accepted bidder resides, or at the envelope agency, or at this Department, as the Postmaster-General may direct, free of cost for packing.

Bids are also invited for 60,000 envelopes, more or less, made from the best quality of white or buff paper, 4 by 8 9-10 inches, and to be printed in the manner prescribed by the Department, for use in the Dead Letter Office and at the Stamped Envelope Agency in the City of New-York. These envelopes, to be delivered in good order, free of cost for packing, both at the Agency in New-York and to the Department at Washington, D. C., in quantities as from time to time may be ordered.

Separate proposals will be considered for furnishing 750,000, more or less, annually, of "Registered Package Envelopes," 5 by 10¼ inches, made from heavy buff or Manilla paper, with such printing on the face as may be required by the Postmaster-General, and STRIPED BOTH ACROSS THE FACE AND BACK, LENGTHWISE, IN RED, the same to be put up in pasteboard or straw boxes; each containing 200, and packed in wooden cases in quantities of 4,000 or 6,000 each, for delivery at the Department, or to Postmasters, as may be directed, free of charge for packing.

All envelopes embraced in this advertisement required for delivery at the Department are to be conveyed as freight, free of cost for transportation, those for delivery to Postmasters to pass as mail matter.

The first delivery of envelopes specified above to be made on or about the 1st of July next.

Specimens of the different kinds of envelopes for which proposals are invited may be seen on application at the principal Post Offices, or at the Department.

Bidders are required to furnish specimens of the envelopes they propose to supply; and no bid will be considered unless offered by envelope manufacturers, accompanied by satisfactory guarantees.

The price bid and the quality of samples submitted will be taken into consideration in awarding the contract.

Bonds will be required for the faithful performance of the contract, and all payments under it will be made quarterly.

The Postmaster-General reserves the right to reject any or all bids, if deemed compatible with the public interests.

Bids must be indorsed "Proposals for Office and Returned Letter Envelopes," &c.; or "Proposals for Registered Package Envelopes," as the case may be, and addressed to the Third Assistant Postmaster-General. JOHN A. J. CRESWELL,
Postmaster-General.

PROPOSALS FOR RATIONS.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, U. S. M. C.,
WASHINGTON, April 12, 1869.

Sealed proposals will be received at this office until 2 o'clock P. M. of THURSDAY, the 20th day of May next, for furnishing rations to the United States Marines, at the following stations, from 1st July, 1869, to 30th June, 1870, viz.:

PORTSMOUTH, New-Hampshire.
CHARLESTOWN, Massachusetts.
BROOKLYN, New-York.
PHILADELPHIA, Pennsylvania.
WASHINGTON CITY, District of Columbia.
GOSPORT, near Norfolk, Virginia.
MOUND CITY, Illinois.
PENSACOLA, Florida.

Each Ration to consist of twelve ounces of Pork or Bacon, or one pound and four ounces of Salt or Fresh Beef; eighteen ounces of soft Bread or Flour, or twelve ounces of Hard Bread, or one pound and four ounces of Cornmeal; and to every one hundred rations fifteen pounds of Beans or Peas, or ten pounds of Rice or Hominy; ten pounds of green Coffee, or eight pounds of roasted (or roasted and ground) Coffee, or one pound and eight ounces Tea; fifteen pounds of Sugar; four quarts of Vinegar; one pound and four ounces of Adamantine or Star Candles; four pounds of Soap; three pounds and twelve ounces of Salt, and four ounces of Pepper.

The rations are to be delivered upon the order of the commanding officer of each station; the Fresh Beef, either in bulk or by the single ration, of good quality, with an equal proportion of hind and forequarters—necks and kidney tallow to be excluded; the Pork No. 1 prime Mess Pork; the Flour known as Extra Superfine in the market of the place where the station is located; the Coffee good Rio; the Sugar good New-Orleans, or its equivalent; and the Beans, Vinegar, Candles, Soap, Salt, &c., to be of good quality.

All subject to inspection.

All bids must be accompanied by the following guarantee:

The undersigned, —— ——, of ——, in the State of ——, and —— ——, of ——, in the State of ——, hereby guarantee that in case the foregoing bid of —— —— for rations as above described be accepted, he or they will, within ten days of the receipt of the contract at the Post Office named, execute the contract for the same, with good and sufficient securities; and in case the said —— —— shall fail to enter into contract as aforesaid, we guarantee to make good the difference between the offer of the said ——, and that which may be accepted.

A. B., Guarantor.
C. D., Guarantor.

Witness:
E. F.
——, 186—.

I hereby certify that the above-named —— are known to me as men of property, and able to make good their guarantee.

To be signed by the United States District Judge, United States District Attorney or Collector.

No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by the above guarantee.

Newspapers authorized to publish the above will send the paper containing the first insertion to this office for examination.

Proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Rations," and addressed to the undersigned,

WILLIAM B. SLACK,
Major and Quartermaster.

OFFICE OF ACTING COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE,
FORT WADSWORTH, N. Y. H., May 3, 1869.

PROPOSALS IN DUPLICATE, WITH copy of this advertisement attached, will be received by the undersigned, until 10 o'clock, A. M., May 15, 1869, for supplying

FRESH BEEF

to the troops at this post.

The said beef must be fresh, of a good marketable quality, in equal proportion of fore and hind quarters, (neck, shank and kidney tallow to be excluded,) and to be delivered at this post free of cost, in such quantity as may be, from time to time, required, by and on such days as the commanding officer shall designate—not exceeding four times per week.

The necks of the cattle slaughtered for beef to be delivered under this agreement shall be cut off at the fourth vertebral joint, and the breast trimmed down. The shanks of fore-quarters shall be cut off from three to four inches above the knee-joint, and of hind-quarters from six to eight inches above the gambrel or hock-joint.

Separate proposals in duplicate will also be received by the undersigned up to the same hour and date above mentioned, for supplying commissioned officers and their families, stationed at this post, or supplied therefrom, with such choice fresh beef as they may from time to time require, such as sirloin and porter-house steak, standing ribs, or rib roasts.

These contracts to be in force six months, or such less time as the Commissary-General shall direct, commencing on the 1st of June, 1869, and subject to the approval of the Commanding General of the Department of the East.

In case of failure or deficiency in the quality or quantity of the fresh beef stipulated to be delivered, then the Commissary at Fort Wadsworth, N. Y. H., shall have power to supply the deficiency by purchase, and the contractor will be charged with the difference of cost.

The contractor will be required to enter into bonds for the sum of two thousand dollars, signed also by two responsible sureties, whose names must be mentioned in the bids.

The proposals will be opened at 10 o'clock A. M., on the 15th of May, 1869, at Fort Wadsworth, N. Y. H., at which time and place bidders are requested to be present.

Proposals will be marked "PROPOSALS FOR BEEF," and addressed,

Brevet Major J. W. MAC MURRAY,
First Artillery, A. C. S.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.—TO CONTRACTORS.—Separate sealed proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work to which it relates, the name of the person offering the same and the date of its presentation, will be received at this office (Rotunda Park) until 11 o'clock A. M. of SATURDAY, May 8, 1869, for the construction of stone-block pavements in the following streets, viz.:

SPECIFICATION 1.—In 50th-st., between 6th and 7th avs.
SPECIFICATION 2.—In Avenue A, between Houston and 14th sts.
SPECIFICATION 3.—In 54th-st., between 2d-av. and East River.
SPECIFICATION 4.—In 9th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway.
SPECIFICATION 5.—In 44th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.
SPECIFICATION 6.—In 55th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.
SPECIFICATION 7.—In 26th-st., between 6th and 8th avs.
SPECIFICATION 8.—In 20th-st., between 6th and 10th avs.
SPECIFICATION 9.—In Thomas-st., between Church and Hudson sts.
SPECIFICATION 10.—In 70th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.
SPECIFICATION 11.—In 60th-st., between Lexington and 5th avs.
SPECIFICATION 12.—In 17th-st., between 6th-av. and Broadway.
SPECIFICATION 13.—In 18th-st., between 6th and 8th avs.

Plans of these works may be seen, and specifications and forms for the bids obtained, on application to the Contract Clerk at this office.

THOMAS STEPHENS, ROBT. L. DARRAGH, GEORGE S. GREENE, } Croton Aqueduct Board.

NEW-YORK, April 26, 1869.

CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT.—Separate sealed proposals, each indorsed with the title of the work to which it relates, the name of the bidder and the date of its presentation, will be received at this office until 11 o'clock A. M. of FRIDAY, May 14, 1869, for the construction of stone-block pavements as follows, viz.: In Prince-st., from Broadway to the Bowery, and in 26th-st., from 3d-av. to East River, and also for the laying of a crosswalk across West-st. to Pier No. 5 North River. Plans of these works may be seen, and specifications and forms for bids obtained on application to the contract clerk at this office.

THOMAS STEPHENS,
ROBERT L. DARRAGH,
GEORGE S. GREENE,
Croton Aqueduct Board.

OFFICE CROTON AQUEDUCT DEPARTMENT,
May 1, 1869.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

NO. 29 WEST 26TH-ST.—ROOMS TO let, with board, en suite or singly, with every convenience, handsomely furnished, from the 1st of May; location desirable for gentlemen; apply after 3 o'clock; references exchanged.

TO LET—WITH BOARD, TO GENTLEMEN, a front sitting-room and bedroom, on the second floor; also, front room on the third floor, nicely fitted up; has all the modern improvements. Apply at No. 316 East 20th-st., near 2d-av.

TO LET—FURNISHED ROOMS, IN SUITS or single; the house has been repainted and refurnished; the Broadway and 6th-av. cars pass the door. For full particulars apply on the premises, of Mrs. JOHN F. RODMAN, 555 6th-av., corner of 33d-st.

NO. 316 EAST 20TH-ST., HANDSOME parlor and alcove on the second floor front to let to gentleman and wife; also, front room on the third floor; this is a nice home for a respectable party; no children taken; dinner at 6; reference.

A SUITE OF HANDSOMELY FURNISHed rooms to let to gentlemen, without board; also a single room; references. Apply at No. 20 West 11th-st., near Broadway.

BOARD.—A PARTY OF SINGLE GENTLEmen and gentleman and wife can be accommodated with board and pleasant rooms at No. 240 East 12th-st., near 2d-av.

AN AMERICAN FAMILY WILL LET their front parlor and bedroom adjoining furnished. Price $10 per week. Inquire No. 207 Lexington-av., near 33d-st.

A LARGE PARLOR AND ONE OR two bedrooms handsomely furnished, to let to gentlemen, with breakfast if required, at No. 248 4th-av., opposite Dr. Bellows' Church.

NO. 29 WEST 32D-ST.—A PARLOR and bedroom to let; also, a large extension room on first floor, with board; house first-class in every respect; references exchanged.

A GENTLEMAN WISHES AN UNFURnished room immediately for the Summer; price low and location desirable. Address M. W. M., Station A, Post Office.

FIRST-CLASS BOARD.—A NICELY furnished entire second floor (5 rooms) to let, with excellent board, at reasonable price; best references required and given. Apply at 19 East 17th-st.

FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET WITH board, to gentleman and wife or single gentlemen, at No. 18 West 25th-st.

FIFTH-AV.—BEST LOCATION; FIRST-class board, with apartments singly and en suite; references given and required. Apply at 299 5th-av.

HANDSOMELY FURNISHED PARLOR and bedrooms to let in a private family. Also, an office suitable for a physician. Apply at 255 4th-av.

NO. 324 WEST 14TH-ST., BETWEEN 8th and 9th avs.—Beautiful rooms, with board, first-class, to gentlemen, or gentlemen and wives.

TO LET—FURNISHED, SECOND FLOOR OF private house No. 122 West 31st-st., with privilege of housekeeping. Apply from 10 to 4 P. M.

SEVENTEENTH-ST.—ELEGANT ROOMS, without board, to gentlemen only. Apply at No. 104 East 17th-st., near Union square.

TO LET—NO. 20 FLUSHING-AV.; PARLOR floor and first floor to one or two families; gas and water on each floor; possession immediately.

A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOM for rent; located very near Brevoort House. Address MERCHANT, Box No. 143 *Times* Office.

ROOMS TO LET—FURNISHED OR UNfurnished, with board, at No. 107 East 28th-st., near 4th-av.; references.

NO. 13 EAST 16TH-ST., BETWEEN Union-square and 5th-av.—A furnished parlor and bedroom to rent, without board, to one gentleman.

TO LET—A NEATLY-FURNISHED HALL bedroom. Apply at No. 8 Union-square.

COUNTRY BOARD.

LARGE, WELL-FURNISHED ROOMS, with first-class board, at from $18 to $20 each, in a pleasant and healthy location on the banks of river, with fine view of Sound, near railroad and steamboat. Can be secured by immediate application to DWIGHT BISHOP, Stratford, Conn. Refer to John Alexander, Esq., No. 23 William-st., New-York.

STATEN ISLAND.—FAMILIES OR SINgle gentlemen can be accommodated with handsomely-furnished rooms and board by applying to D. R. HITCHCOCK, No. 100 Broadway, for reference and particulars.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED—BY A family that will require five or six rooms, and conveniences for horses, on the New-York and New-Haven Railroad. Address Box No. 2,879 Post Office with full particulars as to location.

STEAMBOATS.

NARRAGANSET STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

FOR BOSTON, VIA NEWPORT AND FALL RIVER.

CONSOLIDATION OF THE BRISTOL AND FALL RIVER LINES.

THE LARGEST AND MOST MAGNIFICENT STEAMERS IN THE WORLD.

BRISTOL, Captain BRAYTON.	PROVIDENCE, Captain SIMMONS.
MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS.	TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS.

Will leave Pier No. 28, North River, foot of Murray-st., DAILY, at 5 P. M.

A NEW AND CONVENIENT FEATURE OF THIS LINE IS, RUNNING A BOAT ON SUNDAY AT SAME HOUR.

By this route passengers can take train from Newport at 4 A. M., and arrive in Boston at 6 A. M., in time to connect with all northern and eastern trains; or rest undisturbed, breakfast on board and take 7-45 A. M. train and arrive in Boston at early business hours. JAMES FISK, Jr., Managing Director.

M. R. SIMONS,
CHAS. H. VAILE, General Superintendent.
General Passenger Agent, Pier 28 North River.

STONINGTON LINE.

TO BOSTON AND PROVIDENCE.

GREAT INSIDE ROUTE—SHORTEST AND MOST DIRECT.

Fare always as low as by any other line.

The new and elegant Side-wheel steamers
STONINGTON and NARRAGANSETT.
Capt. WM. M. JONES. Capt. GEO. B. HULL.

From Pier No. 33, foot of Jay-st., North River, at 5 P. M.,
Arriving ahead of all other lines.

Tickets sold and state-rooms secured at the principal hotels, at No. 2 Astor House, and at Dodd's Express office, No. 944 Broadway. D. S. BABCOCK,
President Stonington Steamboat Company.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.

THE LARGEST AND MOST MAGNIFICENT RIVER STEAMERS IN THE WORLD, THE ST. JOHN, DREW AND DEAN RICHMOND.

One of the above steamers will leave Pier No. 41 North River EVERY AFTERNOON (Sunday's excepted) at 6 o'clock, arriving at Albany in time to connect with railroad trains West and North. Returning, leave the Albany Steamboat Landing at 7 o'clock P. M., or on the arrival of connecting trains from the West and North. Through tickets can be obtained at the office on the wharf, and baggage checked to its destination. Freight received until the hour of departure.

TROY LINE FOR ALBANY AND TROY.—Low fare and cheap traveling on the fastest evening steamers connecting the West and North with New-York; only $1 50, being $1 75 less than rail, and 75 cents cheaper than any other line. The VANDERBILT or CONNECTICUT will leave Pier No. 44 North River, foot of Spring-st., EVERY EVENING, Saturdays excepted, at 6 o'clock, connecting with New-York Central and Albany and Susquehanna Railroad for the West, and Rensselaer and Saratoga Railroad for the North. Returning, leave Troy at 6 and Albany at 8 o'clock P. M., or on the arrival of the evening train. Through tickets sold, and baggage checked to all points. Sundays, fare $2.

THE STEAMER SEA BIRD WILL leave New-York, foot of Warren-st., for Shrewsbury and Long Branch,

AS FOLLOWS:

LEAVE NEW-YORK.	LEAVE RED BANK.
Saturday, May 1, 11 A. M.	Monday, May 3, 10 A. M.
Tuesday, May 4, 10 A. M.	Tuesday, May 4, 2 P. M.
Wed'sday, May 5, 11 A. M.	Wed'sday, May 5, 3 P. M.
Thursday, May 6, 3 P. M.	Friday, May 7, 1:30 P. M.
Saturday, May 8, 3:30 P. M.	Monday, May 10, 7 A. M.

FOR EXCURSION AND PICNIC PARTIES—The large first-class steamboat SLEEPY HOLLOW, unsurpassed for speed and comfort. Also, Dudley's Grove, Myers' Grove, Alderney Park and Raritan Beach Grove, barges WALTER SANDS, WILLIAM MYERS, WILLIAM J. HASKETT and MERCHANT, with steamboats of all kinds. For choice of days apply early at the office of J. & E. MYERS, on board of barge IRENE, foot of Morton-st

---

NEW-YORK, April 28, 1869.

STEAMER ARMENIA WILL COMmence running in place of steamer MARY POWELL, SATURDAY, May 1, 1869, for Cozzens', West Point, Cornwall, Newburg, Milton, Poughkeepsie and Rondout, leaving pier foot of Desbrosses-st. every afternoon at 3:30. The POWELL will occupy the route as soon as refitted.

FOR GLEN COVE AND ROSLYN—LANDing at White Stone, Baylis' Dock, (Ft. Schnyler,) Gt. Neck, Sands' Pt., Mott's Dock and Glenwood.—Str. Seawanhaka leaves Peck-slip every afternoon (Sundays excepted) at 4. Commutation tickets $30 for 3 months. Packages of tickets and transient fares greatly reduc'd. A morning boat from N. Y. will be put on early in June.

STEAMER D. R. MARTIN, FOR Huntington, Cold Spring, Oyster Bay and Bayville, daily at 4:15 P. M. from Pier No. 14 East River, first below Wall-st., touching at 37th-st. at 4:30. Fare to 37th-st. 10c., to all other landings 50c. Barney & Searing's Huntington and Oyster Bay Express on board.

FOR CHARTER FOR EXCURSIONS.—The fine side-wheel steamboat STAMFORD is in good order and ready for business. Apply at the office of the Bridgeport Steamboat Company, Pier No. 35 East River.

D. D. & T. SMITH'S STEAMBOAT Line for Yonkers, Tarrytown, Nyack, Haverstraw, Peekskill and intermediate landings, daily, at 3:30, 4 and 4:30 P. M., from Harrison-st., Pier No. 34 North River. Office on Pier. E. LANE, Agent.

CHANGE OF PIER.—FOR RONDOUT, Newburg and intermediate landings. The steamboats THOMAS CORNELL and J. W. BALDWIN will leave from foot of Vestry-st. until the completion of repairs, to Harrison-st. Pier.

FOR BRIDGEPORT, AND POINTS on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroads, &c.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Catharine-slip at 12 noon and 3:30 P. M.; leave 34th-st., East River, at 3:40 P. M.

FOR NORWALK AND DANBURY.—The steamer NELLY WHITE leaves daily foot of Market-st., at 2:45, and 34th-st. at 3 P. M.

FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD, &C.—Fare $1. Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with railroad.

YONKERS FERRY WILL LEAVE from Franklin-st., Pier No. 35, on MAY 1, at 11 A. M. and 5 P. M.

FOR SALE OR CHARTER—THE PROpeller LEADER. For terms apply to C. H. LONGSHEIL, Superintendent, Pier 130th-st., Harlem River.

AMUSEMENTS.

WALLACK'S.

Proprietor and Manager..........Mr. Lester Wallack
Doors open at 7½. To commence at 8 o'clock.

EVERY EVENING,
AND
SATURDAY MATINEE,
the exquisitely beautiful comedy of

CASTE,

by T. W. Robertson, Esq., author of "School," "Ours," "Society," &c. The play will be presented with NEW AND APPROPRIATE SCENERY, COSTUMES, APPOINTMENTS, AND THE FOLLOWING DISTRIBUTION OF CHARACTERS:

THE HON. GEORGE D'ALROY...MR. C. FISHER
ECCLES.........................MR. J. H. STODDART
SAM GERRIDGE..................MR. A. W. YOUNG
CAPTAIN HAWTREE.........MR. O. MARLOWE
DIXON..................................MR. PORTER
ESTHER ECCLES.........MISS ROSE EYTINGE
POLLY ECCLES..........MISS EFFIE GERMON
THE MARQUISE DE ST. MAUR,
MISS E. MESTAYER

ACT I:
COURTSHIP,
THE LITTLE HOUSE IN STAUGATE.
ACT II:
MARRIAGE,
THE LODGINGS IN MAYFAIR.
ACT III:
WIDOWHOOD,
THE LITTLE HOUSE IN STAUGATE.

WALLACK'S.

MATINEE FIRST MATINEE
of
CASTE,
SATURDAY, MAY 8.
Doors open at 1½; commence at 2.
SECURE YOUR SEATS.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

ROBINSON CRUSOE
POSITIVELY THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 6.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE—BEGINS AT 8.
(Late Pike's, Corner 23d-st. and 8th-av.)
Jas. Fisk, Jr...Proprietor | C. W. Tayleure...Manager
GENERAL ADMISSION FIFTY CENTS.

SHAKESPEARE'S Last nights of Last nights of Last nights of MASTERPIECE

THE EXQUISITE FAIRY ROMANCE, THE
TEMPEST. TEMPEST. TEMPEST. E. L. DAVENPORT AS PROSPERO. TEMPEST. TEMPEST. TEMPEST.

This magnificent production, which will henceforth be memorable in dramatic annals as one of the most chaste and brilliant pageants ever given to the stage, must be withdrawn at the close of its sixth week, to give place to Sardou's great dramatic triumph, Patrie.

Mr. FRANK MAYO..........as.......FERDINAND

THE THRILLING SHIP SCENE AT 8,

In which the awful terrors of a storm at sea and the foundering of a ship are depicted with wonderful power and fidelity.

THE GREAT MORLACCHI BALLET TROUPE.
LAST TEMPEST MATINEE—Saturday, May 8.
LAST NIGHT OF TEMPEST—Saturday, May 8.

In rehearsal, Sardou's grand heroic and historic play,
PATRIE.

Box sheet for Patrie opens Friday, May 7.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

ROBINSON CRUSOE.
POSITIVELY THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 6.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

SPRING SEASON.
PRELIMINARY ANNOUNCEMENT.
Grand combination of
OPERA AND BALLET.
In active preparation,
W. V. Wallace's Romantic Opera,
LURLINE, LURLINE, LURLINE,
which will be produced for the
FIRST TIME IN AMERICA,
in the course of next week, by a complete and highly talented
OPERA COMPANY,
STAR BALLET TROUPE,
and with entirely new
MISE EN SCENE,
at a cost of over
THIRTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.
FULL PARTICULARS IN NEXT
SATURDAY AND SUNDAY PAPERS.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

ROBINSON CRUSOE.
POSITIVELY THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 6

GRAND BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

IRVING HALL,
WEDNESDAY, MAY 5.
AFTERNOON, AT 2 O'CLOCK,
PETER SNYDER vs. EDWARD DANIELS.
EVENING, AT 8 O'CLOCK,
MELVIN FOSTER vs. S. P. RUDOLPHE.

Admission.....................................50 cents
Season tickets..$5

SEATS RESERVED FOR LADIES.

STEINWAY HALL.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, MAY 5,
BENEFIT FOR THE FUND
FOR FURNISHING
THE GERMAN HOSPITAL,
When the eminent Humorist,
MR. DE CORDOVA,
has kindly volunteered to deliver his popular lecture,
"MRS. SMITH'S SURPRISE PARTY."
TICKETS OF ADMISSION ONE DOLLAR.

No extra charge for reserved seats. Can be obtained at all the principal music stores, at the Theatre Ticket Office, No. 114 Broadway, and at the ticket office of the hall, or of the members of the Hospital Committee.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

ROBINSON CRUSOE.
POSITIVELY THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 6.

A CHILDREN'S FAIR FOR "THE SHELTERING ARMS" will be held on the 5th, 6th and 7th of May, from 2½ to 9 P. M., at the house of Mrs. Steers, No. 56 West 11th-st. Donations of articles for the Fair will be thankfully received by Mrs. Steers. Gifts of flowers and fruit are especially requested.

MEETINGS.

THIRD ARMY CORPS UNION.

The members of this Union are invited to attend the regular anniversary meeting at DELMONICO'S, corner of 14th-st. and 5th-av., on WEDNESDAY, 5th of May, at 3 P. M.

Officers of the Third Corps, not members, desirous of joining, will address

Major ED. L. WELLING, M. D., Secretary,
Pennington, N. J.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The firm of C. G. GUNTHER & SONS is this day dissolved by its copartnership agreement.

C. GODFREY GUNTHER,
JOHN C. GUNTHER,
WM. HENRY GUNTHER,
F. FREDERIC GUNTHER,

NEW-YORK, May 1, 1869. Surviving Partners.

NOTICE OF NEW PARTNERSHIP.

Mr. C. GODFREY GUNTHER and Mr. JOHN C. GUNTHER retire this day from the firm of C. G. GUNTHER & SONS.

The business will be continued as heretofore, under the firm style of C. G. GUNTHER'S SONS, by WM. HENRY GUNTHER and F. FREDERIC GUNTHER, who have associated with them as partner their nephew, LOUIS F. GEORGER.

C. G. GUNTHER'S SONS, { WM. HENRY GUNTHER, F. FREDERIC GUNTHER, LOUIS F. GEORGER.

NEW-YORK, May 1, 1869.

OFFICE OF FOWLER, OSGOOD & CO.,
NO. 35 BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK, May 1, 1869.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the firm name of FOWLER, OSGOOD & CO. expires this day by limitation. Either partner will sign in liquidation.

MORTIMER L. FOWLER,
GEORGE A. OSGOOD,
WM. H. OSGOOD,
GEO. W. WILSON.

OFFICE OF OSGOOD BROTHERS,
NO. 35 BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK, May 1, 1869.

The undersigned have this day formed a copartnership under the firm name of OSGOOD BROS., for the purpose of carrying on a brokerage business in the purchase and sale of stocks, bonds, Government and other securities. GEORGE A. OSGOOD,
WM. H. OSGOOD.

NEW-YORK, April 30, 1869.

THE PARTNERSHIP BETWEEN the undersigned, trading as MORGAN & KEENE, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

THEODORE M. MORGAN,
SAMUEL S. KEENE.

NEW-YORK, May 1, 1869,
WALL-ST., (third door from Broadway.)

THE UNDERSIGNED have this day formed a copartnership under the name and style of MORGAN, KEENE & CO., the transaction of a general banking business and the purchase and sale on commission of Government securities, stocks and gold.

THEODORE M. MORGAN,
SAMUEL S. KEENE,
ALEX. W. HARVEY.

NO. 9 BROAD-ST., NEW-YORK, May 1, 1869.

WE HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED ourselves under the firm name of JAMES STRUTHERS & CO., for the transaction of a commission business in stocks, bonds and gold.

JAMES STRUTHERS,
Member New-York Stock Exchange.
E. W. VANDERHOOF.

THE FIRM OF M. BUCKMAN & CO. is this day dissolved by its agreement.

M. BUCKMAN,
NEW-YORK, May 1, 1869. M. V. BANTA.

The undersigned will continue the coal business, as heretofore carried on by the above, at No. 41 Washington-st.; corner Morris-st. M. V. BANTA.

WE HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A copartnership, under the firm of WILLIAM ALEXANDER SMITH & CO., for the transaction of a general banking and brokerage business at No. 40 Wall-st. WM. ALEXANDER SMITH,
WILLIAM F. MEREDITH.

NEW-YORK, May 1, 1869.

HARDWARE.

THE PROVIDENCE TOOL CO.,

No. 205 Broadway, New-York, offer at first hands their heavy hardware and ship chandlery; also,

PEABODY BREECH-LOADING FIRE-ARMS

for infantry, cavalry and sportsmen. They are unequaled for strength, rapidity and accuracy of fire and elegant appearance. Descriptive pamphlets and price lists furnished by H. B. NEWHALL, Agent.

MACHINERY.

SECOND-HAND COTTON MACHINERY FOR SALE.—Cards, drawing frames, coarse and fine speeders, dead spindle throstles, warpers, dressers, &c. For description and prices of these machines, address C. F. BATTLES,
Agent Tremont Mills, Lowell, Mass.

LOCOMOTIVES FOR SALE CHEAP.—One second-hand locomotive, in good order, now here and ready to ship; outside cylinders 14x20; link motion; four drivers, five feet in diameter. JOHN STUART, No. 195 Broadway.

AMUSEMENTS.

SERIES OF

Grand Concerts

FOR 1869 BY
DODWORTH'S
BRASS, STRING AND REED
BANDS

Will be given EVERY EVENING on board the world-renowned steamers

BRISTOL and PROVIDENCE,

leaving Pier No. 28 North River, foot of Murray-st., DAILY AT 5 P. M., SUNDAYS INCLUDED.

FOR BOSTON,

VIA NEWPORT AND FALL RIVER.

The Brass Band will play a selection of the most popular music for one hour before leaving the dock, and on their passage from the stream to the Sound.

IN THE EVENING,
A
PROMENADE CONCERT
by the
REED AND STRING BANDS,
with the following
PROGRAMME:
STEAMER BRISTOL,
WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 1869.

1. GRAND MARCH, "OURS"........L. WALLACK
2. LES LANCIERS, "ROSEDALE".....STRAUSS
3. VALSE, "LA PERICHOLE"......OFFENBACH
4. GALOP, "BRISTOL"...............DODWORTH
5. FANTASIE, "SWEET SPIRITS, HEAR MY PRAYER."
CORNET OBLIGATO.
6. POLKA, "GENEVIEVE DE BRABANT"......................OFFENBACH
7. QUADRILLE, "AFTER DARK"....WIEGAND
8. GRAND FINALE, (NATIONAL AIRS.)

The management being determined that nothing in the mode of transit of first-class passengers shall surpass THIS LINE, on a scale of grandeur and magnificence, adds this most expensive attraction and novelty, the engagement of the FIRST ORCHESTRA of the country—the Dodworths—which will be attached to each steamer on its passage.

JAMES FISK, Jr.,
Managing Director.

CHAS. H. VAILE, General Passenger Agent.
M. R. SIMONS, General Superintendent.

THE TAMMANY.

IMMENSE SUCCESS
of the great Burlesque Pantomime of
ROBINSON CRUSOE AND HIS MAN FRIDAY.
THE DENSE MASSES
that nightly throng
THE GRAND THEATRE
are unanimous in their verdict, and universally acknowledge
ROBINSON CRUSOE
to be
THE HIT OF THE SEASON.
The world-renowned Gymnasts,
THE RIZARELLI BROTHERS,
in their new and startling act on the OCTANGULARUM, are received nightly with a perfect
FUROR OF APPLAUSE.
DARING AND PERILOUS DOUBLE TRAPEZE ACT, by Mlle. ZULEILA and Mons. VENTINI.
Admission 50 cents; reserved seats 25 and 50 cents extra.

NEW-YORK CIRCUS.

LAST WEEK
LAST WEEK
LAST WEEK
OF
RISLEY'S ORIGINAL
JAPANESE,
JAPANESE,
JAPANESE,
with
LITTLE ALL RIGHT
and the whole of the
GREAT YEDDO TROUPE.
GREAT YEDDO TROUPE.
MATINEE
WEDNESDAY.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

ROBINSON CRUSOE.
POSITIVELY THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 6.

GRAND COMPLIMENTARY CONCERT

TO
MME. VARIAN HOFFMAN,
At APOLLO HALL, 28th-st., near Broadway,
WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 5, 1869,
on which occasion she will be assisted by the following eminent talent:

Mrs. C. FARNHAM.................................Soprano
Herr THEODORE HABELMANN..............Tenor
Mr. GUSTAVUS F. HALL....................Baritone
Mr. S. B. MILLS...................................Pianist
Mr. JOSEPH COMELLAS.........................Pianist
Mr. ALFRED HOFFMAN......................Violinist
Mr. S. P. WARREN..............................Organist

Under the direction of
SIG. ANTONIO BARILI.
To commence at 8 o'clock precisely.

Tickets, $1. Reserved seats, $1 50. For sale at Beer & Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at the door.

FINE ARTS.

ENGRAVINGS, CHROMOS, &c.,
Are offered below cost prices for a few days longer,
At GOUPIL'S Old Store,
Corner Broadway and 9th-st.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

ROBINSON CRUSOE.
POSITIVELY THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 6.

THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE FIVE Points House of Industry will take place on THURSDAY EVENING, May 6, at Steinway Hall, at 8 o'clock.

Rev. HENRY WARD BEECHER and Rev. J. HYATT SMITH will speak.

The children of the Institution will be present and participate in the exercises.

A collection will be taken.

S. B. HALLIDAY, Superintendent.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—On WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 5, the BROOKLYN CHORAL UNION will give their fifth grand concert. Soloists—Mme. PAREPA-ROSA, soprano; GIOVANNI BOYE, tenor; F. L. DALLON, baritone; H. MOLLENHAUER, violoncello; M. HARVEY, trombone; G. W. COLBY, accompanist; H. B. DODWORTH, conductor, with the full chorus and grand orchestra of the Society. Tickets $1. Reserved seats 50 cents extra.

GRAND FAIR AT APPOLLO HALL, corner Broadway and 28th-st., for the relief of the sick and wounded of the patriot army of Cuba, commencing on TUESDAY, 27th inst., at 7 P. M., under the auspices of the Junta Patriotica de Cubanas in New-York. Open from 12 M. until 10 P. M. Admission, 25c.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

ROBINSON CRUSOE.
POSITIVELY THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 6.

NATIONAL ACADEMY OF DESIGN,

Corner 23d-st. and 4th-av.,
NOW OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
THE 44TH ANNUAL EXHIBITION.

MUSICAL.

RAVEN & BACON,

(ESTABLISHED 1829,)
Manufacturers of Grand and Square Pianos,
Warerooms No. 646 Broadway, New-York.
We are offering our instruments at greatly-reduced prices.

A CHICKERING PIANO, $100.

Several first-class pianos returned from hire; bargains. STEEDMAN & HOLLYER,
Factory and warerooms, 55 West 16th-st., near 6th-av

A GREAT OFFER.—HORACE WATERS, No. 481 Broadway, will dispose of twenty-five new and fifteen second-hand pianos, melodeons and organs of fine first-class makers, and take from $5 to $15 monthly until paid. This offer will be continued for a few days, owing to the large number of instruments returned the 1st of May. Also, fifty new and second-hand instruments for rent, and rent allowed if purchased, or for sale at bargains for cash.

THE MASON AND HAMLIN ORGAN COMPANY, winners of the Paris Exposition Medal, whose Cabinet Organs are the ACKNOWLEDGED STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE, have recently reduced prices, and now offer their well-known organs at prices of inferior instruments—$50 to $1,000 each. Organs to rent. Warerooms No. 596 Broadway, New-York.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF FINEST pianos manufactured, 5 yrs. guarantee; installments taken; second-hand pianos for sale and taken in exchange; pianos to let, the amount applied if purchased. J. C. BARNES, 137 8th-st., near Broadway.

A LADY MOVING, WILL SELL A magnificent rosewood 7¼ octave piano-forte, cost $700, for less than $275; four round corners, carved case and legs; modern improvements, celebrated makers. Apply at No. 28 3d-st.

PIANOS.—WE ARE NOW OFFERING THE balance of our stock of Pianos at cost, in consequence of closing up our business.

A. H. GALE & CO., No. 207 East 12th-st.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD PIANO, CHEAP, call at L. P. CUMMINGS' wareroom, 8 Union-sq. Sold on installments or rented, any way to suit customers. Only look at them before you decide elsewhere.

PIANOS.—SECOND-HAND PIANOS OF VArious makers for sale at low prices by CHICKERING & SONS, No. 11 East 14th-st.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF BAY CARRIAGE horses, 16 hands, sound and gentle in every respect; would make a desirable team for an invalid or timid person; will be sold cheap if called for within three days. Brown & Davis' stable, No. 128 West 32d-st. Ask for PURDY.

BAY HORSE, 8 YEARS OLD, 16 hands high, sound and kind in all harness; an excellent family horse, having been used as such by present owner; will be sold low for want of use. Can be seen at private stable No. 33 East 12th-st.

FOR SALE—A BEAUTIFUL PAIR OF mares at a bargain; kind and gentle in single or double harness, or under the saddle; 6 and 7 years old; fine travelers, and sound. Apply to A. R. MATHER, Madison-square Hotel, corner 21st-st. and Broadway.

FOR SALE—AN ELEGANT CLARENCE, made by Wood Brothers, in good order. Can be seen at stable No. 9 Sniffen's-court, East 36th-st., between Lexington and 3d avs.

A SMALL TEAM BAY HORSES, good match, young, sound and kind; single or double harness; sold for want of use. Inquire at No. 545 6th-av.

FOR SALE—A BLACK PONY 8 YEARS OLD; also, a cart and harness. Apply at Erie Basin Iron Works, for S. B.

AMUSEMENTS.

LES DRAGONS DE VILLARS,

OR,
THE HERMIT'S BELL.
FIRST PERFORMANCE, MONDAY, MAY 10.
IRMA, AUJAC, AND ALL THE ARTISTS OF THE COMPANY.

5TH-AV. THEATRE—24TH-ST.

J. FISK, Jr.......................................Proprietor
THE FRENCH OPERA.
THIS (WEDNESDAY) EVENING, May 5,
BARBE-BLEUE.
THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY Evenings,
THE GREAT HIT OF THE SEASON,
IRMA and TOSTEE in the same piece,
LE MARIAGE AUX LANTERNES,
Operette Bouffe, by J. Offenbach,
received with the most unbounded delight on Saturday last.
Every piece in the Opera demanded twice.
The Opera pronounced the greatest success on record.
To conclude each evening with the charming Operette of MONS. CHOUFLEURY,
during which Mlle. TOSTEE will play a Concerto on the piano, accompanied by the orchestra.

SATURDAY MATINEE AT 2.
LAST PERFORMANCE THIS SEASON OF
LA PERICHOLE.
In active preparation and will positively be produced
MONDAY EVENING, MAY 10,

LES DRAGONS DE VILLARS,

(THE HERMIT'S BELL,)
Grand Opera Comique, in three acts, by A. Maillard,
MLLE. IRMA, M. AUJAC.
MLLE. DUCLOS, M. THOLER,
M. LAGRIFFOUL, &c., &c.
IN THE PRINCIPAL ROLES.

The director desires to call special attention to the performance of the above opera, confident that the mise-en-scene will be the most complete ever witnessed in opera in this country.

The opera will be produced with
ENTIRELY NEW SCENERY BY R. SMITH,
(Every scene painted by this celebrated artist in person.)
CORRECT AND RICH COSTUMES,
(Made expressly for the opera by Mons. Marat, Paris.)
THE BEST DRILLED CHORUS IN AMERICA
and
INCREASED ORCHESTRA.

Seats for any night reserved six days in advance at the box office of the theatre, 24th-st. and 5th-av., and Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

ROBINSON CRUSOE.
POSITIVELY THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 6.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC—MISS KELLOGG.

FIRST AND POSITIVELY ONLY MATINEE OF
G. Rossini's immortal work, his
MESSE SOLENNELLE.
ON SATURDAY, MAY 8, AT 1 P. M.,
WITH MISS CLARA LOUISE KELLOGG,
MME. FANNY NATALIE TESTA,
SIGS. BOETTI, ANTONUCCI, &c., &c.
Powerful chorus and complete orchestra.
Musical Director..............Mr. MAX MARETZEK

Admission $1; reserved seats 50 cents and $1 extra.

Tickets and seats can be had this morning at the Academy, Schirmer's, No. 701, and Macoy's, No. 114 Broadway.

N. B.—Seats purchased for Sunday Evening (May 2) last can be exchanged for Matinee seats at the Academy (only.)

SUNDAY, MAY 9, ROSSINI'S MESSE SOLENNELLE, at St. Stephen's Church, on 28th-st.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY—KELLOGG.

First performance in Brooklyn of Rossini's
MESSE SOLENNELLE,
ON THURSDAY, May 6, 1869.
Seats at the Academy, Brooklyn, and No. 114 Broadway, New-York.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

ROBINSON CRUSOE.
POSITIVELY THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 6.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.

23d-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

MR. EDWIN BOOTH
AS
IAGO,
in Shakespeare's Grand Tragedy of
OTHELLO.

IAGO MATINEE ON SATURDAY, at 1½ o'clock.

SATURDAY EVENING,
Mr. EDWIN ADAMS,
Mr. MARK SMITH and Miss FANNY MORANT,
in WILD OATS.

Doors open at 7½; to commence at 8 o'clock.

Seats secured six days in advance at the box office of the theatre, or at its branch ticket office, at the music store of C. H. Ditson & Co., No. 711 Broadway.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.

TWO PERFORMANCES THIS DAY.
THIS AFTERNOON AT 1½. THIS EVN'G AT 8.
LAST NIGHTS. FAREWELL PERFORMANCES.
LAST NIGHTS. FAREWELL PERFORMANCES.
LAST NIGHTS. FAREWELL PERFORMANCES.
HUMPTY DUMPTY,
HUMPTY DUMPTY,
HUMPTY DUMPTY.
THE UNRIVALED GEO. L. FOX,
THE UNRIVALED GEO. L. FOX,
THE UNRIVALED GEO. L. FOX.
THE GREAT PANTOMIMIST.
THE GREAT PANTOMIMIST.
Mlle. SANGALI AND Sig. COSTA'S BALLETS.
LAST NIGHTS. LAST NIGHTS.
MATINEES 1½, WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY.
SATURDAY, MAY 8,
Mlle. SANGALI'S FIRST BENEFIT,
When she will sing "Home, Sweet Home," &c., &c.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

ROBINSON CRUSOE.
POSITIVELY THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 6.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.

Lessees and Managers........JARRETT & PALMER
FIFTH WEEK OF THE NEW ATTRACTIONS.
THE FORTY THIEVES RECONSTRUCTED,
in which the celebrated
LYDIA THOMPSON BURLESQUE TROUPE
will appear.
THE SCENERY, DRESSES, SONGS, DANCES, MARCHES, CAN-CAN, RHYMES, BREAKDOWNS, MUSIC, TABLEAUX, WITTICISMS, RANTOONE VELOCIPEDE, BALLOON ASCENSION, LIGHTNING TRAIN, &c.,
NEW, NEW, NEW, NEW,
MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.
SEATS SECURED SIX DAYS IN ADVANCE.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

ROBINSON CRUSOE.
POSITIVELY THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 6.

WAVERLEY THEATRE—720 BROADway, opposite New-York Hotel.—POSITIVELY LAST WEEK of the ELISE HOLT BURLESQUE TROUPE. DURING THE WEEK, AND SATURDAY MATINEE, the burlesque (with alterations and interpolations by David Rattray, Esq.,) entitled

PARIS; PARIS; PARIS:
Or, THE JUDGMENT.

ELISE HOLT................as................PARIS
JAMES LEWIS..............as..............ŒNONE
HARRY WALL...............as................ORION
VIOLA CROCKER...........as...............VENUS

Misses Jackson, E. Pitt, M. Pitt, Fanny Prestige,
Messrs. Ryan, Parsloe, Middleton, &c.

Between the pieces, the RIGL SISTERS, BETTY AND EMILY, preceded by POOR PILLICODY.

SATURDAY—First appearance of the great LONDON BURLESQUE COMBINATION, Miss Jennie Willmore, Miss Lizzie Willmore, and the great London comedian,

MR. FELIX ROGERS.

THEATRE COMIQUE,

OPPOSITE ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.
EVERYTHING NEW.
GRAND RECONSTRUCTION OF PLUTO.
RETURN OF ALICE DUNNING.
THE GREAT LINGARD IN HIS SPECIALTIES.
MATINEE EVERY SATURDAY AFTERNOON AT 2 O'CLOCK.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

ROBINSON CRUSOE.
POSITIVELY THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 6.

BOWERY THEATRE.

New dramatic season. Two new dramas.

Spectacle of the SPIRIT OF THE FOUNTAIN, with the grand transformation scene of the Seven Dwarfs.

Local drama of the SOAP FAT MAN, OR, NEW-YORK, 1869.

SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.

No. 585 Broadway.

BIRCH, WAMBOLD, BERNARD & BACKUS' SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS. Great success of THE COURT OF JUSTICE. Immense hit of the MAGIC PHANTOM CABINET.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.

ROBINSON CRUSOE.
POSITIVELY THURSDAY EVENING, MAY 6.

LECTURES

LECTURE.—"RITUALISM; OR, HOW I BEcame a Catholic," by ROGERS, of Memphis, at Cooper Institute, WEDNESDAY EVENING, May 5. Tickets 50 cents; at all Catholic Churches.

MEDICAL.

DR. R. COBBETT, MEMBER OF the N. Y. University Medical College, and R. C. Surgeons, London, can be consulted privately on certain diseases. A practice of 34 years, 30 of which have been a specialty, enables him to make speedy and permanent cures or no charge. Office, No. 20 Centre-st., near Chambers. A private entrance at No. 6 City Hall-place.

IRRITABLE BLADDER CAUSED by piles; stricture—its instant curability; frequent identity of symptoms of the two diseases; a lecture to his surgical class, by EDWARD H. DIXON, M. D., editor of the *Scalpel*. See No. 46. Inclose 50 cents to Box No. 3,121. Office hours from 8 to 9, 1 to 3, and 7 to 9 evenings, at No. 42 5th-av.

NERVOUS DEBILITY, PREMATURE physical and mental decay, and all diseases arising from early and self-abuse speedily and effectually cured by DR. HUNTER'S BOTANIC CORDIAL. Read my little book, 33 pages; sent free. No. 3 Division-st. since 1834.

DR. HUNTER CAN CURE WORST cases of venereal diseases, without mercury, in shorter time than any other physician, or no pay taken. No. 3 Division-st. Book of sixty pages and advice free.

CONSULTATIONS FREE IN ALL CASES of chronic diseases. Invalids may call or communicate by mail, Dr. E. B. FOOTE, author of "Medical Common Sense," No. 120 Lexington-av., corner East 28th-st. Office hours from 10 A. M. till 4 P. M.

ALL PRIVATE AND SPECIAL COMplaints, from whatever cause produced, successfully and speedily cured without mercury, by H. D. GRINDLE, M. D., No. 120 West 26th-st.

ALL PRIVATE DISEASES CURED, immediately, without mercury.—Consultations, correspondence, and office very private. Dr. HARRISON, No. 177 Bleecker-st.

DR. DEWEES HAS REMOVED HIS residence to No. 115 West 34th-st., third door below Broadway.

AFFLICTED PERSONS OF BOTH SEXES desiring confidential treatment and a certain cure, consult Dr. Evans, 116 Chatham-st. Consultation free.

$1,000 FOR ANY PRIVATE DISEASE Dr. EVANS' remedies fail of curing. His Elixir restores lost manhood. No. 116 Chatham-st.

UNFORTUNATES OF EITHER SEX guaranteed a sure cure, whatever the matter is by Dr. EVANS, No. 116 Chatham-st., New-York.

PARAGUAY.

American Affairs in Paraguay—Letters from the United States Ministers Washburn and Webb.

THE NORLANDS, LIVERMORE, Me.

To the Editor of the New-York Times:

By the last mail from Rio Janeiro I received the following letter from J. WATSON WEBB, United States Minister to Brazil, which he has authorized me to make use of in any way that I may think proper to bring the facts contained in it before the public. I therefore send it to you for publication:

RIO DE JANEIRO, March 25, 1869.

My Dear Washburn:

The Admiral and McMAHON have built up a prejudice here against the United States, which it is very difficult even for me to stem. Of one thing, however, even the most prejudiced Brazilians are convinced, viz: that their hostility to you was without cause. Then, again, they admit that I have always been friendly, and that I was right as against the Admiral. But they also say, and facts appear to warrant their belief, that both the Admiral and McMAHON have been acting in concert, and under secret orders from our Government; or why did McMAHON go beyond Buenos Ayres after the outrage upon our Legation? And why did he and the Admiral consent to receive as prisoners the very men whom LOPEZ had forcibly seized when under the protection of our Legation? Their surrender was indignantly demanded, and should have been made and exacted *unconditionally*. LOPEZ positively refused the demand, but offered to give them up if we will waive the insult to our national honor, receive them as offenders against him, and send them home for trial! And our Admiral and Minister assent to this infamous and insulting request, waive their demand for reparation, and consent to become the jailers of LOPEZ for the purpose of punishing men he had forcibly, and in violation of all international law, stolen from under the Stars and Stripes, and wrested from the custody of our Legation. That was an act of war, and even if BLISS and MASTERMAN had been conspirators and murderers, it was the duty of our Admiral and Minister to have first regained possession of them under their imperative demand, and then, LOPEZ having made all the reparation in his power, they might, if they pleased, have agreed to present his complaint to our Government; but not as a justification for his violation of the rights of our Legation. That could not be justified, no matter what the offence.

Of course the diplomatic corps here and at the river hold but one language on this subject. The Stars and Stripes have been disgraced by our Admiral and Minister. This is conceded by all. Neither foreigner nor American pretends to deny it; and our countrymen mourn in sackcloth and ashes the humiliation which has overtaken our hitherto unstained flag. Never was disgrace so palpable, so utterly unjustifiable, or so entirely uncalled for by events. There existed not the shadow of a shade of necessity for our waiving one iota of our demand. To do so, and to become LOPEZ' jailers instead of his scourgers—to humbly, by our acts, apologize for our having attempted to resist his outrage, and to receive as prisoners the very men whose restoration we demanded in consequence of their having been forcibly wrested from the protection of our Legation and our flag—may well excite the astonishment of every intelligent man in Brazil and the indignation of every Brazilian. They, one and all, are of opinion that in this proceeding DAVIS and McMAHON acted under secret instructions from our Government; and the educated and intelligent members of the European Legations at this Court give countenance to this supposition, because it is quite impossible for them to account for the conduct of our officers on any other supposition. Then, again, McMAHON is known to have declared while here that he had private messages to deliver from President JOHNSON and Mr. SEWARD to President LOPEZ; and this, taken in connection with our Admiral's very extraordinary conduct, and McMAHON'S joining LOPEZ on the 13th November, and not having been heard from since then, is well calculated to create the ferment which I find existing in the public mind.

But this is not all. Admiral DAVIS, at an expense of $10,000 to our Government, brought BLISS and MASTERMAN as prisoners from the River Plate to this city; and even here, in the harbor of Rio, they were only permitted to move about under the charge and care of sentinels, until the British Minister caused the Admiral to be informed, and in person also informed this Legation, that he should call the attention of the British Government to the fact, that MASTERMAN, a British subject, was held a prisoner on board the American flagship *Guerriere*, to be sent to the United States and tried for an offence against the tyrant of Paraguay; the said MASTERMAN having been forcibly taken from under the protection of the American Legation in Asuncion, and returned to Admiral DAVIS on condition he would receive him as a prisoner, to be tried for conspiracy against the tyrant who so ruthlessly violated our Legation rights and the sanctity which attaches to them.

England spent $30,000,000 to rescue her subjects from King THEODORE, who had been guilty of a less offensive act than that perpetrated by LOPEZ; and what would NAPIER have said, if, when he demanded the surrender of the prisoners thus taken from the British Legation, THEODORE had told him, "I will not surrender them to your demand; but I will send them to you if you will receive them as prisoners and take them to England for trial as conspirators against my life!" This is what LOPEZ demanded of Admiral DAVIS, and the blood of every American mounts involuntarily to his face when he is told that to this demand that specimen of weak humanity yielded with the full approbation of flag Fleet Captain RAMSEY, Commander KIRKLAND and Minister McMAHON! The subject is too disgusting to dwell upon; but I am compelled to concede that the Brazilians are justifiable in believing that American officials could never have thus disgraced our country and brought into contempt its fair fame and its flag, if they did not find a justification for their conduct in their private instructions from our Government.

As a matter of fact, I know that there exists no such justification for their having brought dishonor on our country; and I do not hesitate to proclaim, that their conduct will be promptly disapproved both by our Government and our people, and the offenders, be recalled and punished. If not, honorable men may well blush for the country they serve.

You know that BLISS and MASTERMAN are highly educated and intelligent gentlemen; and as BLISS came to this country with me as my Private Secretary and tutor to my boys, I can bear witness to the fact that he is a person of as much acquisition as any one of his age. I have ever known. And yet, it is a fact which admits of no question whatever, that to please the tyrant LOPEZ, these gentlemen were for weeks kept by Admiral CHARLES H. DAVIS as prisoners on board the United States ship *Guerriere*, placed forward among the marines under a sentinel, and no officer of the ship, except the Surgeon, permitted to have intercourse with them!

Can you fail to perceive why this was done? If, with the aid of letters from KIRKLAND, he could prove that LOPEZ was the person sinned against, and you and BLISS and MASTENNAN the sinners, and LOPEZ the saint, of course, he might find some justification for discrediting your testimony and refusing to act in vindication of our national honor. Hence the game to disparage you and justify himself. The blacker he could make them the blacker you became, and once discredit you and your testimony, and the testimony of Commander KIRKLAND in favor of LOPEZ, becomes valuable, because Admiral DAVIS will never tell the public that KIRKLAND is the son-in-law of LOPEZ' moneyed and political agent in Montivideo.

When, on your return to Montivideo, you said in your report to me, (which I placed in the hands of the Admiral and solicited his prompt interference,) that you owed your life and the lives of your wife and child to God, to me and to Commander KIRKLAND'S bold defiance and bullying of LOPEZ when he threatened to retain you a prisoner and refuse permission for you to go on board the *Wasp*, and you asked me to make friendly mention of the conduct of KIRKLAND in my official correspondence, I took pleasure in doing so; and he stands indorsed, both by you and me, as having acted energetically and patriotically. It now appears, however, that the same mail which brought your favorable report of his conduct, and of his having boasted to you that he saved your life by bullying LOPEZ, also brought a letter to the Admiral discrediting your report of LOPEZ, and praising that tyrant as a gentleman, a man of courage, and a much-abused personage! So, at least, Admiral DAVIS, of the United States Navy, reported to Admiral RAMSEY, of Her British Majesty's Navy, who defended LOPEZ upon the testimony of Admiral DAVIS and Commander KIRKLAND! These facts, involving disreputable duplicity, account in part for the conduct of Admiral DAVIS and his Secretary, Minister McMAHON and Commanders KIRKLAND and RAMSEY, in their mock trial of BLISS and MASTERMAN in LOPEZ' camp. But nothing save absolute madness can palliate that disreputable proceeding. Of course I shall officially report to the Government in what manner I was seduced by you into indorsing and commending KIRKLAND, and ask to have my dispatch published in order to counteract the effect of my letter to Admiral DAVIS, now before the public. I have no concealments, and will not consent to be used by anybody; and you are at full liberty to use any of the facts in this hasty note in any way you please.

All the hatred which this people bore you when we left here last November, is now turned against our Government and Admiral DAVIS and Minister McMAHON. I shall disabuse the public mind in regard to our Government and people, and that without any delay; but the conduct of DAVIS and McMAHON is absolutely indefensible.

When McMAHON came here he was advised not to leave Rio without finding me and showing me his instructions. I could advise him what the emergency might demand. An emergency had arisen, which it was quite impossible for our Government to foresee or anticipate. LOPEZ had violated our Legation in Asuncion by seizing upon two of its members, and thus perpetrated against the United States an act of war. Nothwithstanding that, Mr. McMAHON proposed going to LOPEZ and presenting his credentials. Thereupon I addressed him a formal note, requiring of him not to go beyond Buenos Ayres, but to remain there till he could hear from Washington, which would be about the 1st of January. I said to him, "LOPEZ has committed an act of war against the United States, and thereby has abrogated and annulled all your existing instructions. Neither you nor I can make peace' so that *you* must do nothing until you hear from Washington;" while the squadron should have acted a month sooner, and I urged upon him to strive and convince the Admiral that he had a grave public duty to discharge, the neglect of which was, in fact, compromising the national honor. In direct violation of this advice he became a party to the Admiral's disgraceful collusion with LOPEZ.

Inasmuch as the annual cost of every "first rate" (Admiral's yacht) in commission, amounts to more than the gross annual expenditure of the entire diplomatic corps of the United States; the fact that Admiral DAVIS put the Government to the expense of $10,000 to bring BLISS and MASTERMAN to Rio—instead of sending them by a passenger steamer—will attract little attention. But to expend that sum for the sole and only purpose of rendering our disgrace more transparent to the world, is anything but satisfactory to the Americans here; and the conversation of an Admiral and his staff in this city, in favor of LOPEZ and against Brazil, has very seriously compromised our country among all intelligent men, because the inference was inevitable that they reflected the sentiments of the American Government and its people.

There was an honorable exception to this conduct of the Admiral's staff. I allude to Fleet Surgeon DUVAL, who is an intelligent, highminded gentleman, and the soul of honor, perfectly fearless, and ever ready to speak the truth and defend it. He it was who compelled the Admiral to treat BLISS and MASTERMAN with ordinary humanity; and he did not fail to denounce publicly the infamous and illegal treatment these gentlemen were suffering at the request of, and for the benefit of, the tyrant LOPEZ. Can you believe it possible that neither our Minister nor Admiral would speak to these so-called "prisoners," or permit gentlemen to have intercourse with them? Even if legally prisoners, which they were not, they should have messed in the wardroom or steerage among gentlemen, instead of among the marines.

At all events, you stand approved and justified in the estimation of everybody here, and I'll take care that our Government is vindicated for the imputations cast upon it by the conduct of DAVIS and McMAHON. Already this has been done with this Government and the members of the Diplomatic Corps, and very shortly the people of Brazil will do us full justice.

The war is not over; but as Field-Marshal Count D'EU, the husband of the Princess Imperial, goes down to the River on the 29th to assume command of the allied army, the contest will very shortly be closed. If he had been entrusted with the command three years ago, the war would not have lasted three months. * * * * * *

Yours ever,

(Signed) J. WATSON WEBB.

A word from me, I trust, will be excused in regard to my approval of the conduct of Commander KIRKLAND to which General WEBB thus makes allusion.

At the time I wrote to General WEBB, Admiral DAVIS and the State Department, in such complimentary terms of Commander KIRKLAND, I believed I was justly commending him. I believe so now. My opinion of his conduct, however, was founded entirely on his own representations as made to me by him immediately after I got aboard the *Wasp*. I believe he then stated the literal and exact truth, and that while I was yet in the power of LOPEZ, his conduct and deportment toward the sanguinary tyrant was firm, defiant and discreet. That he should afterwards disclaim having deserved such commendations and seek to excuse or palliate the conduct of LOPEZ has been to me a source of profound regret, and it is with reluctance that I now appear in print to correct one of the many misrepresentations made in regard to the part I bore in the Paraguayan tragedy by almost the entire Press, not only of Brazil and Buenos Ayres, but of the United States.

That the true version of what occurred between Commander KIRKLAND and LOPEZ was that which he gave immediately after, I think will appear from the simple narrative of the facts. This version was repeated to me by him at least twenty times during the few days I was with him on board the *Wasp*, and before he had learned of the bitter quarrel that had sprung up between his chief (Admiral DAVIS) and General WEBB. He then professed the greatest contempt for the character of LOPEZ, and to think, as I did, that he had managed remarkably well in getting safely out of his reach with the parties whom he had been sent to take away. On his way up the river, or before reaching the first Paraguayan fortifications on the banks, he heard various rumors of the fearful condition of affairs in Paraguay. It was known in Buenos Ayres that the people in Asuncion had been compelled to abandon the city, and it had been reported in the newspapers that the United States Legation had been forcibly entered and several persons who had taken refuge there had been seized and dragged out and executed in front of it. He was on a delicate and dangerous mission; much more dangerous than he knew of at the time. He did not know where I and my family were, and for several days his vessel was lying right in the line of fire between the fortifications of LOPEZ and the blockaking iron-clads. During this time he could get no reply from LOPEZ in answer to his letters asking permission to pass higher up the river. While thus waiting in suspense he wrote me on the 2d of September, 1868: "I have no idea of your geographical position in Paraguay, nor of that of President LOPEZ, to whom I have addressed three official communications. As His Excellency has not answered my letters, I wish you to say to him that I shall not move the vessel again until I know at what part of the river your Excellency wishes to embark, because the course adopted by President LOPEZ toward a neutral vessel (carrying the flag of the United States) has been temporizing, vexations and shuffling in the highest degree, to say nothing of his discourtesy in not answering my official communications. Unless another order from some subaltern should induce me to move five miles further up, I shall await news from you here, and with a good deal of anxiety."

Soon after sending this letter Commander KIRKLAND received permission from LOPEZ to move the *Wasp* above his lower fortifications, and was afterward invited to an interview with him at his headquarters. The incidents and conversations that took place at this interview were related to me many times over, and within a few days of their occurrence, while I was on board the *Wasp*. They were, in brief, substantially as follows: Captain KIRKLAND informed LOPEZ that the *Wasp* had come up to take me and my family away. LOPEZ said his relations with me were very bad; that a great conspiracy had been discovered, and I was deeply implicated in it; that I was in correspondence with the Marquis DE CAXIAS, aiding and abetting the traitors in Paraguay to get up a revolution and overthrow his Government. To this Captain KIRKLAND replied that it was absurd and preposterous that I should be in correspondence or collusion with CAXIAS, as he knew him to be very inimical to me, and to have done all he could or dared do to prevent the *Wasp* from coming through his lines to take me away. LOPEZ, however, said he had no doubt of the truth of his charges. He had many witnesses to prove it, and therefore he did not intend to allow me to leave the country. Captain KIRKLAND told him he had better not detain me, as the detention of a United States Minister would be sure to bring down upon him the whole force of the Government. LOPEZ told him that he might permit him to take away Mrs. WASHBURN and child, but the Minister must remain. KIRKLAND replied, "I will not take Mrs. WASHBURN and the child unless I take Mr. WASHBURN. I have been sent here to take away the American Minister, and unless I can take him I will take nobody." He observed that LOPEZ was greatly disturbed and greatly enraged, and that to succeed he must put on a bold face and threaten him. He told him, in language that I do not care to quote literally, that I had some connections of political influence, and that if he did not let me go, and any harm came to me, "the United States would hunt him all through Europe. They would have his head, sure." To this he added that our Government was just ready to make war on Brazil for having refused permission for the *Wasp* to pass through the blockade three months before, when she went up previously to take me away, and that six monitors, drawing seven feet of water, were even then on the coast of Brazil, on their way to Rio Janeiro for that purpose, and if on their arrival they should learn that I was held a prisoner in Paraguay they would, instead of turning their guns against Brazil, at once hasten to the river and knock Asuncion about his ears. This bravado had its intended effect, for LOPEZ, after listening to it, said he should let me go. I am persuaded, however, that he still hesitated after that, for it was several days before I was permitted to embark on the Paraguayan steamer that took me down the river to where the *Wasp* was lying, and, from the many annoyances practiced on me after that, it is clear to my mind he was trying to provoke me into some act that would give him a pretext for holding me as a prisoner.

This is substantially the version of what passed on that, to me, momentous interview. It was repeated to me so many times in English and Spanish—the exact language being used in the Spanish narration—that I had no doubt then, nor have I now, that it was a true account of what transpired.

Just as the *Wasp* was leaving, I sent back a Parthian arrow to LOPEZ in the form of a letter, which I concluded with these words: "Your threat to Captain KIRKLAND, on his first arrival, that you would keep me a prisoner in the country, will be duly represented to my Government, and I only wish to confirm his reply to you, that had you done so, my Government would have hunted you not only through all South America, but throughout all Europe." This I showed to Captain KIRKLAND before I sent it off, and he assented to its correctness. I would have told LOPEZ at the same time that he would be held equally accountable if he ventured to execute BLISS and MASTERMAN, but I knew the character of the man I was dealing with better than did those who have blamed me for not doing so, and I feared that if I did thus threaten him, he would in his first anger, and to show his courage, order them to be scourged to death in sight of his whole army.

After writing to General WEBB and Admiral DAVIS, commending in language as strong as I could command, the firm and discreet conduct of Captain KIRKLAND, laying particular stress on the fact that he had bullied LOPEZ into giving me up, I sent him a copy of what I had written to them. He acknowledged the receipt of it, and I had subsequent interviews with him, but he never took exceptions to what I had said respecting his bullying LOPEZ or complained that I had praised him overmuch.

What may have been the object of Captain KIRKLAND in giving to Admiral DAVIS so totally different a version of his interviews with LOPEZ to what he had given to me will probably be made to appear when the Congressional Committee on Foreign Relations, to whom the whole subject has been referred, shall make their investigation. It is certain, however, that after Captain KIRKLAND returned to the mouth of the river, and my correspondence with LOPEZ, in which I had made some remarks far from complimentary to the allies in regard to the way they had conducted the war, the howl among them against me was deep and loud, and though they were glad that I had exposed LOPEZ they were angry that he had not killed the man who had not only forced their blockade two years before—greatly to their chagrin and humiliation, but had even criticised their manner of conducting the war. It is also known that certain Americans in Brazilian employ, including a notorious preaching parasite and flunkey of the Emperor, sought to ingratiate themselves in the favor of that Government by abusing one of their countrymen for having ventured to express an opinion that the Brazilians were not the greatest and bravest people on the face of the earth. This outcry was caught up by several of our naval officers, led on by the Flag Captain of the squadron, Captain RAMSAY, from whom they all, from the weakest waiter to the weaker Admiral, seem to have taken their cue. Instead, therefore, of moving promptly to the rescue of the two members of the United States Legation who had been seized by LOPEZ, they affected to disbelieve my statements, and to abuse me for having shamefully and needlessly given up Mr. BLISS and MASTERMAN to be cruelly tortured and murdered by LOPEZ.

Admiral DAVIS and his favorite officers seem to have joined with alacrity in this tirade of abuse, at the same time that they affected to disbelieve my statements in regard to the cruelties of LOPEZ and his violation of the United States Legation. But though they joined in with the Brazilians in their censure of me, they resented the appeals of General WEBB that the squadron should move instantly and hasten to Paraguay to demand the delivery of BLISS and MASTERMAN. To justify the inaction of the Admiral my statements must be discredited, and while I was grossly maligned for not cutting my way through the army of LOPEZ, and putting BLISS and MASTERMAN, *vi et armis*, on board the *Wasp*, that was lying twenty miles below, they pretended that they were in no danger while in the power of LOPEZ. In proof of this the Admiral alleged he had received letters from Capt. KIRKLAND that gave a very different account of the situation, and of the character and purposes of LOPEZ from what I had represented them to be.

LOPEZ had told him "he wished to cultivate friendly relations with the United States," and this was taken as conclusive that my statements, if not wholly untrue, were grossly exaggerated. Yet at the very time that KIRKLAND was holding this friendly intercourse with LOPEZ, it appears from the memorial to Congress of BLISS and MASTERMAN, they were undergoing the most horrible torture.

My successor, General McMAHON, on arriving at Rio found a bitter feud had arisen between General WEBB and Admiral DAVIS. General WEBB, who had known me long and intimately, received every word I had written as the exact truth. The Admiral and his Flag Captain doubted and delayed, and instead of sailing for the river immediately, as it had been their intention to do previous to receiving my letters, they actually postponed their departure for some three weeks, as if to prove they put no faith in my representations. General McMAHON took sides in this quarrel with Admiral DAVIS and derided the opinion and advice of Minister WEBB, who told him he ought not to go near LOPEZ until he had further instructions from Washington. The fleet, however, General WEBB insisted should immediately hasten up the river and demand the unconditional surrender of BLISS and MASTERMAN, after which our Government would doubtless exact due reparation from LOPEZ for the insult to our flag. The Admiral, on the other hand, assuming that my statements were so extravagant as to be incredible, alleged that he had advices from Captain KIRKLAND that disproved them. Therefore there was no occasion for haste. At length, however, he seemed to realize that he must do something, and when he reached Buenos Ayres he informed me that he should go up to Paraguay with all his squadron, except the flagship, to demand the rendition of BLISS and MASTERMAN. But his whole subsequent action showed that he went up there to find something against me that would justify his previous inaction and prove that LOPEZ was a much-abused and long-suffering individual. His interview with LOPEZ seemed to be eminently satisfactory to him. He received as welcome truth LOPEZ's declarations that there had been a great and wicked conspiracy discovered, of which I was the leading spirit, and BLISS and MASTERMAN consenting parties. The tyrant agreed, however, to deliver them up on the condition that they were to be received as prisoners and sent to the United States for trial. To these conditions the Admiral acceded, and he literally complied with the conditions imposed by LOPEZ. The men when they came aboard the *Wasp* were treated not only as prisoners but as low, vulgar criminals. They were sent forward, sick and emaciated as they were by their long suffering, to sleep in the rags and vermin they had brought from their foul prison-pen on the deck of the *Wasp*. They were fed on salt junk and hard tack, and, except for the kindness of some of the men, who, more humane than the Admiral and his higher officers, gave them some clothes, they might have reached the flagship at Montevideo with nothing but the rags and vermin they had brought from the camp of LOPEZ.

So satisfactory was the Admiral's interview with LOPEZ that General McMAHON, against the remonstrance of both General WEBB and myself, resolved to go and present his credentials. He refused to see BLISS and MASTERMAN after they came on board the *Wasp*, who would have advised him truthfully of the real situation within LOPEZ'S lines. But they had all made up their minds that LOPEZ was a much-abused gentleman, and when BLISS sent word to him that he wished to see him to advise him of the condition of other Americans in Paraguay, he received for answer that, "when General McMAHON wanted to see him he would send for him." So BLISS never saw him, and all the Americans have since been tortured till about to die, and then shot.

When all had been arranged so satisfactorily to both LOPEZ and the Admiral, Minister McMAHON landed and presented his credentials. When LOPEZ learned from him how BLISS and MASTERMAN were regarded and treated on board the *Wasp*, he caused it to be announced to his army, at which they raised a great shout of triumph.

Since the great battle that took place soon after McMAHON entered the camp of LOPEZ, nothing has been heard of him. Three months had passed at the latest dates from Buenos Ayres and not a word from him had been received by any of his friends, and they naturally fear that he, too, is restrained of his liberty, if something worse has not befallen him. They have good reason for their fears, for if LOPEZ finds he cannot make him useful, or from any reason should suspect him, as he has suspected everybody else, he will shoot him with as little compunction as he tortured and shot his brothers and sisters and his Cabinet Ministers.

On my arrival in the United States in December last, I found that I had been very freely dealt with by nearly every newspaper in the country. My offence was I had wickedly and needlessly abandoned BLISS and MASTERMAN to the cruel tortures of LOPEZ. I knew that I had adopted the only course through which by any possibility their lives could be saved. I knew, too, that in time this fact would be made clear, and that I could afford to wait. Events have shown that I judged correctly. BLISS and MASTERMAN are alive and safe beyond the reach of LOPEZ, and they have both testified that my course was approved by them, while yet we were all exposed to the grim ferocity of LOPEZ, and is approved by them now. Their statements to this effect have been published in their memorial to Congress and in most of the leading newspapers, but among them all that on imperfect knowledge were so ready to condemn in their editorial columns those acts of which they necessarily could know but little, none, so far as I have seen, have even said one word in the way of retraction or of admission that they had been misled or had judged wrongfully and condemned unjustly.

Respectfully yours,

CHARLES A. WASHBURN.

The Morgue.

There was taken from No. 29 Centre-street to the Morgue, yesterday, the body of an unknown man, aged about 35 years, 5 feet 8 inches high, with brown hair. He had on a blue jacket, black cloth vest, striped pants, white muslin shirt and boots. The body was too much decomposed to be placed in the Morgue.

There was also received at the same place the body of an unknown man, aged about 50 years, 5 feet 7 inches high, gray hair, sandy whiskers mixed with gray; dressed in a black frock coat, with black pants and vest, gray drawers, green plaid striped shirt, blue undershirt, boots. The body was placed in the Morgue and a photograph taken.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

New-York.

MARGARET WHITE, of No. 67 James-street, was severely wounded in the face yesterday by her husband THOMAS. As she refused to make a complaint, the Fourth Ward Police made no arrest, and had the woman's wound dressed.

CONRAD STALL, a German laborer, aged 60 years, was picked up in Ninth-avenue yesterday in an insensible condition, and he expired soon after being admitted to Bellevue Hospital. Death is supposed to have resulted from apoplexy. An inquest will be held to-day.

The Anniversary of the New-York Magdalen Benevolent Society will be held to-morrow, the 6th inst., at the Asylum, on Eighty-eighth-street, near Fifth-avenue. Addresses will be delivered by several distinguished speakers.

Among the donations made to the collection of curiosities of the New-York Historical Society, last evening, were a Bible brought over by one of the Pilgrim Fathers, and a pocket-book once the property of Major-General ISRAEL PUTNAM. Both these relics are well authenticated, the donors belonging to families in which they have been long treasured as heirlooms.

Rev. Messrs. WM. C. VAN METER, THOMAS D. ANDERSON and J. S. BACKUS addressed a meeting in aid of the Ladies' Home Society of the Baptist Churches last evening. Contributions were collected to the amount of $6,156.

An alarm of fire was given at 11:20 o'clock last night for the corner of Howard-street and Broadway. On repairing to the scene it was found that the alarm was a false one, gotten up by the Fire Commissioners in order to show some friends the alacrity of their firemen. This is the third time the City has been roused by these exhibition fires in as many weeks, and as they cost about $100 each, it would seem an expensive luxury, as well as uncalled for, as the Commissioners may call "Wolf!" once too often.

JOHN O'DONOVAN, of No. 87 Varick-street, had a quarrel yesterday with his sister, and became so depressed at the occurrence that he proceeded to the foot of Desbrosses-street and leaped into the river. He was seen to do so, and, by strenuous exertion, rescued from his perilous position, being sent home in a better frame of mind.

OWEN McCARROL, aged 30, accidentally shot and killed himself with a pistol, which he was cleaning, in Thirty-third-street, near Tenth-avenue, yesterday. The remains were taken to deceased's late residence, No. 458 West Thirty-second-street, where an inquest will be held to-day.

Brooklyn.

The total number of deaths in Brooklyn last week was 161. Of these 14 were the result of convulsions, 15 of pneumonia, 19 of consumption, 11 of disease of the brain, 8 of marasmus, 8 of measles, 6 of whooping cough, 7 of scarlet fever. Of the whole number 45 were infants in their first year. There were 84 children not having completed their fifth year. The localities which suffered most were the Fifth Ward, 11; Sixth Ward, 11; Seventh Ward, 13; Tenth Ward, 10; Eleventh Ward, 12; Twelfth Ward, 12; Fourteenth Ward, 12; Sixteenth Ward, 17.

Yesterday morning there was a collision upon the South Side Railroad, about one mile east of Bushwich. The express train was thrown from the track at Jamaica, and the telegraph operator ordered the eastern bound train to proceed, and hence the collision. Fortunately no person was killed, but the engines were considerably damaged.

The free-trade meeting announced to be held at the Brooklyn Athenæum on the 17th inst., under the auspices of the Free-Trade League, has been unavoidably postponed till Monday, the 24th inst., at the same time and place.

The officers of the Second Internal Revenue District seized two stills yesterday, one in a house in Conover-street, near King, and the other in a house in Sullivan-street, near King. As usual, the names of the illicit distillers were not obtained.

The Particular Synod of New-York of the Reformed Church of America, met in Rev. Mr. ENYARD'S Church, Clermont-avenue, yesterday, Rev. S. H. MEEKER, Moderator. Besides the election of delegates to the General Synod no business of importance was transacted. The Synod will hold its next meeting at Yonkers on the second Tuesday in May, 1870.

JAMES DUNNIGAN, the victim of the Sunday night fracas in Navy-street, died at the City Hospital yesterday morning. He stated to the Coroner before his death that he was merely passing along the street on his way home when he was pursued by a young man, who swore at him and drew a knife and stabbed him in the left side. He identified ROBERT BERRY as the person to whom he alluded. Deceased was 40 years of age, and leaves a wife and four children. The persons under arrest charged with having been implicated in the affair are ROBERT BERRY, JAMES CARBERRY and JAMES HOWARD. An inquest will be held in a day or two.

The only business of importance transacted by the Board of Supervisors of Kings County yesterday afternoon was the adoption of a report of the Military Committee in favor of hiring for the ensuing year nearly all the places now occupied as regimental and company drill rooms.

In the United States Court yesterday, the Grand Jury returned nine bills against JAMES GLYN, carpenter of the *James Foster, Jr.*, for assault and attempt to kill; three bills against THOMAS MURPHY, third mate, for the same offence, and three bills against WM. CRUTHERS for the same offence. The Grand Jury was then discharged.

FREDERICK HAYWARD was before United States Commissioner JONES yesterday on the charge of counterfeiting currency stamps. The evidence against him being very strong, he was held to wait the action of the Grand Jury.

At about 6 o'clock last evening a fire broke out in the moulding mill of CRANE & HALL, situated in Kosciusko-street, near Bushwick-avenue, resulting in the total destruction of the building, together with the stock and machinery. Loss on building $800, and upon stock and machinery $3,500. Insured for $1,000 in the Etna Insurance Company. The fire originated in the drying room.

New-Jersey.

There were yesterday twenty-six prisoners confined in the Hudson County Jail awaiting the action of the Grand Jury, which has just commenced its session. The most important cases are those of Doctors Blank and Voelkner and Louis Keisweather, charged with malpractice; Charles Busch and Herman Schnackenburgh, for arson; John Bell, James O'Brien and Thomas Whalen, for burglary; Alexander Clements, for atrocious assault; John Barry, for breaking and entering; Lottie Ann Pegenan, for atrocious assault; George Bartlett, breaking and entering; John Hackett, same offence; James McEntaggard, larceny from the person; William C. Allingcomb, rape; George W. Bliss and James Morgan, larceny from the person; William Ellsworth, threatening life.

It is stated that the Morris and Essex Railroad Company will commence immediately the issue of excursion tickets between New-York and the various stations on its line, similar to those issued by the New-Jersey Railroad, upon very favorable terms.

In the Hudson County Court yesterday forenoon, his Honor Judge BEDLE announced that the application for *habeas corpus* in the case of Drs. BLANK and VOELKNER and LOUIS KEISWEATHER would be continued until to-morrow, at 10 A. M. He had examined the evidence, and would say that the amount of bail required would be very high.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 4—11 A. M.

Consols open at 93⅜ for both money and the account. United States Five-twenty Bonds are dull at 79⅞. Stocks are quiet; Eries, 19¼; Illinois Centrals, 98¼; Atlantic and Great Western, 25¼.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, May 4—11 A. M.

The Cotton market opens dull at 11¾d. for Middling Uplands, and 12¼d. for Middling Orleans. The sales of the day, it is estimated, will reach 6,000 bales. The shipments from Bombay to the 30th ult., since the last report, have been 29,000 bales.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 4—11 A. M.

Sugar quiet and steady for No. 12 Dutch Standard, on the spot, and firm for do. afloat. Petroleum 1s. 8½d. ⅌ gallon for refined. Turpentine, 30s. 6d. ⅌ cwt.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 4—1 P. M.

Consols, 93¼ for both money and the account. United States Five-twenty bonds, 79⅝. Stocks are dull; Eries, 19⅜; Illinois Centrals, 98⅛.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, May 4—1 P. M.

TRADE REPORT—The market for yarns and fabrics at Manchester is heavy.

BREADSTUFFS—Wheat, 9s. 3d. ⅌ cental for California White, and 8s. 6d. for No. 2 Red Western. Corn, 27s. ⅌ quarter for New Mixed Western. Peas, 38s. 6d. ⅌ quarter for Canadian.

PROVISIONS—Pork, 103s. ⅌ bbl. for Eastern Prime Mess.

PRODUCE—Tallow, 44s. 9d. ⅌ cwt. Cheese, 82s. ⅌ cwt. for the best grade of American fine.

HAVRE, Tuesday, May 4.

The Cotton market opens dull for both on the spot and afloat. Tres Ordinaire on the spot, 143f. ⅌ cwt.; Low Middling, afloat, 140½f.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 4—4:30 P. M.

Consols closed at 93¼, both for money and the account. United States Five-twenty bonds are quiet at 79⅞. Stocks are quiet; Eries, 19⅜; Illinois Centrals, 98¼; Atlantic and Great Western, 24½.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday, May 4—4:30 P. M.

The Cotton market closed dull; Middling Uplands, 11¾d.; Middling Orleans, 12d. The sales of the day have been 6,000 bales.

BREADSTUFFS—Corn, 27s. 3d. ⅌ quarter for new Mixed Western.

LONDON, Tuesday, May 4—4:30 P. M.

Tallow, 43s. ⅌ cwt. Calcutta Linseed, 59s.

PARIS, Tuesday, May 4.

Bourse firmer. Rentes, 72f. 12c.

HAVRE, Tuesday, May 4.

Cotton closed unchanged on spot and to arrive.

HAVANA, Tuesday, May 4.

The SUGAR market is unchanged in tone and quotations. EXCHANGE—On London, 11¼@12½ ⅌ cent. premium; on Paris, 1 ⅌ cent. discount @ par; on United States, 60 days' sight, in gold, ½@1½ per cent. premium; in currency, 26@25 ⅌ cent. discount.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

ST. LOUIS, Tuesday, May 4.

TOBACCO active at $4 50@$5 75 for planters' Lugs; $6@$7 50 for common Leaf; $7 50@$11 62½ for medium to good dark Leaf; $10@$15 50 for dark Wrappers; $25@$40 for bright Kentucky; $30@$60 for bright Virginia. COTTON—Nothing doing. FLOUR steady; Spring and Fall Superfine, $4@$5; Spring Extras, $4 70@$5; Spring and Fall Double Extra, $5 25@$6 50; Treble Extra, $6 90@$8; Choice to Fancy, $8 37@$11. WHEAT firm; Fair to strictly Prime Red Fall, $1 45@$1 65; Choice to Fancy Red Fall, $1 70@$1 85; Spring higher; No. 2, in elevator, $1 14; No. 1, in elevator, $1 17. CORN firmer at 58c.@64c. for mixed to choice Yellow; 67c. for Fancy White. OATS firm at 62c.@65c. BARLEY quiet; Iowa Spring, $1 67½; Choice Illinois, $1 87½; Choice Minnesota, $2. RYE firm at $1 24@$1 27 for prime to choice. WHISKY firm at 87c. PROVISIONS dull, jobbing trade only; sales of heavy to extra heavy Pork at $31 25@$31 50. BACON—Shoulders, 13¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 16⅞c.; Clear Sides, 17c. LARD heavy. CATTLE quiet and unchanged. Live HOGS steady at $7@$9 50. RECEIPTS—Flour, 3,500 bbls.; Wheat, 5,500 bushels; Corn, 7,500 bushels; Oats, 2,500 bushels; Hogs, 1,300 head.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Tuesday, May 4.

IN STORE—Wheat, 232,000 bushels; Corn, 135,000 bushels; Oats, 108,000 bushels; Rye, 31,000 bushels. RECEIPTS—Flour, 5,000 bbls.; Wheat, 80,000 bushels; Corn, 135,000 bushels; Oats, 63,600 bushels; Barley, 1,000 bushels. Canal FREIGHTS—3 loads Wheat at 15c. to New-York; Corn nominal at 12½c., and Oats 8½c. FLOUR dull; sales 200 bbls. No. 1 City Ground Spring at $6. WHEAT—Better demand; sales 1,600 bushels White Canada at $1 80; 1,500 bushels White Michigan at $1 70; 7,000 bushels No. 2 Chicago Spring at $1 25. CORN in fair demand, closing weak; sales 35,000 bushels; new samples at 65c.; 10,000 bushels new samples, in car lots, at 68c.; 1 car lot choice Old at 80c., all in store. OATS firm; sales 25,000 bushels Western at 70c., in store; 3,000 bushels Western at 71c. RYE unchanged. BARLEY no demand; market bare. PEAS dull; 1 car lot Canadian sold at $1 20 on the track. SEEDS steady and quiet. PORK and LARD unchanged. HIGHWINES firmer; asking 95c.

CHICAGO, Tuesday, May 4.

EXCHANGE on New-York, par buying, 1-10 premium selling. FLOUR firmer; Spring Extras, $5@$6 50. WHEAT—No. 1 unchanged; No. 2, $1 12½. CORN active; No. 1 advanced 1c.@1¼c.; sales at 6c.@61c.; New advanced 2c.@2½c.; sales at 56½c. OATS excited, and advanced 1c.@1½c.; sales at 61c.@61¼c. RYE firmer; No. 1, $1 16@$1 17; No. 2, $1 14@$1 14½. BARLEY nominal at $1 55@$1 60. HIGHWINES, 90c.@91c. PROVISIONS firmer. Mess PORK, $30 75; Prime Mess, $28. LARD, 17¾c.@18c. SHOULDERS, 11½c., loose. Live HOGS dull at $8 50@$9 20 for common to choice. BEEF Cattle dull at $5@$6 for Butchers' Cows and Steers; $6 40@$6 62½ for light fleshy Steers; $7@$7 75 for good to extra prime Beeves. RECEIPTS—5,500 bbls. Flour, 45,000 bushels Wheat, 74,000 bushels Corn, 24,000 bushels Oats, 26,000 bushels Barley, 2,500 Hogs. SHIPMENTS—8,500 bbls. Flour, 62,000 bushels Wheat, 139,000 bushels Corn, 62,000 bushels Oats, 1,100 bushels Rye, 3,800 Hogs.

NEW-ORLEANS, Tuesday, May 4.

COTTON—Slack demand; high grades unchanged; low grades easier; Middlings, 28¾c.; sales 2,000 bales; receipts, 738 bales; exports, 6,543 bales, including 720 bales to Mobile for Liverpool steamship. GOLD, 136¼. EXCHANGE—Sterling, 148¼; New-York Sight, ⅛@¼ premium. SUGAR—Common, 9½c.@9¾c.; Prime, 12½c.@12¾c. MOLASSES nominal; Fermenting, 40c.@55c. FLOUR dull; Superfine, $5 50; Double Extra, $5 75; Treble Extra, $6 38. CORN easier; White, 74c.@75c. OATS, 71c.@72c. BRAN, $1 35. HAY—Prime, $32@$33. PORK dull at $32 50. BACON firmer; Shoulders, 13½c.@13¾c.; Clear Rib, 17½c.; Clear Sides, 17¾c. LARD dull and unchanged. WHISKY depressed; Western Rectified, 82½c.@90c. COFFEE firm; Fair, 15c.@15¾c.; Prime, 17c.@17½c.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, May 4.

COTTON firm and unchanged. CLOVERSEED nominal at $8 75@$9 25. FLAXSEED $2 75. FLOUR very quiet; sales 800 bbls., mostly Northwestern Extra Family, at $6 50@$7; Ohio do., $8@$9. WHEAT steady; sales 309 bushels Red at $1 65@$1 70. Amber unchanged. RYE, $1 40@$1 45. CORN advanced 1c.; sales 5,000 bushels Yellow at 90c; High Mixed, 88c. OATS steady at 78c.@80c. for Western; 65c. for Southern. PETROLEUM firm; Crude, 18c, in bulk; Refined, 32¼c.@32½c. COFFEE firm; Rio, 14½c.@17½c.; gold; Laguayra, 17¼c., gold. Cuba Muscovado MOLASSES sells at 55c.@56c. SUGAR—Market better; sales 800 hhds. Cuba at 11⅛c.@11⅝c. for Fair and Good Refining; 12c.@13c. for Grocery Grades. PROVISIONS unchanged. WHISKY sells at 94c.@98c.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Tuesday, May 4.

FLOUR is steady and in good demand; sales 1,500 bbls. at $6 50 for No. 1 Spring; $7@$7 25 for Amber Winter; $8 for White, and $9 for Double Extra. WHEAT firmer; sales, 6,000 bushels No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1 40. CORN held at about 80c. for No. 1. OATS better; sales 1,500 bushels Western at 71c.@72c. BARLEY held at $1 80@$1 85 for Canadian. RYE and PEAS inactive. MILLFEED unchanged; Shorts, $23@$25; Shipstuffs, $25@$27, and Middlings, $28@$32 ⅌ ton. Railroad FREIGHTS—Flour—To Boston, 68c.; to New-York, 58c., and to Albany, 50c. Lake IMPORTS—23,000 bushels Wheat, and 1,030,000 feet of Lumber.

BALTIMORE, Tuesday, May 4.

COTTON dull at 28c. for Middlings. FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT sells, Valley Red at $2 02; Good do., $1 90. CORN active; receipts small; White, 85c.; Yellow, 85c.@87c. OATS firm at 75c.@78c. for heavy; 70c.@73c. for light. RYE dull at $1 40@$1 45. Mess PORK quiet at $30 75@$32. BACON quiet; Rib Sides, 16¾c.; Clear Sides, 17¾c.; Shoulders, 14½c. HAMS, 20c.@21c. LARD firm at 19½c. WHISKY very firm and tending up; stock scarce; 94c.@95c., with sales at the outside figure.

LOUISVILLE, Tuesday, May 4.

TOBACCO—Sales 216 hhds.; Common to Good Lugs, $4 50@$6 80; Cutting Leaf at $16 75. FLOUR, $5@$5 50 for Superfine. WHEAT, $1 30@$1 45. CORN, 65c.@68c. OATS, 68c.@70c. RYE, $1 45. Mess PORK, $31 50. LARD, 18c. BACON—Shoulders, 13½c.@13¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 16¾c.@17c.; Sides, 17¼c.@17¾c.; Bulk MEATS—Shoulders, 12¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 15¾c.; Sides, 16¼c. WHISKY, 92c. COTTON, 25½c.@25¾c. for Low Middlings.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Tuesday, May 4.

Beef CATTLE—Receipts, 337 head; prices advanced ¼c. ⅌ ℔.; Extra, $13@$13 50; first quality, $12@$12 50; second quality, $11@$11 75; third quality, $10@$10 50. SHEEP and LAMBS—Receipts, 1,688 head; no material change in price, but good Sheep brought good prices; ordinary grades sold low; sales at from 4c.@9½c. ⅌ ℔. Spring LAMBS, $8@$9. Veal CALVES, $3@$12.

CINCINNATI, Tuesday, May 4.

FLOUR dull; Family, $6@$6 25. WHEAT dull and not salable better than $1 30@$1 40 for No. 2 and No. 1. CORN steady at 62c. OATS firm at 68c.@72c. RYE quiet; sales at $1 38@$1 42. BARLEY, $2 05 for Canadian. COTTON unchanged. TOBACCO firm; sales 132 hhds. at $4 05@$22. WHISKY firm at 92c. PROVISIONS quiet and firm at full rates; demand light; not business enough done to establish quotations. GOLD, 135¼.

TOLEDO, Tuesday, May 4.

FLOUR quiet and steady. WHEAT active; Amber, $1 44½ on spot; $1 46 buyer May. CORN, 68c. for No. 1 on spot; 69c. buyer May; No. 2, 64c. OATS firmer at 70c.@70½c. for Michigan. RYE quiet at $1 27 for Michigan. BARLEY dull and nominal. RECEIPTS—2,800 bbls. Flour, 11,000 bushels Wheat, 23,000 bushels Corn, 8,500 bushels Oats. SHIPMENTS—1,600 bbls. Flour, 6,000 bushels Wheat, 16,000 bushels Corn, 5,500 bushels Oats.

MILWAUKEE, Tuesday, May 4.

FLOUR firm and unchanged. WHEAT unsettled; quoted at $1 18½ for No. 1 and $1 13 for No. 2. OATS firm; No. 2, 61c. CORN nominal. RYE firm at $1 13@$1 14 for No. 1. BARLEY quiet and steady; Prime, $1 80@$1 85. FREIGHTS quiet; 5½c. to Buffalo; 11c. to Oswego. RECEIPTS—1,000 bbls. Flour, 20,000 bushels Wheat, 6,000 bushels Oats. SHIPMENTS—5,000 bbls. Flour, 38,000 bushels Wheat.

MEMPHIS, Tuesday, May 4.

COTTON quiet and unchanged; receipts, 200 bales; exports, 300 bales. FLOUR heavy; Superfine, $6.

DETROIT, Tuesday, May 4.

WHEAT in fair demand and unchanged; Extra White, $1 76; No. 1 White, $1 80@$1 60; No. 2 White, $1 37; No. 1 Amber, $1 40. CORN, 69c. OATS, 64c.@65c.

CHARLESTON, Tuesday, May 4.

COTTON—Better grades steady; Common kind easier; sales 400 bales Middlings at 27¾c. Receipts, 477 bales.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Tuesday, May 4.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE quiet at 41c. RESIN firm $1 97½@$6 50. Crude TURPENTINE unchanged. TAR unchanged.

MOBILE, Tuesday, May 4.

COTTON dull; sales 225 bales Low Middling at 26c.@26¼c. Receipts, 448 bales. No exports.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Tuesday, May 4.

COTTON steady; sales 300 bales Middlings at 27¾c. Receipts, 832 bales.

AUGUSTA, Ga., Tuesday, May 4.

COTTON—Market quiet; sales 130 bales Middlings at 26½c. Receipts, 66 bales.

$65 50. CORN, 72½c. OATS, 72c. PORK, $31 87@$32. LARD, 18c.@19½c. BACON steady; Shoulders, 13½c.; Sides, 17½c. Bulk MEATS dull at 12½c.@16¼c.

Philadelphia Stock Board.

PHILADELPHIA, Tuesday, May 4.

Stocks steady; Pennsylvania State Fives, 106⅜; Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, 29; Reading Railroad, 47¾; Pennsylvania Railroad, 55. Gold, 136.

Weather Report.

NEW-YORK, Tuesday, May 4—9 A. M.

Place.	Wind.	Weather.	Ther.
Plaister Cove	S. W.	Cloudy	44
Halifax	S.	Foggy	46
Portland	W.	Cloudy	46
Boston	N. W.	Clear	50
New-York	N. W.	Cloudy	50
Philadelphia	N. W.	Clear	50
Wilmington, Del.	W.	Clear	56
Washington	W.	Clear	58
Fortress Monroe	N. W.	Clear	62
Richmond	N. W.	Clear	52
Augusta, Ga.	N. W.	Clear	60
Charleston	S. S. W.	Clear	64
Savannah	S. S. W.	Clear	68
Oswego	N.	Rain and snow	44
Buffalo	N. W.	Clear	44
Pittsburg	W.	Clear	52
Chicago	S. E.	Clear	50
Louisville	S.	Clear	64
Mobile	S. W.	Clear	74
New-Orleans	S. W.	Clear	70
Key West	N. E.	Cloudy	73
Havana	N. E.	Cloudy	79

[Advertisement.]

NO CONFIRMATION NEEDED.—While everybody is fighting for office KNOX tarries at No. 212 Broadway, beautifying the human form divine with his exquisite Spring style hat. Why should the great artist be nominated to fill some wretched position and be wrangled over a week by the Senate? The people have spoken long since, and have declared him to be the American hatter. As such he has been looked upon for years, and his title needs now no fresh confirmation. If it did his latest tile would secure it.

[Advertisement.]

THE WORLD-RENOWNED CARPET STORE, No. 99 BOWERY.—Great bargains in English body and tapestry Brussels, three-ply and ingrain carpets, mattings, floor oil-cloths, &c. Don't fail to call on HIRAM ANDERSON, No. 99 Bowery.

Passengers Sailed.

MAY 4—*In steamship Germania for Hamburg*—Fr. Schwedler and family, Dr. F. G. Lemercier, Ed. C. Kehr, Hy. B. Stacy, B. F. Whittington, Mrs. A. F. Mueller and daughter, Peter H. Doncks and lady, Mrs. and Miss E. Muller, E. Kessel, E. Muller, W. Auffermann, Theo. Mayer, E. Webendorffer, Y. Urquinania, H. Balbuena, Mrs. H. Baer and children, Mrs. M. Rohrheimer and 2 children, Ferd. Fraud and lady, Master Alexander Fraud, Alfred Seasongood, Chas. Sachs, E. Hochstaedter, Jonathan Rice, Mrs. Louise A. Roe, Mrs. Adrienne Bonney, S. Wise, lady and child, L. Wise, D. Hecht, Jacob Friedmann, Dr. Theodor Hörner, Louis Carter and lady, Mrs. Henriette Cohn and daughter, Miss Anna Denks, Miss Mathilde Amend, Mrs. D. H. Graeffe, Mrs. E. Wygant, Dr. W. Rapelje, Alfred Bonney, Jerome Bonney, Miss Adrienne Bonney, Miss Susan Bonney, Miss Ellen Bonney, Benjamin Bonney, Dr. Porter and family, Mrs. A. Lippmann and family, Dr. M. Clauss and family, Mrs. Rebecca Wyzanski, Louis Fisher and family, Louis Fuchs, Joseph Woers, Baldwin Staubach, Chas. E. Strauss, Francis Gomez Perez, Wm. Hoerber, P. W. Lambert, John L. Hoerber, H. Wols and child, Mrs. Anna Malmke, Chas. Garden and lady, Wm. B. Merzenbach and lady, Philipp Kultmer, Magnus Chapsky, Chas. Hirschmann, G. Liudinger, Walter Debbidge, Adam Müller, Joseph Beuthner, George Metz and family, Petro Mones, P. J. Mones, Augustus Reise, Mrs. Clara Reise, Mrs. Emilie Pasquay and 5 children, Miss Henriette Schimpf, Miss Auguste Roebel, Mrs. Dina Becker and daughter, Mrs. Caroline Bock, T. Koenig, and others in the steerage.

Passengers Arrived.

MAY 4—*In steamship Scotia, from Liverpool*—Thos. Dobbins, Thos. Balch, Miss Williams, H. Pemberton and lady, T. H. Weasner and lady, A. Rose and lady, G. E. L. Hyatt and lady, W. T. Harrobin and lady, W. Hardacre, J. Templeton, C. D. Wallace and lady, R. Dalglish, J. T. Jordan, Wm. Sing, Rev. J. Thompson, J. H. Williams, H. S. Fearing and servant, W. H. Devins, E. Rhodes and lady and 3 children, Miss Hyatt, Miss A. Hyatt, Mrs. Craig, Miss Schayler, Mrs. H. Tobias, Mr. C. E. Levy and lady and maid-servant, Mr. Christie and lady, Mr. Schmilinsky and lady, Commodore J. P. McKinstry and lady, Chas. Merriand and lady, Wm. Kirkham, J. Forlsman, F. Rodewald, F. Wiggins, R. Edwards, R. C. Ransome, H. J. Wheeler, A. Cochran, G. S. Lings, A. H. White and lady, W. J. Klots, lady, infant and servant, Captain H. H. Rathbone and lady, Dr. E. Reed and lady, W. Mactarish, D. A. Smith, R. E. Carr, F. P. Solomons, F. Cloquemin, Mrs. E. Carr, Miss Carr, W. H. Fleming, A. T. Paterson and lady, Geo. F. Herbert, C. R. Walsh, B. M. Collyns, J. Miller, C. Watson, H. Dyer, Jos. Roberts and lady, Miss Hogg and sister, Miss Kirkland, J. H. Stebbins, L. C. Clark, A. G. Sampson, Mr. Illfelder, J. Askham, Rev. J. Lyon, T. D. Hogg, Mrs. Havens, Miss Havens, W. James, Mr. Berolzeimer, H. E. Arthur, R. Kirby, W. L. Hardisty, Rev. J. T. Gholson, Thos. Furneal, F. Wilson, R. Donald, E. Habreht, lady and servant; M. B. Smith, E. Marx, W. W. Yard, W. B. Barbour, Miss E. S. Smith, Mr. Smith's child and nurse, Lord Haterpark and servant, Lord Berkely Paget and servant, Major Walter, Mr. Schneider, Rev. D. Fraser, D. J. Fraser, S. F. Pratt, P. P. Pratt, Captain J. Dixon, C. C. Smith, Mr. Whitney, Mr. Jerault, C. C. Hood, lady, 2 children and servant, H. C. Ogden, G. C. Holt, R. J. Wydrand, H. S. Watts, A. Goge, Marc Orwald, C. Knilly, J. Sharlis, J. Sharplis, Jr., G. Sharplis, F. P. Byrne, Mr. Zeppellin, W. H. Ross, F. A. Leigh, lady and 2 children, A. F. Coning, J. Coop and lady, C. J. Houghton, D. Campbell, W. E. Egerton, L. H. Volk, W. Brown, Miss Southworth, Alexander Duncan and servant, J. R. Jeffries.

In steamship San Salvador, from Savannah—Mrs. Coles, J. N. Tutter and wife, G. Moore and wife, Miss Moore, N. Cleavland and wife, Dr. Parkhurst, M. C. Effing, Mrs. Kuhat, Mrs. Flood, J. J. Brown, J. F. Brown, J. S. Walsh, M. Bingham, Mrs. Wood, J. Harder, C. Fugis, A. H. Susskind, H. Schaven, C. H. Loring and wife, J. Benton, C. Valentine, Mrs. Gage, J. Newburg, W. Brinkerhoff, Miss C. Brinkerhoff, T. Springer, A. H. Yarrington, S. H. Morrison, Jas. Dickson and wife, Mrs. S. A. Waver and 2 children, and 37 in the steerage.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

FROM EUROPE.			
Cimbria	April 21	Hamburg	New-York.
Lafayette	April 22	Havre	New-York.
FOR EUROPE.			
Siberia	May 5	New-York	Liverpool.
Denmark	May 5	New-York	Liverpool.
Idaho	May 5	New-York	Liverpool.
Palmyra	May 6	New-York	Liverpool.
Donau	May 6	New-York	Bremen.
Cella	May 8	New-York	London.
City of Baltimore	May 8	New-York	Liverpool.
Columbia	May 8	New-York	Glasgow.
FOR HAVANA AND VERA CRUZ.			
Columbia	May 6	New-York	Havana.
City of Mexico	May 8	New-York	Vera Cruz.

Departure of Foreign Mails.

WEDNESDAY.

Mails for Europe, *via* Liverpool, by the *Siberia*, close at the General Post Office at 11 A. M. Supplementary mail for *paid* letters on the Pier, Jersey City, to 12:30 P. M.

Closing of Domestic Mails.

North, Poughkeepsie Way	5 A. M.; 4 P. M.
North, through *via* H. R. R. R. and New-York Central	5 A. M.; 4, 9:15 P. M.
North Way, *via* Harlem R. R., Chatham Four Corners	5 A. M.
East, *via* New-Haven	5 A. M.; 1:30, 6 P. M.
East, *via* Newport	4 P. M.
East, New-Haven Way	5 A. M.; 2:30 P. M.
East, Fall River, rail	6 P. M.
South, Through	5 A. M.; 7:30 P. M.
Philadelphia Way	5 A. M.; 4:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Harrisburg, Pittsburg, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Louisville, Indianapolis, Columbus, Chicago, St. Paul, St. Joseph, Salt Lake and Denver	7 A. M.; 6:30 P. M.
West Mail, through to Cleveland, Toledo, and by A. & G. Western R. R. to Franklin and Meadville, Penn., &c.	5 A. M.; 4 P. M.

NEWS PACKAGES FOR THE PRESS.

Captains and pursers of vessels arriving at this port are requested to deliver packages addressed to the New-York Associated Press, only to parties exhibiting the written authority of J. W. Simonton, General Agent.

News packages for the *Journal of Commerce, Times, Tribune, World, Sun, Express, Evening Post, Commercial Advertiser, Staats Zeitung, New-Yorker Journal* and *New-Yorker Demokrat*, should also be delivered only to the same parties.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises..... 4 54 | Sun sets...... 7 00 | Moon rises. 2 11

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook. 3 13 | Gov. Island. 4 02 | Hell Gate.. 5 24

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....TUESDAY, May 4.

Cleared.

Steamships Niagara, Blakeman, Norfolk, City Point and Richmond, N. L. McCready; Alida, Clark, St. John, N. B.; Virgo, Bulkley, Savannah, Murray, Ferris & Co.; Neptune, Baker, Boston; Mary Sandford, Moore, Wilmington, J. Hand; Volunteer, Jones, Wilmington, J. Lorillard.

Arrived.

Steamship Scotia, (Br.,) Judkins, Liverpool April 24, and Queenstown 25th, with mdse. and 162 passengers to E. Cunard. April 28, lat. 49 4, lon. 33 10, passed steamship Australasian, hence for Liverpool. May 2, lat. 43 33, lon. 56 56, passed ship Calesta Haws, bound E. Same date, lat. 42 20, lon. 60 32, passed an American paddle-wheel steamer, bound W. May 3, lat. 41 26, lon. 66 4, passed bark Augustine Kobbe, of Searsport, steering N.

Steamship De Soto, Eaton, New-Orleans April 24, via Havana 27th, and Norfolk May 3, with mdse. and passengers to Livingston, Fox & Co.

Steamship Cimbria, (N. G.,) Haack, Hamburg April 21, via Havre 24th, with mdse. and passengers to Kunhardt & Co.

Steamship San Salvador, Nickerson, Savannah, with mdse. and passengers to Wm. R. Garrison.

Steamship Saratoga, Alexander, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steamship Co.

Steamship Fairbanks, Hunter, Wilmington, N. C., with naval stores to James Hand.

Brig Rocky Glen, (of Newport, R. I.,) Dorr, Cardenas April 21, via Hampton Roads May 1, with molasses to Dana Bros.—vessel to master.

Brig John Armstrong, Lange, of and from St. Kitts 12 ds., with molasses to Jones & Lough.

Schr. Grand Master, (of La Have, N. S.,) Seaboyer, Ponce, P. R., April 12, via Nassau April 24, with sugar to Maitland, Phelps & Co.—vessel to H. J. De Wolf & Co. April 17, lat. 24 30, lon. 69 46, experienced a heavy N. E. gale, lasting 24 hours, during which sprung both spars, jibboom, &c. Put into Nassau April 20 for repairs. April 30, W. Palmer, seaman, of La Have, N. S., was lost overboard in an easterly gale.

Schr. Commerce, (of Newburyport,) Evans, Baracoa 9 ds., with fruit to Dollner, Potter & Co.—vessel to B. J. Wenberg.

Schr. Tampico, Lombard, Tampico 22 ds., with skins, fustic, &c., to Bruguiere & Thebaud. Has been 5 ds. N. of Hatteras, with strong easterly gales.

Schr. Western Star, (of Barnstable,) Crowell, Cardenas 10 ds., with sugar and melado to master. Has been 5 ds. N. of Hatteras, with strong variable winds.

Schr. James Warren, (of Madison, Me.,) Drisko, Point-a-Pitre, Guad., 13 ds., with sugar and molasses to Snow & Richardson.

Schr. A. D. Scull, Scull, Satilla River, Ga., 8 ds., with lumber to Wilder & Sons.

Schr. Meteor, Herberg, Norfolk, Va., 3 ds., with mdse. to C. Ludmann & Co. The M. brings part of the cargo of the schr. Wanderer, wrecked on Cape Henry.

Schr. Minnie, Smith, Jacksonville 8 ds., with lumber to N. L. McCready & Co.

Schr. C. A. Johnson, Willis, Washington, N. C., 4 ds., with naval stores to W. R. Hinman.

Schr. Constitution, Smith, Jacksonville 9 ds., with lumber to Jonas Smith & Co.

Schr. M. A. Coombs, Coombs, Savannah 8 ds., with lumber to S. C. Loud & Co.

Schr. Lamartine, Butler, Philadelphia, for New-Bedford.

Schr. J. T. Boyd, Robbins, Maryland, for New-Haven.

Schr. Connecticut, Pendleton, Elizabethport, for Newburyport.

Schr. Nicanor, Gandy, Elizabethport, for Providence.

Schr. P. F. Brady, Dill, Elizabethport, for New-Haven.

Schr. Henry A. Deming, Boardman, Elizabethport, for Norwich.

Schr. Catharine, Davis, Port Johnson, for Boston.
Schr. Avon, Park, Elizabethport, for Boston.
Schr. Jennie A. Sheppard, Van Cleaf, Alexandria.
Schr. Maria Pierson, Grant, Alexandria.
Schr. John J. Ward, Inman, Alexandria.
Schr. S. T. Wines, Hulse, Georgetown.
Schr. Two Marys, Willis, Virginia.
Schr. Asa Eldridge, Hickman, Virginia.
Schr. M. W. Griffin, Griffin, Virginia.
Schr. Dwight Davidson, Smith, Virginia.
Schr. D. S. Miller, Mills, Virginia.
Schr. Henry T. Wood, Curies, Virginia.
Schr. Brandywine, Ridor, Virginia.
Schr. D. E. Sawyer, Soper, Virginia.
Schr. John Collins, Cox, Virginia.
Schr. Winfield Scott, Willey, Virginia.
Schr. John Howard, Doxsee, Virginia.
Schr. D. B. Martin, Peterson, Virginia.
Schr. Forest Home, Thorne, Virginia.
Schr. R. C. Burbank, Holscomb, Virginia.
Schr. Uriah & Tabitha, Gibson, Virginia.
Schr. Wm. Henry, Mahady, Virginia.
Schr. John G. Ferris, Hart, Virginia.

WIND—At sunset, N. W., clear.

Sailed.

Steamships City of Machester, for Liverpool via Halifax; Germania, for Hamburg; Virgo, for Savannah; Mary Sandford, for Wilmington. Ships Pactolus, for San Francisco; Emerald Isle, for Liverpool; Arlington, for St. John, N. B,

By Telegraph.

BOSTON, May 3—Arr. steamer Blackstone, from New-Orleans; brigs Max, from Shields; Annie, from Ponce; barks St. Dominique, from Jamaica; J. M. Churchill, from Sagua; Eliza Ann, from Pictou.

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 4—Sld. schrs. W. H. Clear, for Bahama; Minerva, Havana.

FORTRESS MONROE, May 4—Passed in, brig Alice, from Porto Rico.

Passed out, barks Amazon, for Brazil; Edward Fox, Bremen; J. Steele, Rotterdam; brigs Eclipse, Halifax; Chance, Rio Grande and Festina; Larto, Falmouth; schr. St. Hubert, Halifax.

SAVANNAH, May 4—Arr. steamships North Point, from Baltimore; Wyoming, Philadelphia; Huntsville and San Jacinto, New-York; schr. Ida Richardson, Charleston.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 4—Arr. steamers Gary, from Baltimore; Pioneer, Philadelphia.

Miscellaneous.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., May 4.—The schr. S. T. Russell, Captain Jeremiah Smith, from Philadelphia for Boston, came on shore on Quogue Beach this morning.

BOSTON, May 4.—The schr. Dirigo, of Boston, from Philadelphia for Bath, reports during the recent gale lost maintopmast and split fore and main sails, also sprung a leak, and the pumps breaking down, she could not be kept free of water. She was fallen in with on the 3d inst., 50 miles from Thatcher's Island by the schr. Northerner, of Gloucester, and was assisted into port. When fallen in with she had 7 feet of water in her hold.

The schr. Zicavo, from Elizabethport for Boston, with coal, put into Provincetown on the 3d inst., with loss of sails, boat and deck-load. She will repair and proceed.

Spoken, &c.

Henry Le Blanc—schr., steering N., May 2, lat. 37 24, lon. 74 42.

Foreign Ports.

At Baracoa, April 24, schr. Theron J. Dale, to sail next day for New-York; schr. M. T. Pike, for do. in 2 ds.; schr. Racehorse, for do. in 5 ds.; schr. Crown Point, for do. in 6 ds., and schrs. E. A. de Hart and Louisa White, for do. in 10 ds.

At Tampico, April 12, brig Constancia, (Mex.,) to sail for New-York April 12; schr. Anna C. Leverett, for do. May 1; schr. Horatio Nichols arrived from New-York April 12.

REMOVAL.
V. J. MAGNIN, GUEDIN & CO.
beg to announce that they have removed their place of business from No. 2 Maiden-lane to
652 BROADWAY
(between Bleecker and Bond sts., and offer, from their Spring importations, a complete and elegant assortment of their specialties in
WATCHES,
HORSE-TIMERS,
JEWELRY,
CLOCKS, BRONZES,
MUSICAL BOXES AND
FANCY GOODS.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE
NARDIN WATCH.

GAS FIXTURES.
We are selling our entire Stock of Solid Bronze Gas Fixtures at less than the actual cost of manufacture.
BALL, BLACK & CO.,
NOS. 565 AND 567 BROADWAY.

SAPOLIO.

ENTIRE NEW STOCK OF
FURNITURE,
AT REDUCED PRICES, CONSISTING OF
PARLOR, DINING-ROOM AND CHAMBER SUITES,
AT
F. KRUTINA'S
MANUFACTORY AND WAREROOMS,
Nos. 96 and 98 East Houston-st.,
All goods warranted. Between Bowery and 2d-av.

WHERE?
WHERE SHOULD YOU GO FOR YOUR
HOUSE FURNISHING,
China, Glass, Silver-plated Ware, Table Cutlery, Cooking Utensils, Refrigerators, &c.,
BUT TO
BASSFORD'S,
COOPER INSTITUTE?
THE BEST PLACE IN NEW-YORK TO GO.
EVERYBODY GOES THERE.

LACE CURTAINS.
New Spring styles for 1869, made after our own designs, and imported by no other house in America. NOTTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS. Over one hundred different patterns, many of them now first introduced in this market.
Curtain Materials and Furniture Coverings of Brocatel, Rep, Terry, Damask, &c. Curtains and Lambrekins made to order.
Manufacturers of Tassels, Cords, Gimps, Fringes and Trimmings. Window shades of all kinds on hand and made to order, wholesale or retail.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY & CO.,
No. 447 Broadway, between Howard and Grand sts.
FURNITURE STORE, No. 661 Broadway.

Musical Boxes
The largest and oldest depot in America. Fresh novelties by nearly every steamer. Fine supply of fancy goods. Swiss carved goods. Fine gold and silver watches.
M. J. PAILLARD & CO.,
No. 680 Broadway, New-York.

BEEBE'S RANGES
The best cooking apparatus for family use; durable, economical, and sure bakers. Made, put up and warranted by JAMES, KIRTLAND & CO.,
Corner Reade, Centre and Elm sts.

THOMAS R. AGNEW,
260 GREENWICH-ST., NEW-YORK,
Is offering daily, CHEAP FOR CASH, in quantities to suit everybody, TEAS, COFFEES, SUGARS, SPICES, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, BUTTER, CHEESE, LARD, HAMS, MACKEREL, FOREIGN FRUITS, FLOUR, choicest brands in market. One price house.

THE DEXTER CIRCULAR.
This wonderful new method is warranted to increase the speed of any horse or colt in thirty minutes, or the money refunded. Price only $1. Postage free. Two thousand references.
PIERRE D. VAN HOESEN,
No. 67 South-st., New-York, or
Post Office Box No. 6,033.

SILVER WARE.
TIFFANY & CO., THE ONLY RETAIL HOUSE manufacturing their own silver ware, call attention to their present large and fresh stock, to which they are daily receiving additions of
STERLING SILVER TEA SERVICES,
URNS, TEA-KETTLES, FRUIT-BOWLS, &C.,
DINNER SERVICES, TUREENS, DISHES,
EPERGNES, WINE-COOLERS, &C.,
TABLE ARTICLES, FORKS,
SPOONS, LADLES, &C.,
with a great variety of fancy articles in cases for
WEDDING PRESENTS,
PRESENTATION SERVICES.
SPECIAL ARTICLES made to order. Designs and estimates furnished.
TIFFANY & CO.,
NO. 550 AND 552 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK.

SAPOLIO.

STARR & MARCUS,
No. 22 John-St., Up Stairs,
OFFER AN UNEQUALED ASSORTMENT OF THE
Gorham Mf'g Company
STERLING SILVER WARE
Comprising all their newest and most desirable patterns in Dinner, Tea, and Dessert Services, as well as Table Silver of endless variety. The experience of forty years as practical silversmiths has won for the goods of their manufacture a REPUTATION UNAPPROACHED BY ANY OTHER HOUSE.
The Gorham factory is the most EXTENSIVE and COMPLETE IN THE WORLD, possessing all the newest and most ingenious labor-saving machinery, and employing hundreds of hands, skilled in designing, modeling, and finishing, thereby PRODUCING IN LARGE QUANTITIES, ON THE MOST ECONOMICAL BASIS, goods, beautiful in design, and of unsurpassed finish, which are guaranteed of sterling purity by United States Mint Assay.
A complete assortment of Gorham Electro-Plate on Nickel Silver, at prices established by the Company.

Great Reduction in Prices.
CHICKERING & SONS'
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS.
We this day issue a NEW CATALOGUE, in which we print our VERY LOWEST PRICES, and from which we make no DISCOUNTS OR DEVIATION whatever.
Our object is to furnish to our Patrons THE VERY BEST PIANOS which can be manufactured, and at the VERY LOWEST PRICES which will yield us a fair remuneration.
Rosewood 7-octave Square Pianos,
Agraffe Bridge, Carved Legs,
and all Modern Improvements,
at Prices from $475 to $600.
It will be our aim, as it has been during the past FORTY-SEVEN YEARS, to make the VERY BEST POSSIBLE INSTRUMENTS in every respect. Our rules are: NEVER TO SACRIFICE QUALITY OF WORK DONE TO ECONOMY OF MANUFACTURE.
Rosewood 7 1-3-octave Grand Pianos:
from our latest and best scales,
from $1,050 to $1,200.
OUR PRICES are set as LOW as they possibly can be to insure the MOST PERFECT WORKMANSHIP, and the VERY BEST QUALITY OF MATERIALS used in every branch of the business.
EVERY PIANO MADE BY US IS FULLY WARRANTED, and satisfaction guaranteed to the purchaser.
CHICKERING & SONS,
11 East 14th-st., New-York. 246 Washington-st., Boston.

J. M. VARIAN & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO F. B. BALDWIN,)
Nos. 70 AND 72 BOWERY,
NEAR CANAL-ST.
YOUTHS', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S
CLOTHING.
YOUTHS' FRENCH WALKING SUITS
YOUTHS' BUSINESS SUITS
BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS
BOYS' DRESS SUITS
CHILDREN'S GARIBALDI SUITS
CHILDREN'S BISMARCK SUITS
CHILDREN'S BOULEVARD SUITS
CHILDREN'S CENT'L PARK SUITS
CHILDREN'S FRANKLIN SUITS
SATISFACTION GIVEN OR MONEY RETURNED.

SAPOLIO.

NEW FURNITURE STORE,
NO. 661 BROADWAY, NEAR AMITY-ST.
Wholesale or retail. An IMMENSE STOCK of first-class furniture at low prices on exhibition and for sale in five large show rooms, front and rear of No. 661 Broadway.
N. B.—Dealers will here find an assortment of frames not upholstered, in muslin or completely finished, and warranted as represented.
G. L. & J. B. KELTY & CO.

70,000 CURES OF DYSPEPSIA, PHTHISIS, CONSUMPTION, DIARRHŒA, BILIOUS, LIVER, AND NERVOUS DISORDERS, BY DU BARRY'S DELICIOUS FOOD
REVALENTA
which saves fifty times its cost in medicines. Copies of cures may be had gratis.
In tins, one pound, $1 25; two pounds, $2 25; twenty-four pounds, $18.
Also, the REVALENTA CHOCOLATE, in packets, $1 50.
DU BARRY & CO., No. 163 William-st., N. Y. BROWN, No. 685 Broadway, and all grocers in town and country.

AITKEN & MILLER,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
Broadway, Cor. 18th-st.
Our Lace Department is now complete with a rich stock of
BLACK THREAD LACES,
POINT AND APPLIQUE LACES,
REAL LACE COLLARS, BARBES,
HANDKERCHIEFS, SETS, &C.
Also an entire new line of
HAMBURG AND REAL EMBROIDERIES.

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS.
KENTUCKY—EXTRA CLASS No. 309, May 4, 1869.
44, 7, 46, 32, 60, 56, 20, 18, 53, 23, 11, 27, 69.
KENTUCKY—CLASS No. 310, May 4, 1869.
34, 28, 61, 54, 19, 49, 61, 47, 59, 9, 7, 53, 5, 1.
MISSOURI—EXTRA CLASS No. 333, May 4, 1869.
41, 12, 33, 34, 42, 65, 29, 72, 44, 53, 25, 75, 31.
MISSOURI—CLASS No. 334, May 4, 1869.
15, 19, 40, 16, 4, 47, 9, 7, 33, 67, 52, 44, 43, 58.
Prizes cashed in Royal Havana and the above lotteries. Circulars sent free. Information furnished.
JOSEPH BATES & CO., No. 11 Wall-st.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY OF CUBA.—Prizes paid in gold, information furnished, highest rates paid for doubloons and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., bankers, No. 16 Wall-st., New-York.